

ABUNDOMY

**INTAMBWE ZA SYSTEM
AMAFARANGA KUBA
INYANGAMUGAYO**

INTEGO

*Abantu Miliyari 2 Kuri
soma ibi mbere ya 2030*

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SHAKA ITSINDA RYA WHATSAPP



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A Incamake

Mu gitabo Abundomy wasomye uburyo ikiremhamuntu cyayobajwe imyaka amagana, ukizera ko gahunda yimari itabogamye kuri buri muntu. Twaremewe kwizera ko sisitemu zacu zikurikiza Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Ubugenzuzira bwa Muntu kandi ko buri muntu yavutse afite uburenganzira bungana. Byaragaragaye ubu, ko ibyo ari ibinyoma: Abantu bamwe ntibashyamba kandi bemerewe gushora amafaranga mu kirere cyoroshya, bakayitunga, kandi bagakoresha imiryango nka Loni, IMF na Banki y'Isi kugira ngo bayitange mu bihugu, bahatira ibyo bihugu kwesa imihigo no gutakaza imisoro n'umusoro n'umutungo kamere.

Kuberako iyi sisitemu yimari yuburiganya irimo gusenya, ba nyirubwite noneho bagaragaza kuyisimbuza sisitemu nshya ishobora gusobanurwa neza nka "Abakomunisi 2.0". Sisitemu yigitugu yongerewe imbaraga hamwe nubugenzuzi bwuzuye bwa digitale, ukoresheje ID ID hamwe na digitale y'ibibwira-kashe ukoresheje CBDC na AI. Sisitemu ya dystopiya aho ba nyirayo bahisha bagumana umutungo wabo wuzuye wakusanyirijwe hamwe ukoresheje ibinyejana byinshi byo gutinya ubwoba, amacakubiri, gucengeza, intambara, ruswa nigitugu cyubuvuzi.

Nkuko uburiganya aribwo shingiro ryimikorere yimari yacu, ikiremhamuntu gifite uburenganzira bwo kudasimbuza gusa gahunda irenganya na sisitemu yimari ikwiye, ahubwo inashyiramo gahunda yuzuye yo kubabarira imyenda. Ibi bivuze ko inguzanyo iyo ari yo yose, inguzanyo-y'imodoka, umwenda w'amakarita y'inguzanyo n'indi myenda isanzwe iri mu bigo by'imari cyangwa guverinoma bizababarirwa, bituma abantu batunga amazu yabo yose, imodoka, amasosiyete, ubutaka n'ibindi byose abantu babona ko ari ibyabo.

Aho kurwanya leta n'ibigo by'imari, igitabo cyerekana inzibacyuho yuzuye idakorerwa. Ingamba ziteganijwe ni ugukoresha imyaka itari mike kugirango igice kinini cyabatuye isi (> 20%) bumve ko twashutswe kandi Imana yacu yahaye uburenganzira bwo kureka uburetwa bwacu dushyiraho uburyo bushya. Ikintu cyose cyakuwe mu buriganya mu baturage, kizakoresheka mu kwishyura ibyangiritse. Ibisobanuro byiyi nzibacyuho hamwe niyi societe nshya isanzwe, bizategurwa kurushaho mumyaka iganisha ku nzibacyuho nyayo. Iyi myaka kandi izakoresheka mugutinda gukumamo umutungo (ukoresheje ibicuruzwa, amasoko yaho hamwe n'amafaranga ya koperative) no kwanga ubufatanye ubwo aribwo bwose bujyanye no gushyiraho abakomunisi 2.0.

Aho kuba ubukene bwa none, societe nshya isanzwe yashinze imizi kubwinshi bwumutungo kamere no guhanga abantu isi yacu itanga.

Ubundi buryo - bwitwa "Abundomy" - bushingiye ku mahame 5:

- Gukorera mu mucyo - Kubona ubumenyi kubumenyi, ubumenyi, namakuru yose;
- Amafaranga yimyatwarire - Sisitemu yifaranga itabogamye ishyigikira ubufatanye aho gukoresheka;
- Guhagarika imyenda - Intangiriro nshya kubaturage nabaturage;
- Kuba nyir'ibanze - Abaturage bayobora ubutaka bwabo, umusaruro, na serivisi;
- Uburenganzira bwa Muntu - Sisitemu yemewe ivugururwa iharanira uburenganzira bwa muntu kandi ikumira monopoliya.

Icy'ingenzi ku mafaranga mashya ni uko buri muntu agira uruhare rungana mu guhanga amafaranga, ko hashyizweho uburyo bwo gutandukana kugira ngo amafaranga atangwe buri muntu kugira ngo hirindwe ifaranga cyangwa guta agaciro kandi ko ibikorwa byose bisobanutse kuri buri wese mu bitabiriye amahugurwa, kugira ngo ruswa y'imikorere y'imari.

Umwanzuro

Abundomy igamije gushyiraho sosiyete iboneye, ikorera mu mucyo kandi yuzuye, itanga abaturage ibikoreshe bafatika kugirango bamenyeshe, bigenga, bakomeye kandi biteguye kwimukira mumuryango mushya mwiza. Umuryango aho nta muntu ukeneye gukora kugirango abeho, ariko akora gusa kugirango yigire, imiryango yabo nabaturage bishimira ubwiza nubwinshi isi itanga.

1 Intangiriro

1.1 Ibrahim Traoré

Perezida Ibrahim Traoré wa Burkina Faso yatanze ijambo ku ya 19 Gicurasi 2025. Sri Lanka Umurinzi yavuze muri make yavuze ko ijambo rye ritangaje:

Perezida Ibrahim Traoré wa Burkina Faso aherutse gutanga ijambo ryasanze muri Afurika gusa, ahubwo ni umwuka mwinshi. Yakemuye ikigega mpuzamahanga cy'imari (IMF) gifite ubuyobozi bukunze kumvikana ku bayobozi ba Afurika. Traoré yamennye amasezerano ya diplomasi avuga kubitekerezo byumusirikare numuturage washinze imizi mu rugamba rw'igihugu cye. Yibukije abari aho bavugaga ko "hari akanya mu buzima bw'igihugu, guceceka ari ubuhemu, aho kumvira buri gihe kwiyahura, kandi bikaba bikurura amaboko ko bitakiri diplomasi, ariko kwiyegurira."

Imvugo ye ntiyari itandukaniro, yasubiwemo umudipolomate w'umwuga, ariko ishyaka ryo guhamagarira ishyaka n'ubutabera, umuhamagaro wa Afurika utagishoboye kuba iperereza ry'ubukungu. Yasobanuye rwose ku bayobozi b'umwuga. Ntabwo nigeze mbona mu byumba bye aho kuba mubyumba by'inyigisho z'imikino. Ntabwo natojwe muri TechCratian.

Imbere y'ubutumwa bwe yari ukwemera gukabije kwa IMF, ikigo cyashyizeho uburyo bwo kuvura ubukungu 'mu bihugu bya Afurika bifite imyenda imyaka ibarirwa muri za mirongo. Traoré ariko, yasobanuye ibi rero-imiti yica. "Ibyo twize, ibyo twababaye ni uko imiti yawe ikunze kwica umurwayi." Amagambo ye yerekana ukuri kubabaza ibihugu byinshi bya Afrika ahura nabyo: bahabwa inguzanyo zihisha nkurukundo, ariko noneho ziruhumijwe nibisabwa kandi amasezerano ayiniza ubukungu bwabo. "Imyenda yawe igera kumwenyura, ariko basutswe mu masezerano."

Amasezerano ya IMF kubyerekeye Guteranya no kuvugurura, Trans, muribikoresho byo kuniga no kumvira. Yavuze ati: "Uravugaga ku gahato, ariko uzane ku izina ry'ivugurura. Uvugaga ivugurura, ariko icyo ushaka kuvugaga ni ukumvira byimazeyo muri laboratoire z'amahanga kandi ntibyigeze biburanishwa ku butaka bwa Afurika." Ubukorikori bw'iki gitabo cy'ibirego bugira ingaruka ku makimbirane y'ibanze-Ubukungu bw'Ubukungu: Biteganijwe ko ibihugu bya Afurika bibahiriza gutondekanya ibishushanyo mbonera bivuguruzanya kandi bakeneye.

Burkina Faso, Traoré yakomeje, ntabwo ari laboratoire kubantu nkabo. Ati: "Ntabwo turi laboratoire yawe. Ntabwo turi ubushakashatsi bwawe. Ntabwo turi abapake mumikino yawe yubukungu. Burkina Faso na Afrika yose arabyuka." Aya magambo yerekana kuruhuka gukomeye hamwe nibyahise: Ibihugu bya Afrika ntibyangongeraga kwemera ingamba za politiki zishyirwaho zashyirwaho zitesha agaciro ubusugire bwabo no - kubye neza.

Mu kwinginga byari bifite imbaraga kandi bikwiye, Traoré yasobanuye neza ko Burkina Faso atasabye imyuka cyangwa amadeni ya IMF. Ahubwo, yavuze ingorabahizi. Ati: "Ntabwo nje gusaba kuruhuka, sinje gusaba amatara. Ndaje nkubwire uko nta muyobozi wa Afurika watinyutse kuvugaga cyane." Yahise anenga politiki y'ubukungu igabanya Abanyafurika "mu gihe" baseka zahabu mu misozi y'iburengerazuba ". Iyi mvugo ngereranyo imeze muri make ibihugu bikaze yibihugu bifite ibikoresho bibisi bifite ubukene no gukata.

Perezida yanenze ibishoboka byose IMF yishyiriyemo, nk'uko abivugaga ati: "Humura ibikorwa byacu rusange, bishuka abahinzi bacu kugwa mu buhungiro". Yavuze ati: "Ntituba twemera ko tubwirwa ko imiyoborere myiza isobanura ko twohereje abatunzi mu gihugu cy'amahanga mu masosiyete yo mu mahanga amwenyura." Uku kwanga ibintu byangiza inyungu rusange ari umuhamagaro wubwoko bushya bwubufatanye - ukurikije uburinganire aho kuganduka.

Imwe mu banenga cyane mu ijambo rya Traoré ryarangaga icyaha nk "ubucakara bugezweho". Yavuze ko yemereye ati: "Reka mvuge nta euphehesm, nta binyoma bya diplomasi, nta binyoma bya diplomasi: amoko utanga Afurika ntabwo ari igikoresho cy'iterambere. Ni ikiraro kigezweho mu makoti n'amatike." Hamwe n'amagambo nk "imiterere y'imiterere", "igihano cy'imiterere" na "indero y'imari", yahinduye politiki ya IMF kuri "ibisekuruza".

Traoré yasabye kandi ikibazo kivugaga ku karengane k'ubukungu bw'isi yose: "Nigute igihugu gikize muri zahabu, Uranium, mu matungo y'ubutaka? Nigute umugabane w'isi ushobora kugaburira abana be?" Ibisubizo

byuko imbaraga zo hanze zatanga - imicungire mibi, ruswa, ubushobozi buke - bwirukanwe nko kutuzuye no kwikunda. Yavuze ati: "Nibyo, Afurika ifite ibikomere byayo. Ariko ibyinshi muri ibyo bikomere byatewe n'amaboko amwe ubu bituha amabendera azungurutse inyungu."

Ijambo rye ryazanye ibyo bibazo mu mihanda, ubuzima bwa buri muni. He sketched a lively image: "It is like children who study at the light of a lamp, because the national electricity grid is privatized and sold to foreign investors, the prices of which our people cannot afford. It looks like hospitals with broken equipment, without antibiotics, and mothers who die in childbirth because we require government bastards that we need government rule that we need government bastards that we need government bastards that we need government bastards." "" "" Abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni barangije impamyabumenyi, ariko bafite "nta kazoza". Akazi karazimiye, gukusanya imirenga cyangwa kugurishwa muri politiki yawe yo kwishyira hejuru. Kandi ibibi muri byose nuko icyubahiro kigira ingaruka.

Inyandiko y'ibirego ntibyagarukiye kuri politiki; Byari ikibazo cyimwitwarire nigitekerezo kuri IMF. Yavuze ku kwakira "miliyoni 500 z'amadolari no kwishyura miliyari 2 z'amadolari mu myaka mirongo ishize binyuze mu myaka mirongo ishize binyuze mu kuvugurura amafaranga no ku nyungu." Yanenze "igenzura ry'ifaranga n'uburyo bwo kwegurira abikorera ku bijyanye n'igihugu cyacu." Abajijwe ibijyanye no gutsindishirizwa, yavuze ko ayo masezerano yasinywe ", ariko arabaza ati: "Hariho ubwumvikane iyo abahanga bateka kandi ni wowe wenyine ufite imiti?"

Ibi, yashoje agira amahitamo, ariko "agahato k'ubukungu. Ntabwo ari iterambere. Ibi ni ubutware. Ibi ntabwo ari umwirondoro."

Nubwo uburemere bw'ibyo birego, ijambo rya Traoré naryo ryari itangazo ryo kubyuka. Ati: "Twebwe mu gisekuru gishya cy'abayobozi ba Afurika, ntikibona impumyi. Ntabwo dushimira ibisigisiwe kumeza yubatswe nakazi kacu." Yanze politiki "byiba ubukungu bwacu mu izina ry'ibikorwa" kandi yanga guhana ubusugire bwacu ku mafaranga ashira mu maboko y'abajyanama, hanyuma agasubira mubana bacu n'urubiyiruko nk'ikindi. "

Ubutumwa bwe kuri Imf bwari busobanutse kandi butuje, ariko bwiyeze: "Tuzaba umutegets, nubwo bivuze ko dukunda. Nubwo ibyo bivuze ko ari umubabaro, ariko mu gihe kirekire." Ibi ni iyerekwa ryo kwitegura - Umuteranya ryanze guhura nigitutu cyo hanze.

Traoré yerekeje mu buryo bwagutse ku isi yose kandi avugaga ko IMF ari igice cy'ubwumvikane bwagutse bwo gukomeza kuganduka muri Afurika. Ati: "Ikibazo ntabwo ari imf gusa. Ni ubwubatsi bwose, amategeko y'ubucuruzi, imari, inguzanyo n'imbaraga z'isi bigamije kubika Afurika mu mwanya wa kabiri."

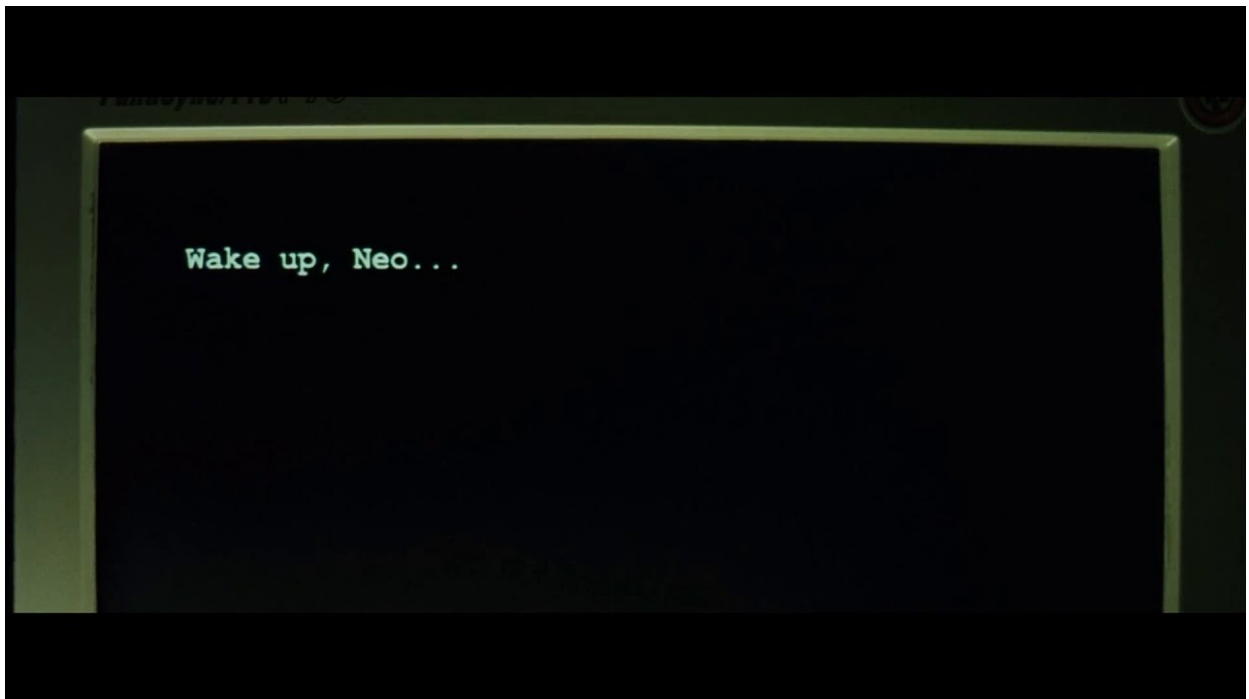
Yavuze ku busobanuro bw'umugabane hamwe na "60% by'akarere k'ubuhinzi ku isi" ibyo bitumiza ibiryo. Yerekanye kwivugurura ngo "kwicara kuri diyama, zahabu, amavuta na lithium" kandi aracyakenera ubufasha bw'amahanga. Ati: "Kubera ko umukino utigeze urenganura".

Uruhare rwa Afurika, yabisobanuye, rwagarukiye gusa ku "byohereza ibicuruzwa mu mahanga, atari kubashimisha inganda". Sisitemu yemerera "uruhare mubukungu bwisi yose nkuko abakinnyi mubikorwa bibabaje". Kugerageza gukuraho amategeko atumira ibihano: "Ibigo by'inguzanyo bivunagura inyungu zacu. Lobbitiyal lobbitimoni ibangamiye ibihano. Tech Ibihangange bya Tech bisunika ishoramari nibitangazamakuru byabo ntibihungabana."

Nubwo bimeze bityo ariko, Tranée yashimangiye uburyarya bwisi ishinja Afurika guhungabana, ariko ntabwo itanga inkunga nyayo. "Mbega ukuntu biteye ubwoba kuruta isi aho umugabane wa miliyari 1.4 byibuze agira uruhare mu mihindagurikire y'ikire, ariko ababura cyane?" Yibajije.

Yemeje ko yinginga ubutabera, atari ku bw'urukundo: "Afurika ntabwo isaba impuhwe. Turasaba ubutabera, ntabwo dusaba ubutabera, atari kubwurukundo, ntabwo ari amahirwe angana." Yerekeje ku mutungo w'abayobozi bakomeye b'Abanyafurika kandi yagize ati: "Ntabwo twageze kure ngo tubeho. Twaje gutsinda, kandi ntizongera gutegereza uruhushya rwo kubikora."

Ibyabaye kuri Burkina Faso ntibyabaye gusa mu gihugu cya Afurika gusa. Byabaye kandi kuri buri gihugu cyiburengerazuba, harimo na Amerika. Kandi ntibibaho gusa kubutaka. Bibaho kuri buri sosiyete nabantu kugiti cyabo. Amadeni ni igikoresho gikoreshwa nabantu tutemerewe kumenya. Ibyo uzi byose nuko abanyapolitiki nibigo byimari bidakorera abantu. Urabizi kuko ukora nkumucakara muri societe aho ibintu byose biba ibimenyetso. Urumva umutego kandi uzi ikintu kibi. Ntabwo uzi neza icyo aricyo.



Nkuko Ibrahim Tooré yabonye ko igihugu cye gifite umutungo kamere, kandi arabona kandi ko aya ami akiribwa. Yibwira ko bibwe n'amasosiyete yo mu mahanga bugirira abantu ibyo bihugu. Ariko ayo ni amayeri. Ibigo ntaho biri mumaboko yabantu basanzwe. Nta nyungu zisanzwe zo muri Amerika, Umunyaburayi cyangwa Umushinwa kuva mubujura bwibikoreshe bya nyafurika. Ubutunzi nyabwo ntibwa no ku bakire 1%.

Mubyukuri, ubutunzi bwose bujya kubatsinze nyabwo bwintambara nini cyane mumyaka ibihumbi ishize. Abatsinze bakomeje kubahishwa mu binyejana baraduseka, kuko badushutse igihe n'igihe ...

1.2 Gucengeza

Mu gihugu cyanyije kavukire (Ubuholandi) twizihiza isabukuru ya sinterklaas. Ni imigenzo ya kera aho tugaragariza icyubahiro Nicolaas, Umurinzi Mutagatifu wabaga mu Bugereki kuva mu Bugereki guhera 343. Abadage bimukira bafashe imigenzo ya Amsterdam wo mu kinyejana cya 17 (Umunsi wa New York). Umuvugho w'Abanyamerika "Uruzinduko rwa Nicholas" mu 1823, wanditswe n'umwanditsi utazwi, usobanura uburyo ari iclaas yageze mu rugo rw'umwanditsi kuri Noheri muri SLD, ashushanyijeho impingo. Umuvugho washyizeho urufatiro rw'amashusho agezweho ya Santa Claus (Santa Claus) kandi ashimangira ishyirahamwe hagati ya Santa Claus na Noheri. Nyuma yigihe, iri tsinda ryakomeje kandi rishimangirwa nijwi, radiyo, televiziyo, ibitabo byabana, imigenzo yumuryango, firime no kwamamaza.

Mu 1931 Coca-cola yatangiye kwamamaza Santa Heus. Hamwe nibyo, Santa yahindutse mubishushanyo bitandukaniye, umuco yo gutanga no gutanga impano. Iyi mpinduka yashakaga kuvuga ko yemeye ko yewe mu buryo bwera bwo gukora ikimenyetso gihuza umuryango utandukanye, uhuza imigenzo y'Abadage n'imigenzo igezweho, kugira ngo ifitanye isano n'ahantu n'impano, aho kuba ari Tingma y'idini. Nkigisubizo, Noheri yahinduwe ibirori byo gukoresha, ni intangarugero kubitekerezo bibi societe yacu yatwaye nigihe iki gitabo kivuga. Ariko, ntabwo ingingo nshaka kubanza gukora.



Ikintu cyingenzi cya ferterklaas ni uko - nkumwana - watangajwe kuva nkivuka kuburyo SirterKlaas "ibaho". Nkumwana umukunda - kuko azanyenira impano buri mwaka, cyane cyane mbere yuko agenda muri Espagne ku ya 6 Ukuboza ku ya 6 Ukuboza. Nkumwana, uwiga kandi kumutinya. Ababyeyi babwira abana babo ko ibitaza byose - "jyate ari umuswa". Iha ababyeyi bogeyman cyane gutera ubwoba abana no kubikomeza kumurongo wumwaka wose.

Mugihe umwana akimara imyaka 7, itangira kumenya ko kudapfa kwa ferterklas bidasanzwe, kandi ko inshingano ye nubutunzi bwe no gutanga ibyo biremwa byose, burenze imbibi zibiboneka. Umwana akimara gutangira "gukanguka", ababyeyi bagomba kubona igihe gikwiye cyo kuvugisha ukuri mbere yuko umwana awumva umwe mu ncuti ze.

Ubusanzwe ababyeyi batinya umwana mugihe bahatiwe guturika ibitagenda neza byabana babo, kuko ibi bishobora kubaha ihahamuka. Iyo umwana amenye ko ababyeyi be bababaye abanyamubabaza, batarasubije no gutera ubwoba hamwe n'umugabo we, birashobora guteza ibibazo nyabyo.

Nkumwana usanzwe urenga vuba vuba, cyane cyane iyo ubonye ko Bogeyman yagiye mugihe impano zisubizwa umwaka ukurikira. Nyamara hari inkovu nto y'amarangamutima. Nigute ushobora kuba umuswa kugirango wemere amateka nkaya? Numwana wawe wa mbere nintangiriro yuburyo bwa psychosek psychose, aho ubona abantu bose bavuga inkuru zimwe.

Ikintu kimwe kibaho kurwego runini cyane hamwe nigitekerezo cyubukungu bwacu. Mugihe umaze gukura, urumva inkuru nyinshi kuri yo. Inkuru ziturutse ku babyeyi bawe, umuryango wawe, inshuti z'ababyeyi bawe n'abigisha bawe, kandi inkuru ziturutse mu binyamakuru, abayobozi ba leta, abashinzwe umutekano, abanyamabanki, ibitabo, film hamwe na firime nyinshi. Inkuru zerekeye uburyo societe nubukungu bigomba gukora. Inkuru zerekeye impamvu ugomba gukora akazi kawe, uburyo bwo kwitwara nuburyo ushobora gutsinda.

Amateka

Hariho ukuri kwingenzi: "Amateka yanditswe n'abatsinze." Tekereza ko watsindiye intambara nyinshi zingenzi. Intambara zagushoboje gutsinda isi yose. Kugirango ubone umukire warambuye hejuru yinyanja ndwi. Ko watanze ubutunzi udashobora gutekereza. Ni ubuhe buryo bukomeye bwawe?

Impungenge zawe zaba ukubungabunga umwana wawe. No kubungabunga umwana wawe, ushobora gukoresha miliyari kumadorari kubyo ushaka byose.

Sinzi uko biri kumwe nawe, ariko iyo nza kuba imibereho myiza yo gukoresha amafaranga menshi mu kubakwa intwari nka miliyari kugira ngo nkoreshe ingamba nziza n'umuntu wese ushobora kandi ugomba kugurwa. Nanjye namenya amateka nyayo nubumenyi rusange bwimibereho nkimwe muri bake. Amateka yisumbuye mu bintu n'ibisaza.

Iyo nza kuba umuntu nkuwo kandi nagera kuri uwo mwana, nakora ibishoboka byose kugirango nemeze uko nshobora gukomeza umwana wanjye nuburyo nshobora gushiraho uburyo bwo guca intege umwanzi. Umwanzi uri mu ihame hafi ya bose ku isi. Kugeza ubu birasobanutse ko tuba muri sisitemu nkiyi.

Wowe, twe - kandi mubyukuri abantu bose - ni umwanzi w'abatsinze. Ntagushidikanya ko abatsinze babaye imbaraga kandi ko bakomeye kuruta mbere hose. Ubu birasa nkaho bakomeye kuburyo badatinya kureka imigambi yabo isohoka mu gicucu. Ahantu hose tubona ibimenyetso byerekana ko abatsinze bakora ibintu byose mububasha bwabo bwo kudushyira mubikorwa byigihangano byigihangano, abamukomunisiti.

"Ufite ibimenyetso bifatika byo kwerekana ibi byose?" Urashobora kubaza. Igisubizo cyanyije ni "oya". Niba utekereza isi igengwa nimibereho igengwa ninshimishije, ushobora gutekereza, bisa nkaho byoroshye logique, kugirango mubyukuri ntakindi kintu cyo kwerekana abo aribo. Birasobanutse neza abatsinze nyabyo bafite byose kugirango bagume bihishe rwose.



Abatsinze ntabwo ari amazu yumwami, abahemionaires, abanyapolitiki cyangwa abanyagitugu tuzi - kubwanjye. Izi mibare ikomeye ishyizwe gusa imbere kugirango itume twizera ko ubutunzi bwabo, ubushobozi bwabo nubururu butunganijwe bitera imibabaro yacu. Nta n'umwe muri aba bantu, wasangaga wishimye, kandi rwose ntusa n'ubwenge. Bazi ibirenze ibyo kubikora? Birashoboka gato. Ariko bazi neza abatsinze aribo? Birashoboka ko atari byo!

Birasa nkaho bidashoboka kuri nyje ko umwirondoro wabatsinze nyazo uzaduhishurira. Mugihe utangiye kwakira no kumva ko dushingiye kubuzima bwacu dushingiye kubinyoma byinshi, uzumva ubuhemu bumwe nkigihe ababyeyi bawe bagombaga kwemera ko SirterKlaas itabaho. Ukimara kubona ibyo binyoma byose, nawe uzibaza ibindi bintu byinshi ubwira, nkubukungu, demokarasi n'amateka.

Mugihe utangiye kubona ibinyoma byose, biragaragara - ko bidashoboka - ko Umukiza azahagarara. Ntamuntu numwe uzahindura muburyo bwa sisitemu bizazamuka muri sisitemu ubwayo. Biragaragara kandi ko nta buryo bwo kurwanya uyu muhangayika utagaragara. Nta ntwaro ni ukwanga ko ushobora gukoresha kugirango usenye intego tutagira. Niba twarwanye umwe mubayobozi bacu, twahora turwanaho, kubera ko abayobozi bacu ubu atari abatsinze. Kurwana rero ntabwo ari igisubizo.



"Uburyo bukomaye bwo kurwanya imbaraga ntabwo ari guhangana, ariko kwanga. Imbaraga zitera inkunga yo kuganduka, ziteze ko twumvira. Inzira nziza cyane yo guhakana imbaraga ntabwo zuzuye imbere, ahubwo nukwambura aho bifuzwa: Uruhushya rwacu, uruhare rwacu, kumvira kwacu, kumvira. Iyo duhagaritse kugaburira sisitemu, itakaza gufata. Imbaraga zirakomeye nkuko uruhushya rubona; kubihakana kandi birashira."

1.3 Nigute Dushobora Gukora Sisitemu Nziza?

Tumaze kubona ko tudashobora gutora muriyi sisitemu kandi ko tudashobora kubirwanya. Ikibazo gisigayeho ni iki: "Twakora iki niba dushaka guhindura ubuzima bwiza kuri buri wese? Nigute dushobora guhunga ubu, sisitemu ishingiyeye ku binyoma, intambara ishingiyeye ku binyoma, intambara ishingiyeye ku binyoma, intambara, ishami rikoresheya?"

Igisubizo nuko tugomba kubanza gushaka inzira nziza yo gukora ibintu. Tugomba kubona uburyo bwiza. Uburyo bushobora gukora sisitemu iriho. Niba ubu dushobora gukora rwose - ni izihe ntambwe dufata neza kugirango dukore ubwo buryo bwiza?

Turabizi ko hari ibiryo bihagije byo kugaburira abantu bose, ibikoresho bihagije kugirango ukire abantu bose nubuhanga buhagije bwo kwigisha abantu bose. Ikibazo ni: "Nigute dushobora gushyiraho umuryango ushobora gukoresha ku buryo bwinshi mu buryo burambye no kwemeza amahoro?" Tugomba kongera kwizirikana ubukungu no gushinga imikoreshereze myinshi. Tugomba kumenya ko dushishikajwe no gutekereza ku bukungu. Uburyo dutekereza ku bukungu bwagenwe mu binyejana byagenwe n'abatsinze bitagaragara, turatekereza muburyo aba batsinze bashobora kugumana umwanya wabo. Ibyo dutekereza ko imirimo yacu mubisanzwe iturwanya. Tugomba gukora iperereza kurundi ruhande rwigiceri:

Ati: "Aho gushingira societe yacu ku kwikunda n'ubukungu n'imitungo yacu (bikaba byatumye habaho uburyo bwo kubaho bunyamaswa kandi busenya), tugomba gukora iperereza ku buryo dushobora gusangira byinshi."

Niyo mpamvu tugomba kureba ibinyuranye nibyo abahanga bagerajeje kwiga ibinyejana byinshi. Turashobora kubona neza ko "kuba ubukungu" gusa abatsinze gusa - ndetse nabantu bakoresha kugirango bakomeze iyi gahunda yintambara no kurimbuka - inyungu.

Incomera "ubukungu" igomba guhinduka siyanse nyayo. Iyo "ubukungu bwamenye - ubukungu - busa" busa naho bushingiye ku binyoma bike, guhinduranya - kwitwa "ubwicanyi nyabwo twiga uburyo dushobora gutuma abantu bose bungukirwa n'umutungo mwinshi isi itanga. Tugomba gukoresha "igishushanyo kugirango tujye" ihame aho kuba "igishushanyo cyo gusenya" uburyo dukoresha mubukungu bwubu.

1.3.1 Nta Bakomunisiti

Mbere yuko ubona "gusangira neza ibikoresho byacu byifatizo" nkaho ubundi buryo bwa gikomunisiti, ugomba kubanza kugaragara neza. Sobanukirwa ko "ubukungu" dufite ubu, aho twari dufite monopisiyo zitandukanye, twatuzaniye kunyerera mu buryo bwo kugenzura burundu amakoko ya komisitana na sisitemu y'inguzanyo. Ihuriro ry'ubukungu ku isi rivuga riti: "Ntacyo ukora kandi wishimane." World Economic Forum (WEF) Kugira bureaucrats idatoranijwe, yihariye ifite ubushobozi bwuzuye bwo gutanga amafaranga no kugabura kwayo - nkuko ubu tuzi ni ibintu nyirizina aho tubona ubwacu - ni kubisobanura. Kwinjira muri societe yemewe ya gikomunisiti nibyo rwose bigenda ubu.



Kugira umudendezo nyawo no kugera kubantu bose kubwumutungo nyawo ni ikinyuranyo cyubukomunisiti. Niba ushaka guhuza "Isme" kuri filozofiya yacu ishingiyeye ku bwinshi, ntabwo ari "Capitalism". Capital bisobanura gukunda amafaranga. Capital yemereye monopories zitandukanye zireba ubutunzi bwose, gusa itsinda rito ryabantu. Kandi mubyukuri iyi tsinda rito ryabantu bumva ko capilim apfa mu buryo bwikora vuba ahanini ubutunzi bwose bwakuwe muri societe. Bazi ko, nyuma ya Capitalism ipfuye, Ubukomunisiti niyo sisitemu yonyine ibafasha kugumana ibyo badutwaye byose. Ubu byagaragaye ko capitalism - ikomeza monopories - izarangira mubukomunisiti niba abantu batagira icyo bakora.

1.4 Ubwiza Bw'ubwinshi

“Abundanism”

Niba ushaka kurema ikirango kuri "siyanse nyinshi", iryoba yaba "Abundanism". "Abundanism" bisobanura ubwisanzure bw'ubwisanzure no kubona neza umutungo kamere.

“Abundomy”

Nkuko byavuzwe haruguru: Mwisi yinshi dukeneye guhindura "ubukungu". Ijambo "ubukungu" risobanura ko tugomba kwitonda dukoresheje amikoro make. Muri iki gitabo, ariko, tuzerekana ko ubuke arihiciwana kandi umutungo uhari cyane. Niyo mpamvu tuzasimbuza ijambo "ubukungu" hamwe nijambo "Abundomy".

Iyo dushingiye siyanse yacu ku gitekerezo cy'umutungo kamere, igomba gusobanuka neza ko nta mwanya wo kuba ubuke bw'ubukorikori. Muri sisitemu yacu twirinda ubuke ari uguharanira ko ntamuntu uhatirwa:

"Kurya udukoko, ntacyo ntuza kandi wishime."

Klaus Schwab



Kurya udukoko ntabwo ari icyerekezo. Ntabwo arikintu umuntu ashaka kumva kumuntu uvuga ko ari umuyobozi. "Kurya udukoko" nibyo umutoteza ubwira ishuri. Niba umuntu akubwiye ati: "Ntacyo uzagira. Njye n'inshuti zanjye tuzagutwara byose kandi turagusaba kwishima", urashobora kwizera udashidikanya ko ukemura ibibazo bya socielic. Umuyobozi nyawe ntiyari kubikora.

Ingingo y'ubuyobozi Inzira y'Izazara. Trané ni umuyobozi nk'uwo. Inkomoko ye nibyo. Ariko agomba kwitonda. Abandi bafatanyabikorwa nabo bagenzuwe nabatsinze bamwe. Abatsinze gutunga amabanki yo hagati, harimo n'ay'Uburusiya, Ubushinwa, Venezuwela ndetse na Irani. Aba banzi b'abaturage ntibanga ikintu icyo ari cyo cyose kandi bagakoresha ubutunzi bwose bwo ku isi ngo babuze ejo hazaza heza. Kuri njye, nta gutandukana hamwe nabagizi ba nabi bali bemewe. Gusa ejo hazaza hamwe nubusugire nyabwo hamwe namafaranga yimyitwarire - mwisi yinshi - iremewe. Ibintu byose bitarenze kimwe no kwakira gutsindwa.



Iyerekwa ryisi myinshi

2 Ingano Y'isi

2.1 Impamvu Tutumva Ubunini Bwisi

Nmaze kubona isomo ryambere ryubukungu mumashuri yisumbuye, nari niteze ko tuzatangirana nibisobanuro. Imirongo nka: Abantu bangahe mwisi? Dufite ubutaka bungana n'ubuhinzi? Ni amafaranga angahe ku isi? Ninde uhitamo mugihe amafaranga menshi akeneye gushyirwaho niba amafaranga agomba kugabanuka? Ni ubuhe bwoko bwose bw'umutungo uboneka? Ariko aho gutanga ibivugwamo, twatangiye hamwe nigicro cya elastique kirimo umurongo na gdp. Hatabayeho imiterere ntabwo yumvikana.

Imyumvire mibi twabwiwe ni uko umutungo karemano utararenga, ko ibikoresho byinshi binaniwe kandi ko ibyo kurya byangiza isi. Mbere yuko ninjira muburyo burambuye, tugomba kubanza kumva impamvu ari ngombwa cyane kubatsinze gutuma abantu bizera ko abantu bashinzwe ibinyabuzima bikabije.

A. Gutera Ingingo Za Guverinoma Yisi Yose

Abatsinze - itsinda rito ryatsindiye buri ntambara mu kinyejana cya nyuma - cyagenzuye politiki mu binyejana byinshi ku mpande zatoranijwe neza abanyapolitiki batoranijwe neza. Niba ushoboye gusunika amafaranga mubusa kandi ufite uburyo bugezweho bwo kugenzura leta zose, wowe (victoris) zirashobora kugumana amahirwe yo kwangiza amafaranga. Ukimara kuba (intsinzi) ufite ibintu byose bishoboka, hazabaho igihe, bizamanuka kubantu babona, kugirango abanyapolitiki babo batagera kubintu byose bigirira akamaro abantu. Kugira ngo abantu bizera ko abanyapolitiki bafite impamvu zifatika zo gukomeza abantu bakennye, ni ngombwa cyane gukomeza abantu ibintu bibangamiye ubuzima ubuzima bubangamiye kandi ni ngombwa kuruta kubabara abantu. Abatsinze rero barema "impamvu" zidasobanura gusa impamvu abanyapolitiki badafite ku byaha uretse kumara amafaranga y'imisoro ku bibazo bidafasha abaturage ku giti cyabo. Abaturage bagaragazwa nk'abantu bikunda, badafite ubumenyi, badatekerejweho basenya umuryango niba badakosowe na leta zabo. Twebwe wetel allemaal Welke Weldwijde Igitanyo cya Opnieuw Herden Umuryango wa Hercontrorrechtse Umuryango de SurvinRemrechtse Umuryango de Menlogrorre Umuryango wa EartwinRechTe RedonTe RedonEn Ubwenge (AI), ikibazo cyahuye na Grid y'amashanyarazi, Amagambo N'ubugizi bwa nabi butunganijwe nko gucuruza abantu, gukoresha abana nibiyobyabwenge hamwe nubucuruzi bwintwari. Igisubizo kuri ibyo bibazo buri gihe: Imisoro yo hejuru, guverinoma nyinshi, igenzura ryinshi, abapolisi benshi, ingabo nyinshi zifite intwari nyinshi, n'amafaranga make ku baturage. Niba wowe nk'umuturage ugaragaze gahunda ya gahunda ya guverinoma yawe, uzitwa ivangura ribi, iburyo-ivangura ry'iterabwoba hamwe n'ubugambanyi bw'iterabwoba. Byongeye kandi, uzakubitwa na polisi nibabona amahirwe.

B. Gutuma Abenegihugu Bemera Ko Kubona Ibikoresho Byabo Bigarukira

Ni ngombwa cyane ko wowe - nk'umuturage - menya ko ibikoresho bibisi ari bike, kuko urya byinshi, kandi ko ari ngombwa - ko wemera ubuke bwiza mu buzima bwawe. Niba ushaka gutunga imodoka, inzu cyangwa abana, ugomba kwizera ko wikunda kandi ukabangamira ibidukikije. Ntushobora kumenya impamvu uhatirwa kwakira ubuke, kuko abatsinze bagomba kugira ibintu byose biboneka kugirango amaherezo bishyireho ubukomunisiti.

C. Abatsinze Barashaka Ko Wimuka Uva Mucyaro Ujya Mumijyi

Mu mijyi, abaturage biroroshye cyane kugenzura babifashijwemo nuburyo bubiri:

- icya mbere, abatsinze bashaka kugenzura ibiryo no kunywa amazi. Abantu badakura ibiryo byabo barashobora guhatirwa gukoresha sisitemu yimari yose (nshya) - [nkinkingi](#)

yo hagati ya digitale (CBDC). Nubukorikori bwa kera muri iki gitabo, kugirango abantu batunzwe rwose na guverinoma nabagatanyo.

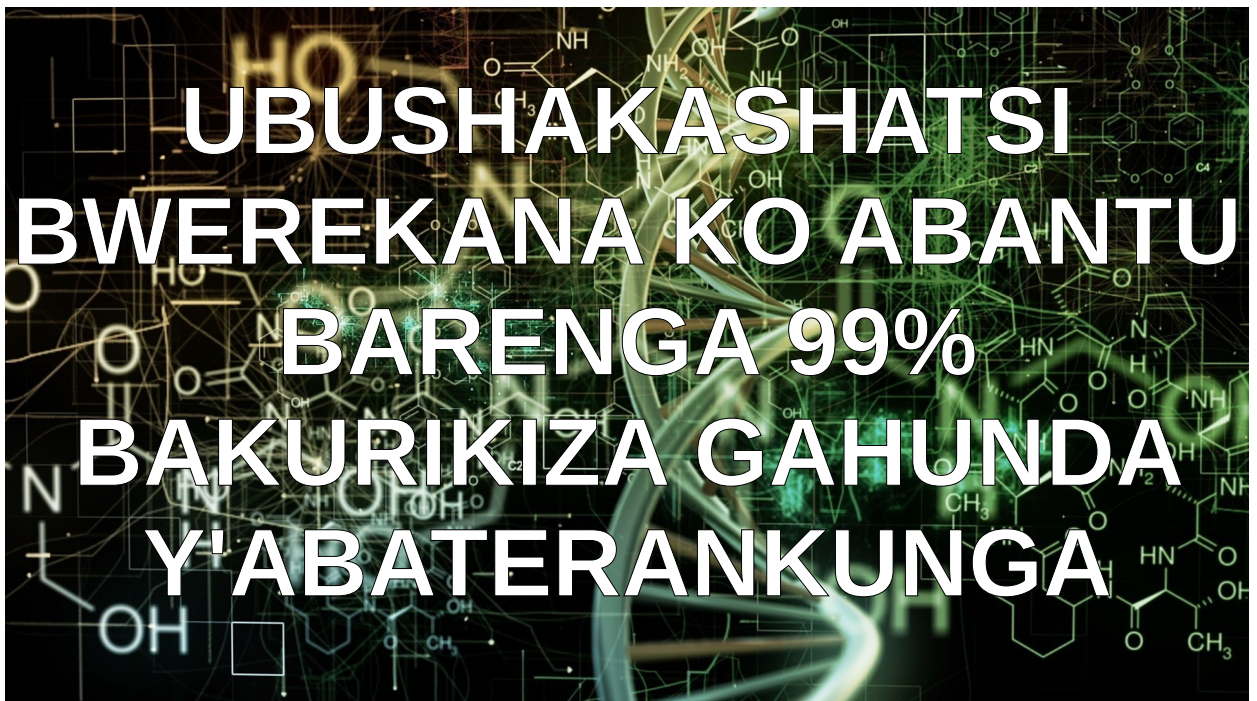
- icya kabiri, iyo uhatiwe gutura mumujyi utemerewe gukora urugendo rurenze iminota 15 uvuye murugo - leta irashobora gukurikirana byoroshye ingendo zawe, kugirango utigera ubangamira leta hamwe nabategetsi inyuma yacyo.

D. Abatsinze Bashaka Kubika Ibi dukikije Wenyine.

Niba utunze byose, ntushaka guhungabana nabandi, niba utangiye guhiga cyangwa kuroba muri kamere. Mugihe abantu benshi bashobora kubona ibidukikije gusa kuri ecran yabo, abatsinze barashobora gukoresha kajugujugu babo cyangwa yachts kugirango bishimire buri kintu cyose cya kure, cyiza. Abantu bamwe bangana cyane kurenza abandi mubukomunisiti bwabo.

Imyanda

Biragaragara impamvu abatsinze bifuzwa ko wemera ko uri impamvu yuko umubumbe uzasenywa ikiremamuntu. Birinda umuyaga. Kubera abantu benshi baba mumujyi ituwe cyane aho kamere yasenywe kandi ikanzura hamwe na parike cyangwa iminyago, abantu babona kurimbuka kwibintu bisigaye bisigaye mu mugi karemano yo mu mugi yacyo isigaye. Ibi birabyemeza ko mubyukuri bizera inkuru yerekeye abantu basenya umubumbe. Byongeye kandi, itangazamakuru rizahora twibanda kumpande zose zidukikije. Buri muni wibutswa ibintu byerekeranye nabantu banga ibidukikije no kugirira nabi inyamaswa. By'umwihariko babwirwa ko bagomba kubwira ababyeyi babo ko bagomba guhagarika ibiteye ubwoba, kamere - ingeso zigaragara no kurinda kamere yabo, kandi ko bagomba guha abana babo amahirwe abeza. Indoctrination kuriyi ngingo ni nini rwose. Birumvikana ko bazakubwira ko siyanse ivuga "imihindagurikire y'ikirere" itakiri hejuru yo kuganira.



Ikibazo abantu benshi barwara nuko birabagora cyane kubona isi bimeze, muburyo butuwe nisi cyane nuburyo bwo kwigunga cyane ibikoresho fatizo dushobora gukoresha. In addition, it is also clear that - in a world, where access to essential resources (food, water, housing, clothing, health care and information) is scarce - people have no choice but to first focus on obtaining those primary necessities before they spend time cleaning their environment. Ntabwo kandi ari impanuka ko buri gihe bisa nkaho ari ikibazo cyo kubura inkunga kuri sisitemu yo

gukusanya imyanda hamwe na sisitemu nziza. Iyo duhuye n'umwanda buri munsu, twizera ko isi yose itwikiriwe n'imyanda kandi ko ari "ibintu bisanzwe" byabantu basiga inyuma. Niba udufite igitekerezo cyubunini bwisi, kandi uhora uhura na poropagande nini kuburyo abantu "babi", birumvikana ko mubyukuri ibyo abantu bizera mubyukuri.

Kureka abantu bumva ko imbaraga zabo kuri kamere no mu kirere bidafite akamaro rwose, tugomba mbere na mbere ku buryo isi ari nini idasanzwe isi. Gusa iyo usobanukiwe nubunini ubona kubwimpande zose zidashira. Ibikoresho fatizo abantu bose bashobora gukuraho ubukene bwabo bakabafasha gukoresha igihe cyabo nubutunzi bwabo kugirango basukure ibidukikije bidatinze.

Mbere yo kuganira ku bunini bw'isi, hari iki gitekerezo: Haratumvikana, hari inyamaswa zidasanzwe zishobora kumenya no gutwara abantu. Tekereza ku njangwe, ingwe, ingagi, inzu y'ingagi, orangutans, kongengurwa n'abandi benshi. Hariho kandi ibidukikije byinshi bifite agaciro hamwe n'amashyamba yimvura cyangwa urusobe rwinshi kandi rwingenzi rwangiritse. Nta gushidikanya ko imbaraga nyinshi zigomba gukorwa kugirango urinde izo nyamaswa n'aho batuye. Ariko nubwo tubikora, umubare wumutungo kamere usigaye ni munini kuburyo umubare wabantu bafite ikintu cya 10 gishobora kwiyongera nta ngaruka zikomeye. Cyane cyane iyo dukoresheje umutungo mwinshi kugirango dusukure akajagari kacu kandi utangire hamwe nubusabane nyabwo.

2.2 Imibare Ijyanye N'ubunini Bw'isi

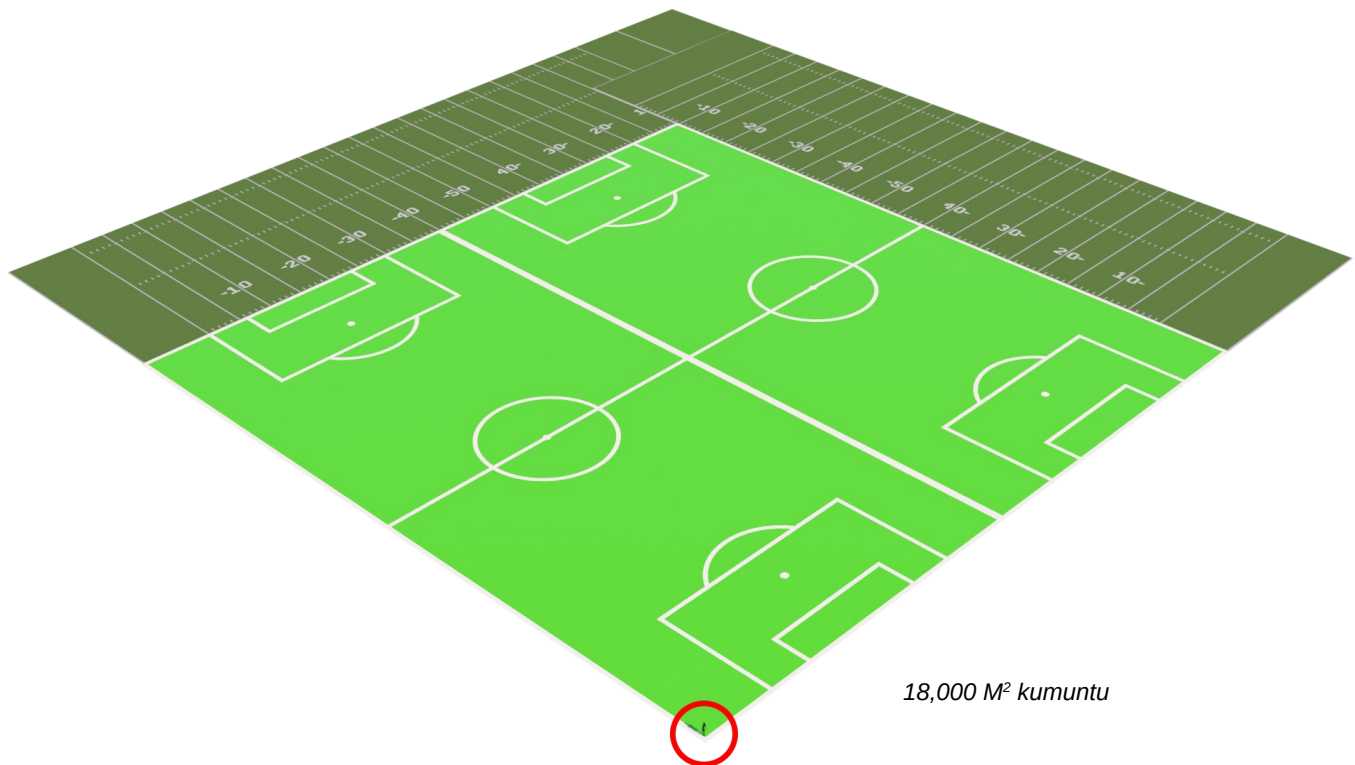
Niba twemerewe kwizera Umuryango w'abibumbye World-O-Meter, abaturage b'isi mu gihe cyo kwandika iki gitabo byaba abantu bagera kuri 8.243.000.000 kandi bakura hafi ya 0.85% ku mwaka, hamwe n'abantu bagera kuri miliyari 10.3 muri 2080. Hariho impamvu nyinshi zo kwibaza iyi mibare, kuko abatsinze bakoresha ubwiyongere bwabaturage (byerekana hagati ya 1900 na 2050) kubiba ubwoba kandi bakareka abantu bakemera kwiga. Ariko, niba twanatekereje ko imibare yabo yerekana neza ukuri, ibyo haza ibi bikurikira birashobora gukorwa:



2.2.1 Agace K'ubutaka Kuri Umuntu - Ubuhinzi

Isi ikubiyemo km^2 miliyoni 149 zubutaka bwa misa.

$149.000.000.000 \text{ M}^2 / \text{abantu } 8.240.000.000.000 \approx 18,000 \text{ M}^2 \text{ kumuntu}$. $\sqrt{18,000} \approx 134 \text{ M}^2$ 134 rero, buri muntu muzima agereranya igice cya kare ya $134 \times 134 \text{ m}^2$. Niba uzi ko umupira wamaguru cyangwa umupira wamaguru wumunyamerika ari buriwese muri M^2 5,000, urashobora kandi kubona m^2 18,000 kumuntu nkigice cyimikino igeri kuri 3.5 (kumuntu).



Nidukeka ko abantu baba mumiryango yabantu batanu, buri muryango washoboraga kugira umurima wa M^2 90.000 za M^2 (ni hegitari 9 kumuryango). Higitari 9 ni agace k'amafaranga 1 z'uburebure na metero 90 z'ubugari. Uyu muryango w'abantu batanu washoboraga gukoresha umusaruro wigihugu ubwawo.

Igihugu Cyose Ntabwo Gikwiriye Ubuhinzi

Dukurikije ibisobanuro bya Bergen, Bergen Cover 24% by'ubutaka bw'isi. Miliyoni zigera kuri miliyoni zigera kuri miliyoni 56.5 zigizwe km^2 n'ubutayu, muri bo hafi miliyoni 10 za km^2 yuzuye urubura. Iyo dufashe ko 24% byubutayu bwose nabyo, two ($149 \times 24\%$) dufite miliyoni 35,4. Ibi bivuze ko km miliyoni 70.3, zigera kuri 47% yumusaruro wubutaka. Urashobora gutekereza ko hafi 50% yubutaka isi igomba gutanga irashobora gufatwa kandi ikoresheya mubuhinzi.

Umugati Umwe Kumunsi Kumuryango Wa Gatanu

Nk'uko Google Ai, hafi 0.9 kugeza kuri 1.4 M^2 y'ibihugu by'ubuhinzi burakenewe kugira ngo umusaruro w'ingano ku mugati umwe. Gukura ingano ihagije buri munsi kumugati umwe kugirango umugati umwe ugirire umuryango wa batanu, ukeneye hafi 325 m^2 kugeza kuri 525 M^2 . Hashingiwe kuri 450 M^2 kugirango umusaruro umugati umwe buri munsi, umuryango wabantu batanu ugomba gukoresha $450 / 90.000 = 0.5\%$ byigihugu cyabo kumugati.

Inkoko Imwe (2 kg) Kumunsi Kumuryango Wa Gatanu

Niba umuryango wabantu uzarya inkoko imwe kumunsi, ababara ko umuryango ukeneye 1375 M^2 kugirango ukure ibiryo byinkoko na 2950 m^2 kugirango ukire inkoko nimashini zitunganya. Muri rusange, $4325 M^2$ cyangwa $4325 M^2 / 90.000 M^2 = 4.8\%$ by'igihugu kiboneka birakenewe kugirango umuryango inkoko imwe kumunsi.

Kiyoni Ebyiri Zingurube Kumunsi Kumuryango Wa Gatanu

Nk'uko AI: kubyara kg 730 y'ingurube ku mwaka, hakenewe metero kare 1.000 kugeza ku 4000 z'ubutaka bukenewe, hamwe nindishye ryihariye biterwa n'ubuhinzi. Ubu butaka bwakoreshejwe cyane (hafi 50%) kugirango bahinge ibiryo byingurube. Iyo dutangiriye mugukoresha byose hafi 4000 M², iyi ni $4,000 / 90.000 = 4.5\%$ byubutaka buboneka.

Ni Kangahe Ubutaka Bwubuhinzi Bukenewe Kugirango Bugaburire Neza Umuntu Umwe Kumunsi?

Nk'uko AI: Umubare w'igihugu cy'ubuhinzi gikenewe mu kugaburira umuntu umwe buri munsi, kuva munsi ya m² 1000 ku mirire irenze 16,000. Ingano yihariye iterwa nibintu bitandukanye:

- **Indyo:** Indyo y'imboga isaba ubutaka buke kuruta indyo ifite inyama nyinshi n'amata, kubera ko ubutaka bukoreshwa mu buryo budahagije mu guhinga ibihingwa by'inyamaswa.
- **Aho biherereye n'ikirere:** Umusaruro wibihugu bizwi biratandukanye cyane. Agace hamwe nubutaka burumbuka, imvura ihagije kandi ingana ziyongera zitanga ibiryo byinshi hamwe numwanya muto.
- **Uburyo bw'ubuhinzi:** Ubuhanzi bukomeye cyane, burashobora gutanga ibiryo byinshi kuri hegitari, ariko akenshi biterwa nintego nke zirashobora kwangiza ibidukikije. Uburyo bwa bio-bubi kandi bwibinyabuzima burashobora kandi gutanga umusaruro mwinshi mubibanza bito hamwe nubuyobozi bwizobere.
- **Imyanda y'ibiryo:** Ingano yibiryo umuntu akora buri gihe birenze umubare ukoreshwa kubera imyanda.

Ubutaka Bukeneye Ubwoko Bwimirire

Indyo y'ibikomoka ku bimera

Umuntu ukurikira cyane indyo y'ibikomoka ku bimera, agizwe n'ibinyampeke, imbuto n'imboga, byashobokaga koresha ibiryo bihagije ku isambu nto.

- **Ubuhanzi bukorera neza:** Hamwe n'ubuhinzi bugezweho, bukomere bwerekana ko indyo y'ibikomoka ku bimera ishobora gushyigikirwa na m⁰ ya M² gusa kuri 1000 gusa kuri buri muntu.
- **Ubuhanzi bukomere:** Uburyo butangaje bwa bio buvuga, hamwe nubuyobozi bwitondewe, kugirango ubashe kuvugurura indyo ya vegan kuri M² 370 gusa.

Impuzandengo y'Abanyamerika

Ku mirire isanzwe mubihugu byinshi byateye imbere, birimo inyama nyinshi namata, ubutaka bwinshi burakenewe.

- **Ikigereranyo:** Indyo isanzwe y'Abanyamerika isaba 4000 kugeza 8,000 M² ku muntu.
- **Ikintu cy'ingenzi:** icyifuzo kinini cyubutaka kiva mu nka, ku bihuha cyane nk'inka, kuko ubutaka bwinshi burakenewe kugirango umusaruro w'inyamaswa kuruta guhinga ibihingwa ku buryo butaziguye ibyo kurya byanyu bikoreshe mu buryo butaziguye.

Indyo yuzuye, ivanze

Kugira ngo wizere byuzuye kandi icyarimwe kugirango ubashe gukomeza gukurikiza indyo yuzuye, harakenewe ubundi butaka. Ibi bigomba kuzirikana ibintu nko kubaka no kuvugurura ibiryo byinyamaswa.

- **Imirongo y'amateka:** Muri Elizabiya mu Bwongereza, ku ya 16,000 M² ku rugo yafatwaga nk'igihugu ntarengwa gikenewe mu buhanzi bwonyine.
- **Ikigereranyo cya kijyambere:** Kugira ngo utange ibiryo byawe byose, harimo inyama n'amata, no kugira margin ku byatsi byananiranye, ikigereranyo cya 20.000 kugeza 24.000 M² kumuryango bifatika.

- **Ubuhinde:** Gushyigikira impuzandengo impuzandengo mu Buhinde, hafi m^2 1,000 z'ubutaka ku muntu ku mwaka ku mwaka.
- **Ubushinwa:** Ugereranije, umuntu ukurikiza indyo y'Abashinwa akeneye hafi miliyoni 1.200 kugeza ku ya 2.400 M^2 mu buhinzi ku mwaka, harimo ibicuruzwa by'ubuhinzi byatumijwe. Agace k'ubutaka ku ndyo y'Ubushinwa byatewe cyane no guhindura uburyo bwo gukoresha, nk'inyama zongerewe inyama n'amata, byumwihariko mu baturage bo mu muji.

Umwanzuro Ubutaka Bwubuhinzi Busabwa Kumuryango Wabantu Batanu

Ukurikije imirire yacu, ingano yubutaka bwubuhinzi busabwa kuri buri muntu burashobora gutandukana cyane. Ubuso bwa 20.000 m^2 bwubutaka bwubuhinzi bukunze gufatwa nk "icyiza" kubantu benshi bifuzaga guhinga murugo muburengerazuba. Ku bahinzi borozi, 20.000 m^2 itanga umwanya uhagije wubusitani bunini, umurima muto, hamwe nubushyo buto bwamatungo, nk'ihene, intama, n'ingurube. Nubunini bushobora gucungwa kumuryango udakeneye ibikoresho byinshi. Nyamara, ibi birakurikizwa mugihe buri muryango wagombaga guhinga wigenga, kandi niba dushaka kureka ubuho byi kandi twese tukarya indyo yuzuye inyama.

Urebye imibare y'Ubushinwa n'Ubuhinde, ubwinshi bw'ubutaka bw'ubuhinzi busabwa ni buke cyane: vuga, hagati ya 5.000 na 12.000 m^2 kuri buri muryango w'abantu batanu. Hamwe nubuhinzi bunoze nimirire myiza, bigomba gushoboka byoroshye gukoresha impuzandengo itarenze 10,000 m^2 kumuryango wabantu batanu kwisi. Ibi bivuze ko kuri ubu abantu bakeneye 11.1% gusa yubutaka buboneka (10,000 / 90.000). Niba imibare yabaturage igomba kwemerwa, birumvikana. Niba kandi abaturage baramutse bageze mu 2080, bakagera kuri miliyari 10.3 kandi buri muntu afite m approximately hafi 14.500 m^2 yubutaka bafite (149.000.000.000.000 m^2 / 10.300.000.000), twaba dukoresha gusa 13.8% byubutaka buboneka (10,000 / 72.500).

Ni ngombwa ko tureka guteza imbere umuryango w'abaguzi umwe kandi tugakora ibinyuranye, urugero, mu guha agaciro no guteza imbere imico itandukanye y'imico gakondo (ibiryo). Nkuko dushobora kubibona, indyo itari iy'iburengerazuba itwara ubutaka buke cyane. Ibi bivuze ko gukwirakwiza ubumenyi nubumenyi bwiyo mico nkinyungu kuri societe bitazongera gusa 'ubwinshi' bwo guhitamo ahubwo bizafasha no kongera umusaruro wibiribwa.

2.2.2 Ubuso Bwubutaka Kumuntu - Amazu

Uramutse wubatse umujyi ufite amagorofa ane gusa muri bice 48 byibyumba bibiri, ushobora kubamo abantu bagera kuri 190 kumurima wa 4000 M^2 . Uramutse uhinduye ibyo abatuye isi yose, wakenera umujyi ubunini bukurikira:

$(8,243.000.000 / 190) \times 4,000 = 175.000 \text{ km}^2$. Ubuso bwubudage ni 357.000 km^2 . Ibi bivuze ko ushobora kubamo abatuye isi yose mumujyi igice cyubunini bwubudage, cyangwa muni ya 19% yubuso bwa Nijeriya. Ibi bivuze ko uramutse ucumbitse abantu bose mumujyi ifite amagorofa ane, uzakenera ubuso bukurikira: $175.000 \text{ km}^2 / 149.000.000 \text{ km}^2 = 0,11\%$ yubutaka buboneka.

Amazu ya miliyari 2 wakenera kubaka yatwara amadorari 15,000 buri umwe. Ibyo bivuze ko hamwe na tiriyari 30 z'amadolari, ugomba gushobora gutura abatuye isi yose mumazu meza. Kugereranya, amakuru amwe yerekana ko ikiguzi cyose cy'intambara yo muri Afuganisitani cyari gitangaje miliyoni 14 z'amadolari. Birahagije kubamo kimwe cya kabiri cyabatuye isi - nta nguzanyo! Uku kuri kwonyine kwerekana neza ko ubuke ari ibihimbano kandi buri gihe byahisemo guhitamo abatsinze. Ikintu cyose kitari "ubwinshi" rero ntigomba kwemerwa.



Ingano yisi

Ubutaka bwa Afrika ugereranije nakarere gashobora kubamo abatuye isi bose muri iki gihe mumijyi igizwe namagorofa agera kuri ane (umutuku) nubutaka bwubuhinzi bwo kugaburira abatuye isi yose (icyatsi).

Isi yose ntiyari kugira abantu cyangwa ubutaka bwubuhinzi.

Worldometer schat

2.2.3 Umubare W'ubutaka Kuri Buri Muntu - Ibikoreshe Bito

Ubunini bw'isi ni $1.083.210.000.000 \text{ km}^3$. $1.083.210.000.000 \text{ km}^3 / 8.243.000.000 \text{ abantu} = 131 \text{ km}^3 \text{ kumuntu}$. Niba abantu bose bashoboraga gucukura 500 m^3 munsu yubutaka, buri muntu yaba agifite miriyoni 9 m^3 yumutungo udashakishijwe.

2.2.4 Ubuso Bwamazi Nubunini Kuri Buri Muntu

Ikigereranyo cy'ubujyakuzimu bw'inyanja ni 3.7 km^1 . Ubuso bw'inyanja ku isi bugera kuri miliyoni 361 km^2 . Ibi bingana na 43.800 m^2 yubuso bw'inyanja kumuntu ($209 \times 209 \text{ M}^1$).
 $\text{Miliyoni } 361 \text{ km}^2 \times 3,7 \text{ km}^1 = \text{miliyoni } 1.336 \text{ km}^3$. $\text{Miliyoni } 1.336 \text{ km}^3 / 8.243.000.000 \text{ abantu} = 0.162 \text{ km}^3$ y'amazi yo mu nyanja kumuntu. Ibi ntibishobora gusa nkaho urebye, ariko 0.162 km^3 bihwanye na miriyoni 162 m^3 zamazi y'inyanja kumuntu.

2.2.5 Umubare W'ikirere Kuri Buri Muntu

Impuzandengo y'uburebure bwa troposse ni 13 km^1 . Ubuso bw'isi yose hamwe ni miliyoni 510.1 km^2 . $\text{Miliyoni } 510 \text{ km}^2 \times 13 \text{ km}^1 = \text{miliyari } 6.5 \text{ km}^3$. Ugabanyijwe na miliyari 8.2 , ni $0,79 \text{ km}^3$. Iyi ni miliyoni 790 m^3 yumuyaga kumuntu.

2.2.6 Ingufu Kuri Umuntu

Amakara

Worldometer igereranya ko $120.000.000.000 \text{ m}^3$ yamakara akoreshwa buri mwaka kwisi yose. Ibi bingana na 14.5 m^3 kumuntu kumwaka. Iyi ni cube ya $3.8 \times 3.8 \times 1.0 \text{ m}^1$. Ku munsu, iyi ni: $14.5 \text{ m}^3 / 365.25 \text{ iminsi} = 0,04 \text{ m}^3$. Iyi ni cube ya $34 \times 34 \times 34 \text{ cm}$ kumuntu kumunsu.

Amakara agera kuri 40% akoreshwa mu kubyara amashanyarazi ingo ninganda. Ugereraniye, toni imwe yamakara itanga ingufu za gigajoules 21 kugeza 22. Uburemere bwihariye bwamakara ni $1,300 \text{ kg} / \text{m}^3$. Ibi bivuze ko $0,04 \text{ m}^3$ yamakara itanga: $0.04 \text{ m}^3 \times \text{toni } 1,3 / \text{m}^3 \times 22,000,000,000 \text{ joules} = 1.140.000.000 \text{ joules}$ kumuntu kumunsi.

Amavuta

Nk'uko Ycharts ibivuga, ikoreshwa rya peteroli ku isi ryari miliyoni 88.48 kuri buri muni muri 2020. Metero 1 ya peteroli ku muni ihwanye na peteroli 6.29 ku muni (igitoro cya peteroli ku muni). Kubwibyo, 88.480.000 barrele yamavuta kumunsi $\times 365.25 / 6.26$ barrile yamavuta kuri metero kibe = $5.160.000.000$ kubic kumwaka. Iyi ni litiro $14.134.000.000$ kumunsi, cyangwa litiro 1.71 yamavuta kumuntu kumunsi.

Amavuta ya peteroli afite ingufu nyinshi, mubisanzwe hafi $42.000.000 \text{ joul}$ kuri kilo. Litiro 1 y'amavuta ya peteroli ipima $\text{kg } 0,915$. Litiro 1,71 y'amavuta ya peteroli = $1.56 \text{ kg} = 65,700.000 \text{ joules}$ kumuntu kumunsi.

Gazi

Imikoreshereze ya gaze ingana na metero kibe miliyari 4000 (bcm) muri 2020. Hari $37.000.000$ joules muri m^3 ya gaze gasanzwe. Ibi bivuze ko kumuntu kumwaka, $37.000.000 \times 4,000,000,000,000 / 8,243.000.000 = 18,000,000,000$ joules ya gaze ikoreshwa. Ibi bingana na $49,200.000$ joules kumuntu kumunsi. $4,000,000,000,000 \text{ m}^3$ ya gaze gasanzwe / $8,243.000.000$ abantu = 485 m^3 kumwaka = $1,32 \text{ m}^3$ kumuntu kumunsi.

Izuba N'amakara / Amavuta / Gaze

Ukurikije AI: Ugereraniye, megajoules (MJ) zigera kuri 14.1 z'ingufu z'izuba kuri metero kare ku muni igera ku isi. Iyi ni impuzandengo y'umubumbe yitaye ku manywa na nijoro, kwinjiza ikirere, hamwe n'inguni zitandukanye z'imirasire y'izuba.

Umuntu ku muni, ibyo bingana na miliyoni $510.1 \text{ km}^2 / 8,243,000,000 = 61,883 \text{ m}^2 \times 14.1 \text{ MJ} = 873 \text{ GJ}$ izuba rishyira buri muni kubutaka ninyanja.

Byongeye kandi, ubushyuhe bwuzuye bwa geothermal buturuka imbere yisi, harimo nibikorwa byose byibirunga na tectonic, bivugwa ko bigera kuri 3.82 exajoules kumunsi. Ibi bihwanye na $3.82 \times 10^{18} \text{ J} / \text{kumunsi}$. Ibi bihwanye na 463 MJ kumuntu kumunsi.

Ku muntu, 1.25 GJ kumunsi ikorwa namakara, peteroli, na gaze. Ibi bivuze ko izuba ritanga ingufu inshuro 700 kurenza abantu kandi ko ubushyuhe bwa geothermal bwonyine bugera kuri 37% yingufu zose zakozwe n'abantu.

Amashanyarazi

Gukoreshe amashanyarazi kwisi yose ni 25.000 TWh = $25.000.000.000.000.000 \text{ Wh}$. Ubu ni $\text{MW } 3\text{hh}$ kumuntu kumwaka, bingana na 8.3 kWh kumuntu kumunsi. Imirasire y'izuba itanga $1,3 \text{ kWh}$ kuri buri kibaho kumunsi. Ibi bivuze ko umuntu ugereraniye yakenera imirasire y'izuba 6.4 kugirango akoreshe amashanyarazi yose.

Intwari Za Kirimbuze

Hano ku isi hose hari imitwe 14,000. Imitwe ya Trident ni W76-1 ifite kilo 90 cyangwa W88 ifite kilo 455. Hiroshima yari ifite ubushobozi bwa kilotoni 15. Dufashe kilotoni 100 kumutwe, dushobora gukora ibarwa ikurikira:

$14,000 \times 100 \text{ kilotone} = 1,400.000.000.000 \text{ kg TNT}$
 $1,400.000.000.000 \text{ kg TNT} / 8,243.000.000 = 170 \text{ kg TNT}$
 $\text{TNT} = 1,654 \text{ g/cm}^3$
 $170 \text{ kg} / 1.654 \text{ kg/M}^3 = 0,1 \text{ m}^3 \text{ TNT kuri buri muntu.}$

Ikiro cya TNT ni ingufu zarekuwe no guturika toni 1.000 za TNT. Ibi bihuye na 4.184 terajoules.
 $\Rightarrow 1.000.000 \text{ kg ya TNT} = 4.184.000.000.000 \text{ joules} \Rightarrow \text{kg 1 ya TNT} = 4.184.000 \text{ joules}$
 $\Rightarrow 170 \text{ kg ya TNT} = 711.280.000 \text{ joules.}$

Amavuta ya peteroli arimo hafi 42.000.000 joul kuri kilo kandi arimo ingufu zikubye inshuro 10 kurenza ikiro cya TNT.

Ibi bivuze ko intwari zose za kirimbuzi zose hamwe zishobora kubara, ugereranije, ingufu zingana na kg 17 za peteroli kuri buri muntu.

$1,400.000.000.000 \text{ kg (megatons 1400) ya TNT} \times 4.184.000 \text{ joules / kg TNT} = 5.8 \times 10^{18} \text{ joules,}$
 nizo mbaraga zasohotse niba ibisasu bya kirimbuzi byose byaturikiye icyarimwe. Izi nizo mbaraga nkubushyuhwe bwa geothermal zose zituruka imbere yisi muminsi umwe nigice, cyangwa ingufu zimwe zasohowe nizuba mumasegonda 70. Kugereranya, ubwirakabiri bw'izuba bumara amasaha agera kuri 4.5, mugihe 25% by'isi biri mu gicucu. Ibi bivuze ko isi yabura megajoules $14.1 \times 510.100.000.000.000.000 \times (\text{amasaha } 4.5 / \text{amasaha } 24) \times 0.25 = 337 \times 10^{18} \text{ joules.}$ Ibi bivuze ko ubwirakabiri bumwe bugabanya ingufu ku isi ku kigero cya $337 / 5.8 = \text{inshuro } 58$ kurenza ingufu zongerewe no guturika ibisasu bya kirimbuzi byose.

Ikigaragara ni uko ubupfu bwo gukora intwari za kirimbuzi butumvikana. Ariko, tugomba nanone kwibuka ko abatsinze basa nkaho ntakibazo bafite cyo kubeshya ikintu cyose, mugihe abantu bakomeje kugira ubwoba. Kugumana intwari y'imperuka bihuye neza n'amayeri y'abatsinze. Ntabwo rero natungurwa niba ingufu zumuriro zari nkeya kurenza uko bari kubyemera. Ariko nubwo imibare yaba ari ukuri, birasa nkaho bidashoboka ko izo ntware zishobora kugabanya cyane ubwiyongere bwabaturage. Inkuru yubukonje bwa kirimbuzi isa nkaho idashoboka kuri nyje, kubera ko isi idahinduka cyane nyuma y'izuba riva - aho ibura ry'ingufu rikabije kuruta intambara za kirimbuzi zuzuye. Iyo ubwirakabiri bw'izuba nta nkurikizi bugira ku bidukikije, bisa nkaho bidashoboka ko abantu bashobora kurenga impinduka z'ingufu zibaho mugihe cy'izuba.

Mugihe dutegura ubundi buryo bwubukungu bwubu, tugomba kwemeza ko dushiraho uburyo ubwo bwoko bwintwari butazagaruka. Gukorera mu mucyo ni ingenzi. Ntidukwiye na rimwe kwemerera umuyobozi gukora nta mucyo wuzuye. By'umwihariko, iterambere ryintwari na siyanse yabyo bigomba guhora mu mucyo 100%.

2.3 Icyo Wakora Kuriyi Mibare

Aha niho dukeneye kuvuga kubijyanye na siyanse nuburyo bwa siyansi. Nkumuhanga, ni ngombwa ko ntacyo wemera. Amagambo nka "ubwumvikane buke" ntacyo asobanura. Abantu bashakako wemera ukundi barabogamye kuko birashoboka ko bahembwa kugirango bakwemeze ibintu (nkamagambo) bidafite aho bihuriye nibyo siyanse ivuga: ibimenyetso bifatika. Kandi nibimenyetso bifatika birashobora kuba ubusa.



2.3.1 Ibimenyetso Ni Iki?

"Ibimenyetso" ni inkuru ivuga ibyavuye mu bushakashatsi. Birakureba rwose niba wemera iyi nkuru cyangwa utayizera. Niba utemera inkuru kuko wemera ko uburyo bwakoreshejwe mugukora igeragezwa bufite amakosa, urashobora kwirengagiza ibimenyetso. Kugirango ubone ibimenyetso byiza, tegura igeragezwa rishya aho usibye intambwe zifite inenge hanyuma uzisimbuze intambwe ushobora kuvuga ko "zidafite inenge," cyangwa byibuze "ntizifite inenge kuruta intambwe utongana." Ariko niyo waba wemera ko nta ntambwe nimwe mubigeragezo byumwimerere ifite inenge, nta mpamvu yo kwizera inkuru gusa. Inzira yonyine yo kwizera inkuru nugusubiramo ubwawe igeragezwa, wenda ndetse inshuro nyinshi, ukareba niba imyanzuro yinkuru ikomeje. Byaba byiza wanditse neza ubushakashatsi bwawe, hamwe nabatangabuhama bahagije, ukanabitangaza kubantu kugirango buriwese abone neza ibyakozwe kandi nibiba ngombwa - subiramo kandi ubigenzure ubwabyo. Kandi niyo abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni bakoze ubushakashatsi bumwe bakagera ku myanzuro imwe, siyanse ntirakemuka. Ubwiza bwa siyanse nuko umwanzuro utajenjetse kubyerekeye inkuru udashobora (kandi ugomba) kutigera ugerwaho, kandi ntihazigera habaho ubwumvikane. Iyo abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni bemeza ko umwanzuro w'inkuru ari amakosa bidashoboka, maze umuhungu (cyangwa umukobwa) arahaguruka akavuga ko bibaza ibizava muri iyo nkuru, noneho - mu muryango w'ubumenyi wubupfura - uwo muhungu (cyangwa umukobwa) agomba gushimwa. Uwo muhungu (cyangwa umukobwa) agomba gushimirwa cyane kubutwari bwabo kandi ntagomba na rimwe, gushinyagurirwa. Ibi ni ingenzi cyane muri siyanse kuko uwo muhungu (cyangwa umukobwa) ashobora kuba afite ikintu abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni badashobora: "igitekerezo cyambere." Uwo muhungu (cyangwa umukobwa) ashobora kubona ikintu abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni batigeze batekereza. Uwo muhungu (cyangwa umukobwa) arashobora kubona ikosa rito, ryirengagijwe na miriyoni, rishobora guhindura rwose ibyavuye mubushakashatsi. Kuri nyje, "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" ni ubwoko bw "kwivuguruza mu magambo" (ijambo amagambo afite ibisobanuro bivuguruzanya, bitera igitekerezo kidasobanutse cyangwa cyivuguruza). Ntabwo rwose bivuguruzanya muburyo bukoreshwa nabantu hafi ya bose. Nyje mbona, "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" ntibibaho nko gushimangira "ibimenyetso" cyangwa nkibisabwa kugirango "ukuri kwuzuye." Ijambo "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" rikoresheka kenshi nabanyapolitike cyangwa impaka zidashaka (cyangwa zidashaka) gusobanukirwa siyansi yukuri icyo aricyo.

Kubanyapolitike - na benshi mubayoboke be - "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" birakomeye kuruta "ibimenyetso." Ariko, uko mbibona, "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" bigomba guhora ari intege nke kuruta "ibimenyetso," kuko siyanse yukuri yemera ko ibimenyetso biboneka hakoreshejwe urugero ruto. Kubwibyo, mubumenyi, ntakintu nkibimenyetso bya siyansi byuzuye.

"Ibimenyetso bya siyansi" n'ibimenyetso bya siyansi "ni ibyiciro bibiri byihariye by'ibimenyetso." Ibimenyetso ni ibya siyansi cyangwa siyansi, bityo rero ntihazobora kubaho ubundi bwoko bw "ibimenyetso." Ibi bivuze - kubisobanuro - ko ibimenyetso byabonetse udakoresheje urugero rwa siyansi bihari.

Ibibazo bitangira iyo abamamaza bagurisha ibirego nk "ukuri kwuzuye." Kugirango bagaragaze ibyo bita "ukuri kwuzuye," bakoresha "ibimenyetso bya siyansi." Kugira ngo ufatwe nk "siyanse," uwamamaza akeneye umuntu ufite impamyabumenyi yaturutse mu kigo runaka (kandi ushobora rero kwitwa "umuhanga"), icyitegererezo cyakozwe n'abahanga, hamwe nibimenyetso bimwe na bimwe byubushakashatsi (byitwa "siyanse") kugirango yemererwe ibisabwa nk'ibimenyetso bya siyansi. Iyo ubu ugenzuye mubukungu ibigo bitanga "abahanga," kandi urashobora gutegeka ibyo bemerewe kwiga, kandi urashobora kugenzura inkunga ya "siyanse," kandi urashobora kwanga gusangira ingero nubushakashatsi (kuko urinzwe nuburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge), igice cy'ibimenyetso byubumenyi" gitunguranye kiba gito cyane kandi kidasobanutse. Igishobora kwitwa "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" gihinduka gake kandi bigaragara ko kibogamye cyane. Kandi nuburyo abamamaza kwamamaza

bavuga ikintu runaka nukuri kwuzuye. Ikigaragara ariko, ni uko muri siyansi, nta kuri kwuzuye. Hariho "ibimenyetso bishingiye ku ngero," ntakindi.

Nkuko umuntu wese utanga amakuru (kubyerekeye ibintu bibera ahantu runaka) agomba gufatwa nkumunyamakuru nyawe, niko umuntu wese utanga raporo (kubyerekeye ibisubizo byubushakashatsi bwe ashingiye ku cyitegererezo) yafatwa nkumuhanga wukuri. Ntacyo bitwaye waba ufite imyaka 5 cyangwa 95, waba warize muri kaminuza izwi cyangwa utayize, niba ushobora gutangaza ibyo wabonye mubinyamakuru byubumenyi bizwi, cyangwa niba raporo yawe ishobora gusubirwamo. Ukuri kwuzuye ntikubaho mubumenyi. Kandi umuntu wese usaba ukundi ni poropagande.

Umuntu wese uvuga amagambo "siyanse yakemuwe" mubisobanuro ni uburiganya kandi agomba guhita atakaza icyizere cyose, harimo numwanzuro mubikorwa byabo. Umuntu uwo ari we wese, nk'urugero, yandika undi muntu "umugambi mubisha" na we asobanura uburiganya utagomba kongera kugirirwa ikizere. Igisubizo cyonyine gikwiye kubantu bose bibaza inkuru yatanze nk "ibimenyetso bya siyansi" ni gukorera mu mucyo. Umuntu wese ubajije "inkuru yubumenyi" agomba guhabwa "ibimenyetso" byose bihari - nta buntu kandi nta mbogamizi - harimo uburyo nyabwo nibitekerezo byihishe inyuma yubushakashatsi bwakozwe. Igihe cyose nibimenyetso simusiga byahagaritswe, turashobora gushinja umuntu cyangwa ikigo cyangije ibimenyetso byuburiganya, kubita umubeshyi cyangwa uburiganya, kandi duhita dufite impamvu zihagije zo kutazongera kwizera uwo muntu cyangwa ikigo.

Abantu - bakora mubitangazamakuru - bavuga "kwizera rubanda muri siyansi" biragaragara ko batazi siyanse icyo aricyo. Ntamuntu numwe ukwiye kwizera siyanse. Siyanse ntaho ihuriye no kwizera. Siyanse ni gahunda ishingiyeho gusa ku kutizerana. Umuhanga nyawe yizera amaso yabo gusa, agomba kwibaza inkuru zose, kandi ntagomba na rimwe kwizera ikintu na kimwe. Gusa abantu batizera ikintu ni abahanga nyabo. Abandi bose ni poropagande hamwe nizindi gahunda bityo bakarwanya siyanse.

Niyo mpamvu kandi "ubwisanzure bwo kuvuga" aribwo burenganzira bwa muntu bwingenzi. Kugerageza kubuza uburenganzira bwa # 1 nigitero simusiga kuri siyanse muri rusange.



2.3.2 Guhindura Abundomy Mubumenyi Nyabwo

Abantu bakunze kuvuga ko ubukungu atari siyansi yukuri kuko buri igeragezwa, hatitawe kuri gahunda yubukungu, rihindura gahunda yubukungu, bigatuma ibisubizo bitizera. Kuberako udashobora gukora "itsinda rishinzwe kugenzi," imyanzuro ihora ifite intego. Ku giti cyanyije, ntekereza ko amagambo avugaga ngo "ubukungu ntabwo ari siyansi yukuri", ariko ko uyu mwanzuro ntaho uhuriye nuburyo ubushakashatsi bushobora gutegurwa cyangwa gukorwa. Kuri nyije, ikibazo cy "ubukungu nkubumenyi" kiri mu ibanga ryacyo ryibanze. Nkumuhanga, ntabwo nunguka ubushishozi muburyo bwo kurema amafaranga kandi simfite ubushishozi bwuzuye mubikorwa byose bibaho.

Ati: "Intego yo kwiga ubukungu ntabwo ari ukubona ibisubizo byiteguye ku bibazo by'ubukungu, ahubwo ni ukumenya kwirinda kuyobywa n'abashinzwe ubukungu."

Jean Robinson

Kuberako njye (kimwe nabandi bese mubukungu) ntabasha kubona aya makuru, natekereje abatsinze intambara zose mubinyejana bishize hamwe numwanya wabo nkumwe twemerera gucapa amafaranga mukirere. Nahise nemera ko nta bimenyetso bifatika mfite kuri iyi hypothesis. Gusa ibimenyetso nshobora gutanga ni ukubura ibimenyetso binyuranye (ko ntabatsinze) nibimenyetso byerekana ko tutemerewe kubona ba nyiri Ultimate Beneficial (UBOs) ya banki nkuru hamwe namafaranga yose arimo. Umwanzuro wanjye rero, ni uko niba tudashobora kugira amakuru ku shingiro ry'ubukungu bwacu (uko amafaranga aremwa mbere, kandi ninde ubyangukiramo ndetse no ku rugero rungana iki), ubundi bushakashatsi bwose bwakozwe mu bukungu buzananirwa, kubera ko igishushanyo mbonera icyo ari cyo cyose cyananiwe kumva ikibazo gikomeye muri uru rwego rwa siyansi: "Amafaranga aremwa ate?"

Urugero

Gutanga urugero, dushobora gukora ubushakashatsi hamwe ninjiza (itagabanijwe) yinjiza shingiro (UBI). Reka dukoreshe verisiyo "itagabanije" aho gukoresha "rusange" mugihe dukwirakwiza iyi "yinjiza shingiro." Dufate ko duha abantu bo mumiryango ya kure muri Amerika yepfo \$ 50 cyangwa \$ 500 kukwezi tukareba uko bigenda. Banywa inzoga cyangwa bakoresha ibiyobyabwenge, cyangwa batangiza umushinga mushya? Turashobora kubitegereza no gufata umwanzuro ko, kurugero, niba dutanga amadorari 50 kumwezi gusa, abantu bakoresha ayo mafunguro, imyambaro, n'inzoga gusa, mugihe hamwe na UBI yamadorari 500 kukwezi, abantu batangira ubucuruzi. Ikibazo muri ubu bushakashatsi ni iki: aya mafaranga ava he? Abantu basohora amafaranga mummyuka yoroheje bashyigikira iyi gahunda? Bigenda bite iyo abantu bese kwisi bakiriye amadorari 500 atagabanije? Abantu bese batangira umushinga? Biroroshye kubona ko igeragezwa nkiyi igeragezwa rya UBI, mugihe isoko yamafaranga yihishe, ifite agaciro gake.

Politiki

Niba ntacyo uzi kubijyanye no guhanga amafaranga, nigute ushobora guhindura sisitemu hamwe nibisubizo byubu bushakashatsi? Urashobora gutekereza ko ushobora kumvisha abanyapolitiki gusunika kuri sisitemu ya UBI, ariko niba abantu basohora amafaranga mumuyaga mwinshi basanzwe bafite abanyapolitike bese mumifuka, ubona ute inzira ya politiki igenda? Urahita ubona ko ubushakashatsi nkubu, nta mucyo kuri sisitemu yose, ntakindi kirenze kurasa mu mwijima. Urabona neza ko gukora simulation, kurugero, bidashoboka utumva ishingiro rya sisitemu yimari. Uku kudasobanukirwa neza amahame shingiro ya sisitemu bituma buri cyifuzo cya politiki "kitari siyansi." Inzego "zigira inama abanyapolitiki ku ngaruka za politiki" zose zishobora gufatwa nk "'siyanse" kubera ko nta na kimwe muri byo gifite ibisobanuro ku ishingiro ry'ubukungu. Nta numwe muribo wigeze yumva neza ishingiro ryimikorere yimari yacu. Buri gihe wasangaga "abantu bagomba kwizera ubukungu" mugihe batora politiki. Kuri njye, icyo ni gihamya ihagije yerekana ko buri cyemezo cyubukungu gishingiye kuri poropagande kandi ko nta bumenyi bw'ubukungu bufite ireme. Kandi ndashobora kwemeza gusa ko ibi ari nkana. Iyaba gahunda yacu yubukungu yari mu mucyo, yari gusimburwa kera.

Hindura Sisitemu

Kugira ngo dushyireho gahunda ishobora gufatwa nk "'siyanse", tugomba kuyubaka kuva kera, kuko igomba kumvikana neza ko imbaraga zigenzura ubukungu bwacu zizakora ibishoboka byose kugirango zitagaragara. Gukorera mu mucyo nibyo ba nyiri sisitemu batinya cyane, kandi - kubera ko bagenzura leta zose, abapolisi bese, abacamanza bese, n'ingabo zose n'amafaranga yabo - nta mpamvu yo kubarwanya. Icyo dushobora gukora ni ugukoresha uburenganzira bwacu bwo "umudendeze wo kuvuga" mugutegura ubundi buryo no kuganira

nabandi. Urufatiro rwubundi buryo bwubukungu bugezweho rugomba gushinga imizi mubumenyi. Kandi inzira yonyine yo kubikora nukureba niba sisitemu ikora neza, kuko gukorera mu mucyo nicyo kintu cyonyine gisabwa kugira ngo abandi bahanga bafatanye kandi batezimbere sisitemu nshya.

Urufatiro Rwa Sisitemu Nshya

Twabonye ko gukorera mu mucyo ari ibintu by'ibanze biranga. Ariko ni izihe nkingi zindi sisitemu nshya igomba gushingiraho? Nkuko byavuzwe mu ntangiriro, niba dushaka gukora ubundi buryo bwa sisitemu yubukungu iriho, tugomba mbere na mbere kumenya aho twubaka. Inyubako zacu zubaka, byibuze, ni ubwinshi bwumutungo kamere. Mu bice byavuzwe haruguru, nasuzumye ibyo tugomba gukorana. Nakusanyije amakuru amwe kumurongo, kandi nibyiza nibyiza nakora muriki gihe. Nongeyeho amahuza amwe hanyuma ntanga ibitekerezo bike. Ariko, nkumuhanga wukuri, ndashaka gutumira abandi bahanga bose guhangana niyi mibare. Ndashaka kandi gusaba abandi bahanga kwaguka kuri "kubara no gukoresha." Ni ubuhe bundi buryo bukomeye bw'umutungo kamere twakagombye kongeramo, gupima, no gukorera mu mucyo umuryango wacu? Nibyiza gusobanura imiterere yacu, nibyiza dushobora gukora igerageza muburyo bwo kwigana kugirango duhangane nimbaraga zishusho yacu nshya kugirango habeho ubundi buryo bwubukungu bwubu. Sisitemu nise "Abundomy" kuko igomba kuba ishingiyeho kubwinshi bwibikoreshe dushobora kubona.



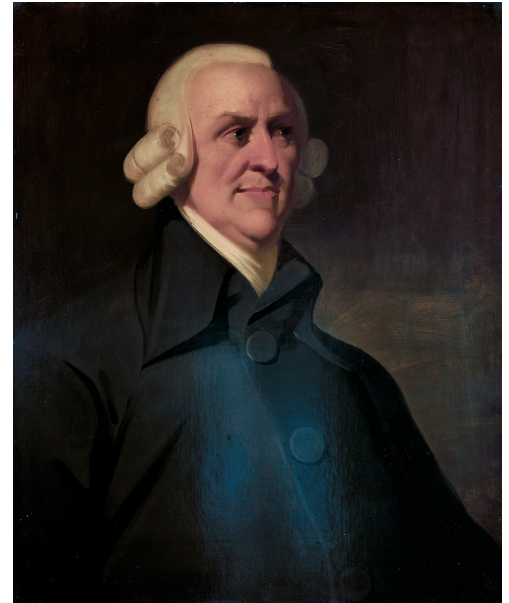
3 Intambara Yo Mu Mwuka

Usibye gushiraho imiterere ifite imibare ifatika ku isi dutuye, tugomba no gushyiraho "imiterere yumuntu." Mugihe "ubukungu" butangwa nkikintu kibaho gusa, mubyukuri biratandukanye rwose. Binyuze mu gucengeza no gukoreshwa, "ubukungu" bwacu bwahindutse umutego wa satani. Muri sisitemu yacu isanzwe, tugomba rero kwirinda uburyo ubwo aribwo bwose bwo kubeshya.

Ukuboko kutagaragara ni ikigereranyo, cyatangijwe na Adam Smith, gisobanura uburyo inyungu z'umuntu ku giti cye ku isoko ryisanzwe zishobora kuganisha ku musaruro utateganijwe ariko ugirira akamaro sosiyete muri rusange, nko gutanga umutungo neza no gutera imbere mu bukungu. Muri ubu buryo, imbaraga zo gutanga no gusaba, zigenzurwa nabakinnyi ku giti cyabo bakurikirana inyungu zabo binyuze mumarushanwa, umutungo ugana kubyo bakoresha cyane, bitabaye ngombwa ko habaho igenamigambi rikuru cyangwa leta ifata ingamba zikomeye.

Tubwirwa ko ibibazo byose biri muri gahunda yacu yubukungu byubu biterwa no kwikunda kwabitabiriye benshi, ariko ko ibyo bibazo bitagenzurwa neza. Tugomba kwizera ko ibibazo byose ari ingaruka zisanzwe za sisitemu igomba gukora mu bwisanzure.

Kwigisha kwacu muriki kibazo birakomeye kuburyo dufite ingorane zikomeye zo kwizera ko twese dushukwa. Ntidushobora kwizera ko ibibazo byose bikomeye biterwa nitsinda rito ryabantu bakorera inyuma.



Adam Smith

3.1 Gukunda Kugira Ibinyuranye Gukunda Kurema

3.1.1 Umwihariko

Bumwe mu buryo bukomeye bwo gucengeza bukoreshwa hafi ya buri muhuza w'amashanyarazi - kandi bukaba bumaze imyaka ibihumbi n'ibihumbi - ni uguhindura umunezero wo kurema no gushimishwa n'abaremye (n'ibiremwa byabo) ugashimishwa n'abantu bafite ibintu byinshi by'ibintu no guhora bibanda ku byishimo byo gutunga ibintu bifatika. Nibihinduka mubukorikori bugana ubutunzi.

Niba ubajije umwana impamvu bashaka kumera nka Ronaldo cyangwa Messi, bazavuga ko bashaka kuba abakire nkibigirwamana byabo, gutwara igikombe cyisi, kandi bafite abo bafana bose basenga. Birashoboka ko nta mwana wavuga ko yifuza amahirwe yo kumara amasaha atabarika imyitozo kandi agakoresha buri mwanya wumunsi kugirango yongere ubumenyi bwabo, gusa kugirango arebe aho ashobora kugera numubiri nubwenge. Nkanswe umwana wese aracyabona umunezero mugutezimbere ubuhanga bwe bwo gukora ibintu byumwimerere bizashimisha abantu bakunda kureba umukino.

"Bihimbye kugeza ubikoze" ni intero ikoreshwa na "influencers" benshi. Bakodesha imyenda cyangwa baguza imodoka zihenze inshuti kugirango bitwaze ko batsinze, bagerageza gushaka abayobohe benshi. Ntawashidikanya ko kuri ubu turi hejuru y "abaguzi," aho bitoroshye niba

ufite ubumenyi bwagaciro, ariko ni ngombwa cyane ko abantu bizera ko ufite ibintu byinshi bihenze, harimo isura nziza. Ubukeye bwa artile burimo busubirwamo nka "wenyine." Ijambo "exclusivite" ubwaryo rivuga byose. Nukugira ikintu abandi badafite - cyangwa byibuze bagomba kurwanira bikomeye. Twigishijwe gushaka gutunga ibintu byihariye. Twigishijwe ko gutunga ibintu bike ari ingeso nziza nigiheho kubantu badasanzwe.

Uku kwibanda ku gutunga ibintu byihariye bifite uruhande rwijimye cyane. Tubwirwa ko abantu badashoboye kubona ibintu "byihariye" bagomba kuba bakora nabi. Twari tumaze kumenya ko amahame mbonezamubano yashizweho yangiza cyane cyane kubakobwa bakiri bato. Ubu busazi bwo gukunda ubutunzi bushobora no kuba ikibazo cyane ku basore, abagabo batazigera bashobora kubaho mu buryo buhuje n'ibitekerezo bigoretse by'abakobwa bakiri bato ku byerekeye umunezero ukwiye kumera.



3.1.2 Uhagarike Kurinda Byihariye

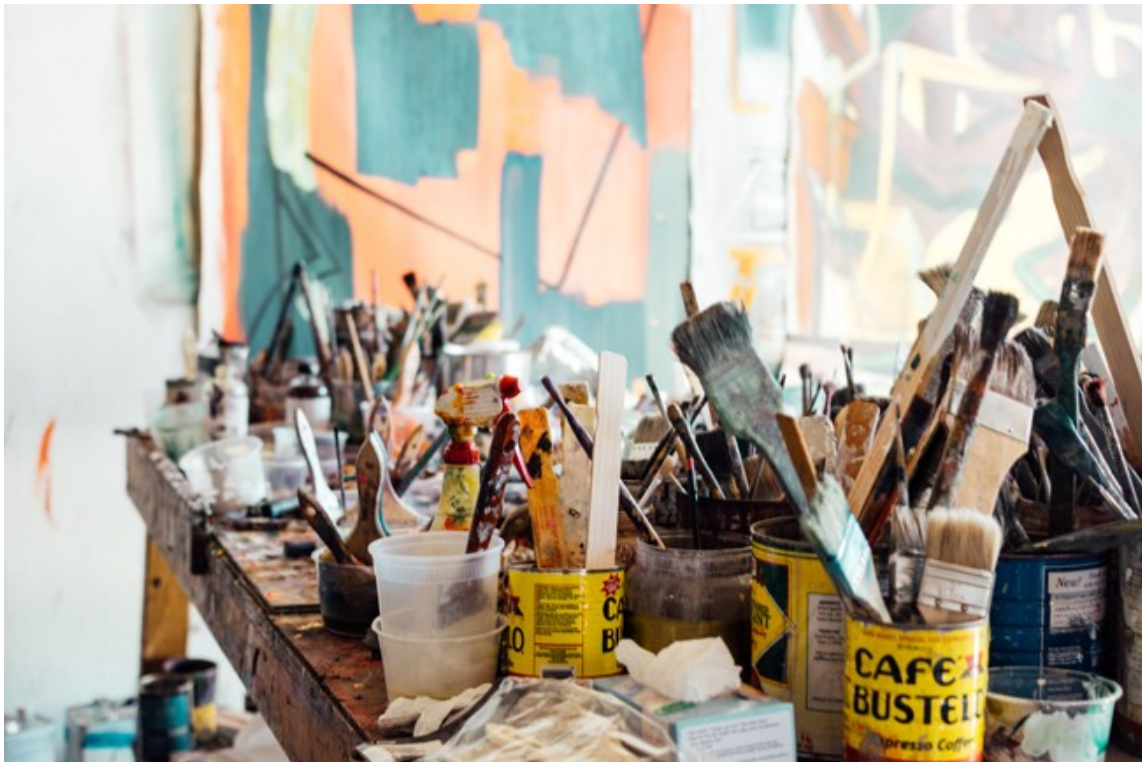
Urashobora kuvuga ko guca ukubiri nubusazi bwo gukunda ubutunzi, dukeneye gushiraho umuryango w'abakomunisiti. Sosiyete aho buri wese agomba kubona ibintu byinshi cyangwa bike kubintu bimwe. Iyo mitekerereze ni nkimpaka zerekeye imyenda yishuri: imyenda irakenewe kugirango abana bava mumiryango ikennye bagirira ishyari imyenda yabashushanyo yabana bo mumiryango ikize. Kuri njye, bisa nkaho uburinganire nuburinganire bigenda bisunikwa mugihe intama zigomba gukorera mubikorwa rusange, mugihe icyarimwe zitera icyifuzo cyibicuruzwa byihariye mugihe gito cyubusa izi ntama zagiye.

"Exclusivite" ni uburyo bwakozwe neza. Uburyo bwo guteza imbere gahunda mbi yabantu bafite sisitemu iriho. Sisitemu itera nkana ubuke bwubukorikori, ubanza kutwigisha kwikunda kugirango tugire icyo tugeraho, hanyuma utubwire kwishinja ubwikunde, kuko dusenya umubumbe kandi turi abanebwe kuko tubuze uburambe. Nuburyo bwo kwitiranya abantu no kubigisha ko guhinduka umugaragu wumukomunisiti wambaye, wumvira ari ingeso nziza, kandi ko udakwiriye kwifuza ikindi kintu cyose.

Ntidukwiye kugwa muri uyu mutego. Tugomba guhagarika kwishimira "ibyamamare" berekana ibyo batunze gusa ahubwo bagaha agaciro gusa ubuhanga bwabashizeho nibiremwa byabo. Kandi icy'ingenzi: Wige ubuhanga nyabwo wenyine. Wandukure abandi baremye!

3.1.3 Ba Nyir'ubwite N'abakora

Hariho ubudahwema bwiyeongerera mubukungu muri sisitemu yacu y'ubu. Ubu busumbane butuma abantu bamwe bagura ibicuruzwa gusa, ariko n'uburenganzira bwihariye kuri bo. Kurugero, tekereza umuremyi ufite impano irwanira kwibeshaho. Umuntu ukize arashobora "gufasha" umuremyi mumafaranga. Mugusubizwa, umugiraneza agura uburenganzira kumurimo uzarema. Sisitemu yemewe yubakiye kuri "uburenganzira" n'ubu burenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge ("IP") igomba kurengera uburenganzira bwabayiremye. Mubyukuri, ariko, iyi sisitemu yamategako igirira akamaro ba nyirayo gusa, yishyuye abayiremye ubwabo. Ndetse iha ba nyirubwite imbaraga zo guhatira uwashizeho kugabanya umusaruro wabo kugirango ibicuruzwa "byihariye." Ibi bivuze ko uburenganzira nuburenganzira bwa IP bitanga ishingiro ryamategako kugirango harebwe ko ubukene bushobora gushirwaho kandi inyungu zikaba nyinshi.



Urashobora kuvuga ko uburenganzira nuburenganzira ku mutungo wubwenge bikenewe kugirango urengere inyungu z'abashoramari, kandi ko hatabayeho ubwo burinzi, nta bicuruzwa bishya, bishobora guteza imbere. Urashobora kuvuga ko hatabayeho kurengera uburenganzira nuburenganzira ku mutungo wubwenge, nta muti wa kanseri waboneka kuko ibyago kubashoramari byaba ari byinshi cyane. Noneho tekereza niba abaturage bafite amafaranga, babemerera gutera inkunga ubwabo. Byagenda bite mugihe abaturage badafite uburenganzira cyangwa uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge kubicuruzwa byabo? Navuga ko abaturage batitaye cyane kuburenganzira nuburenganzira ku mutungo wubwenge. Ntabwo bari gushidikanya gukora "imiti yabo" rusange no kugabanya ibiciro byumusaruro, kugirango buri wese urwaye kanseri afashwe. Byongeye kandi, abakoze imiti bashimwa, bakamenyekana,

bagasabwa gukora ibindi bisubizo byubumaji. Abantu bari kubona aba baremye nkisoko yo guhumekwa. Ibi bitandukanye no gusuzugura muri iki gihe ibigo bikoresha patenti kugirango bitere ubuke kugirango bashobore kwishyura abanyamigabane babo ibihembo bishoboka.

Iyo dusangiye neza uburyo abantu barema ibicuruzwa bishya (aho kubihisha "irushanwa"), abantu bafite ubumenyi nyabwo barashobora gukoresha ubwo bumenyi bwinyongera mugutezimbere nibicuruzwa byingirakamaro. Urashobora kuvuga ko muri "Abundom," abaremye nyabo barinzwe mukureba ko ntamuntu numwe ushobora gutunga uburenganzira kubyo yaremye.

"Abaguzi" na "Ubukeye" nuburyo bwakozwe hakoreshejwe umugambi mubi. Bemerera ba nyiri sisitemu gukuramo umutungo wose abantu barema, mugihe icyarimwe bigatuma abantu bashinja ibikorwa byabo byitwa "kwikunda". Abantu bakeneye kumva ko sisitemu yimari atari sisitemu yateye imbere, ahubwo - ahubwo - sisitemu yubatswe neza igirira akamaro ba nyirayo gusa. Abatsinze bashizeho sisitemu yimari igice kimwe, bagenda bayitunganya buhoro buhoro ibinyejana byinshi kugirango bakure ubutunzi kandi babihisha. Umaze kubyumva, ntabwo byoroshye cyane kubona amayeri akoreshwa kugirango ugere kuri izo ntego, ariko urashobora no kubona igikwiye guhinduka kugirango sisitemu nkiyi itazongera kubaho ukundi. Kubwibyo, igisubizo cyumvikana gisa nkuguhindura sisitemu iriho mugushiraho sisitemu yagenewe abantu bose. Sisitemu yemerera kandi yishimira ibyaremwe kubantu, ikabishyira hejuru yibeshya rya nyirubwite. Sisitemu ituma ibyaremwe bigera kuri buri wese. Sisitemu aho kugabana ari hagati. Ubwanyuma, guhitamo iki cyerekezo ni uguhitamo kwumwuka. Abantu bagomba kwiga kuberekeye "ikibi" muri sisitemu yacu nuburyo ishobora kunozwa cyane. Iyo abantu bahagije bamaze gusobanukirwa ko kureka sisitemu mbi no gufata uburyo bushya, gusa sisitemu nuguhitamo gusa, kwimukira nuburyo buboneye bishobora kubaho mubyukuri.

3.2 Kuramba

Ayandi mayeri yo gutuma abantu bashinja imyitwarire yabo yikunda kandi isesagura, nayo ikagaragaza sisitemu yubuke, ireba kuramba kwibicuruzwa. Abaturage barashinjwa "abaguzi," gusa ibicuruzwa iyo biteje ibibazo cyangwa "bitakigezweho." Dukeneye iPhone igezweho, igishushanyo mbonera cyimodoka, cyangwa imyenda igezweho. Tubwirwa gukurikiza inzira zo kwereka abandi ko twatsinze. Kugirango wunguke byinshi, imideli yimyambarire igenda iba mugufi, nayo iganisha kwibicuruzwa kuba bitaramba. Ni ubuhe butumwa kwibicuruzwa bigikora ariko bidafite imyambarire? Umuproducer akeneye gukora ubuke bushoboka kugirango yunguke byinshi. Kubwibyo, ibicuruzwa byashizweho kugirango biva mu myambarire byihuse bishoboka, kandi biramba nabyo bigabanuka nkana.

3.2.1 Kora Ikibazo

Inzira nziza yo gukora ubuke ni ukureba ko ibicuruzwa bitabaho igihe cyubwishingizi. Garanti imaze kurangira, ibicuruzwa bigomba gucika vuba bishoboka, guhatira abaguzi kubisana cyangwa kugura umusimbura. Gukora imodoka cyangwa terefone bimara imyaka irenga 20 ni-imbere yubukungu bushingiye kubuke-icyaha cyica. Kuramba bituma abakiriya bawe bashobora kuba kure.

Ibi biranga abayikora gukora ibicuruzwa bigezweho, ariko kandi bikarigata kurwego rwo kwangirika kwiza. Ikindi kintu kigenda gikundwa cyane ni ugutuma bidashoboka abakiriya gusana ibicuruzwa cyangwa ibice ubwabo. Gusa gusimbuza modules zuzuye cyangwa gusana nabashinzwe gusana ibyemezo hamwe nibikoreshe byihariye (kandi bitagerwaho) kurubu-kubabikora benshi-igice cyingenzi kandi cyinjiza ibicuruzwa byabo.

Twese tumenyereye ingero nyinshi zibi bicuruzwa byiza cyane. Benshi muribo bakomoka mu Bushinwa kandi bakunze kugurishwa mu "bihugu biri mu nzira y'amajyambere" muri Aziya, Afurika, na Amerika y'Epfo. Ibyuma bya elegitoroniki bihendutse (nk'amashanyarazi ya terefone, gutwi, umugozi wagutse), ibikoresho byo kubaka bihendutse (pliers, inyundo, ibimuga), hamwe n'imyambaro n'inkweto byitwa impimbano, cyane cyane, bimenya ibyumweru, iminsi, cyangwa amasaha muriyi minsi. Kubakiriya, ibi nibintu biteye ubwoba. Kubakora, ariko, nibintu byifuzwa. Uruganda rushishikajwe no kugurisha ibicuruzwa byinshi. Ako ni akazi kabo.



Imisozi yamenetse, idafite ibicuruzwa

3.2.2 Irinde Ibicuruzwa Bigufi

Nkabakiriya, abantu barishinje kuba badakoresheje neza ibicuruzwa bihagije iyo bimenetse. Ikibazo nyacyo nuko-muri sisitemu yubukungu yacu-abayikora bahatirwa gukora kuruhande rwigihombo cyiza. Kuberako abaguzi batazi gusoma no kwandika, bashakisha ibicuruzwa bihendutse bashobora kubona, batazi ko - niba ushize ubuzima bwibicuruzwa mugihe cyo kugereranya imari - kugura ibicuruzwa bihendutse hafi ya byose (byinshi) bihenze kuruta kugura ibicuruzwa bifite igihe kirekire.

Umuti umwe wiki kibazo nukwigisha abakiriya ibi byago. Nyamara, ibi biragoye rwose nta makuru afatika kubiteganijwe kubaho igihe cyibicuruzwa. Cyane cyane iyo ababikora bahora bashakisha uburyo bwo kubyaza umusaruro ibicuruzwa byabo bihendutse-kandi bagahora bamenyekanisha bishya - ntibishoboka rwose gufasha abakiriya batize gusuzuma amafaranga bashaka ibicuruzwa bashaka kugura. Ikigeretse kuri ibyo, ikiguzi nyacyo cyo gusukura ibicuruzwa byacitse usanga hafi yabuze kubiciro byibicuruzwa. Hatariho ubumenyi bwubukungu bukwiye, uzabona imyanda irundanye, cyane cyane mubihugu aho ibicuruzwa bihendutse, bidafite ubuziranenge bigurishwa cyane.

Ibirundo by'imyanda bifatwa nkibisubizo by "abaguzi." Mubyukuri, ibirundo byimyanda ntabwo ari ibisubizo byabaguzi bashaka kugura ibyo bicuruzwa byose kugirango babizengurutse. Ibinyuranye nibyo, niba aribyo kandi ibicuruzwa bitavunitse, imyanda yagabanuka cyane.

Imyanda ningaruka zumvikana za sisitemu yubukungu yibanda ku guteza ubuke. Sisitemu izahora itanga umusaruro mwinshi "wibicuruzwa byigihe gito."



Peugeot Pickup, birashoboka ko imodoka irambye kwisi

3.2.3 Gukorera Mu Mucyo No Kurengera Abaguzi

Muri sisitemu aho gutunga ibigo bitanga ibicuruzwa bihora byegeranijwe nabagenzura sisitemu yimari, ubusumbane hagati yo kurengera abaguzi no kurengera ibicuruzwa biziyongera gusa. Nkumuguzi, ntibishoboka rwose guhangana na conglomerates nka Alibaba cyangwa Amazon hamwe nababikora bakoresha iyo miyoboro. Nkumuguzi, ntushobora kubona amafaranga yo gushaka abunganizi kugirango bagufashe kubona indishyi murukiko niba ibicuruzwa bihendutse bitera ibibazo. Abaguzi ntibafite imbaraga zamafaranga yo kwihanganira ingaruka zikomeye zamafaranga yurubanza. Kubihugu byinshi, biratandukanye rwose. Basanzwe bakoresha abanyamategeko bahagije kugirango barwanye ibibazo byose byabaguzi. Ibiciro byemewe namategeko nigice cyingenzi cyisohotse nini nini (ibihugu byinshi) kandi igaragara mubiciro byibicuruzwa byabo - ibicuruzwa byakozwe ku mbibi z'ibishoboka mu bukungu.

Inzira nziza yo gukemura iki kibazo nuguhatira abayikora gukorera mu mucyo kubyerekeye umusaruro wibicuruzwa byabo. Nkumukiriya, ugomba gushobora kubona neza uburyo ibicuruzwa byakozwe nuburyo abaproducer bishyura (nuwo) kurema no gukwirakwiza ibicuruzwa byabo. Gusa mugihe ibikorwa byubukungu byumusaruro byose bisobanutse neza kubakoresha hashobora kubaho uburinzi buhagije bwabaguzi. Hamwe no gukorera mu mucyo, abaguzi barashobora kugira amashyirahamwe adakora isuzuma ryiza gusa ahubwo anasuzuma imyitwarire yumusaruro wibigo. Amafaranga yakoreshejwe mubikoresho byujuje ubuziranenge, cyangwa amafaranga menshi yoherejwe nabanyamigabane, kwamamaza, no kurengera amategeko? Ubu ni ubwoko bwibibazo ushaka kubaza mbere yo kugura ibicuruzwa runaka.

Twayobowe kwizera ko ubuzima bwite bwamafaranga bukenewe kurinda umuturage usanzwe. icyakora, ntibisaba ubuhanga bwo kumenya ko ubuzima bwawe bwite butabaho, kubera ko ugomba kwereka ibikorwa byawe byose byimari muri banki na guverinoma kugirango bashobore "kurwanya amafaranga." Ahubwo, wowe - nkumuturage wubahiriza amategeko - ntufite uburyo bwo kugenzura ibikorwa byimari byamabanki, guverinoma, hamwe n'amasosiyete mpuzamahanga / abayikora.

Kubwibyo, "ubwinshi" butangwa muri iki gitabo nabwo bwerekana amakuru menshi. Ibi bivuze ko ibikorwa byose byimari bya buri muntu, isosiyete, cyangwa ikigo cya leta bigomba kuba kumugaragararo kandi bisobanutse neza. Imwe mu ngaruka zuku gukorera mu mucyo ni ukuzamuka cyane mu bwiza bw'ibicuruzwa no kuramba, kuko umwenda w'ibanga ukikije gahunda yo kugabanya ubuziranenge no kuzamura inyungu bizakurwaho. Iyindi ngaruka izaba igabanuka ryihuse kumusozi wimyanda (irimo ibicuruzwa byinshi byajugunywe mu rwego rwo hasi), bizagira ingaruka nziza mukurengera ibidukikije.

3.3 Tekinoroji Na Transhumanism

Iyo itsinda rito ryabantu bategeka isi bityo bakagenzura itangazamakuru, guverinoma, sisitemu yamategeko, siyanse, ingabo, na polisi, bazashyiraho gahunda ntabwo bazigama imbaraga zabo gusa ahubwo banashiraho isi bakurikije icyerekezo cyabo. Amadini yose akomeye yatuburiye kuri iki kintu: abantu bafite imbaraga nyinshi bazatangira gutekereza no gukora nkaho ari Imana.

Nkuko byavuzwe, ntutuzi abatsinze abo aribo, ariko turashobora kubona abo bagenzura bitaziguye na gahunda bakurikirana. Turashobora kuvuga kubyerekeye "ikimenyetso cyinyamaswa" na "inyungu" (gushaka inyungu). Twunvise kandi abari kubutegetsi bavuga "abarya ubusa", "ubukangurambaga bwo gukingira kugabanya abaturage," na "Imijyi 15-minota yo gukiza ikirere."



Amashusho yo muri firime 1984 (verisiyo ya 1956)

Inyinshi muri izi gahunda zishobora kuvunagurwa mu magambo "technocracy" na "transhumanism." Ikibazo ubu ni iki: "Intego ziyi ntego ni izihe?"

Gusoma ibitabo nka "1984 (byanditswe mu 1949)" bya George Orwell cyangwa "Isi nshya yintwari (byanditswe mu 1932)" bya Aldous Huxley "bitanga ibisobanuro ku bitekerezo bimaze kuvugwa mu binyejana byashize. Murumuna wa Aldous Huxley, Sir Julian Huxley, yari

Umuyobozi mukuru wa mbere wa UNESCO (Umuryango w'abibumbye ushinze uburezi, ubumenyi n'umuco). N'ubwo Aldous ubwe atigeze agira uruhare mu buryo butaziguye na UNESCO, murumuna we Julian yari umuntu ukomeye mu ishingwa ry'umuryango no kureba hakiri kare, nk'uko bigaragara mu nyandiko ye "UNESCO, Intego yayo na Filozofiya yayo." Gusoma filozofiya ya Julian Huxley - yasohowe igihe hashyirwaho imitwe itandukanye y'imiryango y'umuryango w'abibumbye - igaragaza neza imitekerereze ishingiyeye ku bantu bagize uruhare muri icyo gikorwa. Urugero:

Mu 1946, Huxley yahise yandika agatabo avuga ko asobanura filozofiya ishingiyeye ku kigo. Yateguye intego eshatu kuri UNESCO. Icyamba mbere, gukomeza inzira y'ubwihindurizwa yo kongera ubwumvikane. Icyamba kabiri, kuringaniza (guhuzwa) ibidukikije byose bityo bikagaragaza abo batishoboye kandi badashobora kugera kubyo bashoboye byose, kabone nubwo haba hari ubukungu n'imibereho imwe. Icyamba gatatu, kwigisha abantu kuberekeye ubusumbane bwibanze bwikiremwa muntu no gukeneye kuringaniza ibidukikije.

na

Muri icyo gihe UNESCO yari ifite igitutu cyo gukomeza amahame ya gikristo mu burezi. Umuhanga mu by'amateka ya gikirisitu, Sir Ernest Barker, umwe mu bagize icyo komisiyo, yahise yamagana icyo yise, nk'uko Huxley yibukije ko ari "imyizerere yo kutemera Imana." Inkunga ya Huxley yo kuboneza urubyaro nayo ntiyashimishije bamwe mu bagize komisiyo. Benshi mu bihugu byari kuba abanyamuryango ba UNESCO baracyari abagatolika cyangwa ayandi madini kandi basanga Huxley afite ishingiro ry'ihindagurika kandi ashyingikira uburyo bwo kuboneza urubyaro. Ku rundi ruhande, Huxley, biragaragara ko nta sano yari afitanye n'itorero ryashinze. Nyuma yaje kwandika ko "abaturage benshi barushijeho kwiyongera kubera ko Kiliziya Gatolika ya Roma yarwanyaga icyo bise 'kuringaniza imbyaro' (ni ukuvuga nkana)." Mu gusubiza, Huxley yahatiye gufata inzira idahwitse. Ariko ntagushidikanya ko, nk'uko abibona, UNESCO umunsi umwe yakemura ibibazo by'isi binyuze mu guharanira ko habaho kuringaniza imbyaro.

Tugomba kwibuka ko abatsinze (abantu bagenzura sisitemu yimari) bari bashinze rwose kurema isi mumashusho yabo. Muri icyo shusho, imiterere yubukungu n'imibereho ya rubanda igomba kubanza kunganya (gushiraho gahunda). Iri "teka" rigomba gushyirwaho nabatsinze hamwe nabantu batoranijwe nabatsinze, kuko bizera ko ubwenge bwabo buruta gukurikiza inzira ya demokarasi ya rubanda. Intambwe ikurikiraho ni ukugabanya umubare wabaturage binyuze mu kuboneza urubyaro. Gusa genes yabashobora kuzamuka hejuru ya rubanda ikwiye kubungabungwa no kugwira.

Hano hari ibirango byinshi kubwubu buryo bwo gutekereza nko gukora nk'Imana, kuko aribyo. Gusa mugihe ufite ubushobozi bwuzuye kuri sisitemu yimari urashobora gutangira gutekereza kubijyanye no gushyiraho uburyo rubanda "ihura nubukungu nubukungu." Ijambo risanzwe risobanura gahunda yubukungu aho buri wese "ahura nubukungu bumwe n'imibereho" ni "ubukomunisiti." Irindi jambo risobanura uburyo abantu basumba abandi (mu kurema abantu bafite genes zisumba izindi) bategeka rubanda ni "eugenika."

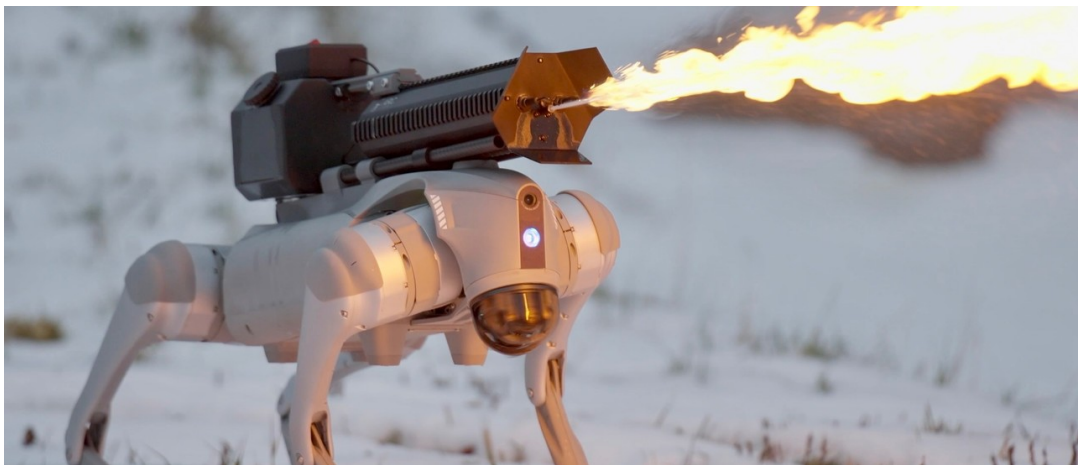
Gukoresha ikoranabuhanga mu gushinga isi - aho abagenzura ikoranabuhanga bategeka rubanda (rubanda nyamwinshi ifite ikoranabuhanga rishingiyeye ku ikoranabuhanga, rigarukira, cyangwa rishingiyeye ku mutungo kamere) - ryitwa "technocracy." Gukoresha ikoranabuhanga mu kuzamura imico Imana yahaye abantu byitwa "transhumanism."

Uyu munsi, dushobora kubona neza ko "abayobozi," bayobowe nabatsinze, barimo gukora kugirango bashyire mubikorwa ikoranabuhanga ryagutse rishobora kugenzura no kugenzura neza ibyo dukora. Bazi aho turi, ibyo dukoresha, abo duhura, ibyo tuvuga, nuburyo twinjiza amafaranga. "Abayobozi" bacu baragenda bagerageza gukoresha ikoranabuhanga kugirango batubuze kugera kubyo dukeneye by'ibanze. Imijyi yiminota 15 iratangizwa, hashyizweho sisitemu yindangamuntu, kandi Banki Nkuru ya Digital Currency (CBDCs) iratezwa imbere kuburyo budasanzwe.

Birumvikana ko ubwo buryo bwerekanwe nkibikenewe kugirango turinde ikiremwa muntu ikintu cyose tugomba gutinya, nk'ibyoze, imihindagurikire y'ikirere, n'iterabwoba. Ariko amaherezo, ni sisitemu igabanya uburyo bwawe bwo kugera kubwinshi isi itanga. Kubona ibiryo nyabyo

(nkinyama) bizarushaho kuba bike, uburyo bwawe bwo kubona lisansi (kuburugendo) buzaba buke, kubona amakuru hamwe nubushobozi bwawe bwo kuvuga mubwisanzure (kubonana nabantu utabigenzuye) bizaba bike. Abantu batunze byose barimo gukora cyane kugirango ubukungu bwubu-bushingiye ku buke-bukore neza. Hamwe na tekinoroji nka AI, drone, nimbwa za robo, zirashobora kugabanya ibintu byose mubuzima bwawe kugeza byibuze. Hanyuma - mugihe udashobora kuba indashyikirwa bihagije, mugihe udashobora kwerekana ko genes zawe ari nziza bihagije kugirango zisubirwemo - bizagabanya guhitamo abana. Nibyo bakoze mbere mubushinwa bwa gikomunisiti, kandi bazongera kubikora.

Ibi nibibaho iyo twemeye kwiharira gukora ishyamba. Ibi nibibaho mugihe tutitaye kubibera kwisi, nibibaho iyo turetse kwizera ibyo tubona n'amaso yacu. Kubwamahirwe, abantu benshi batangiye kubona ibibera mumvururu zakozwe nkana kandi zihora zitugezaho. Benshi mubashobora kubona ukuri bafite idini. Ni ukubera ko ibyanditswe bitandukanye bimaze kutuburira kubantu bashaka kudutegeka no gukina Imana. Nintambara yo mu mwuka turimo turimo, kandi inzira yonyine yo kuyihindura ni ukureka sisitemu idasobanutse yubukorikori kandi tukemera ibinyuranye nabyo: sisitemu iboneye yuzuye ubwinshi.



3.4 Imyitwarire

Amagambo avuga ngo "isi ntishobora gushyigikira umubare w'abantu wiyongera" ni uburyo bubi bwo gucengeza. Gusa abantu bibwira ko ari Imana ubwabo bakoresha ubwo buswa kugirango bahimbe impaka zitera ubukene kubandi. Mu myaka miriyari 4.54 Isi yabayeho, inyamanswa zitabarika zategetse isi. Nta n'umwe muri bo warimbuye Isi. Niba harigihe harigihe abantu barimbura ubuzima bwose kubutaka no muri metero kibe miliyoni 162 zamazi yinyanja kumuntu, ntutugomba kwishinja ubwacu cyangwa ibisekuruza byatubanjirije. Uku kurimbuka gushobora guterwa gusa nubuswa bwabantu, ibisekuruza byinshi, ibisekuruza byinshi mugihe kizaza. Kugeza ubu, nta mpamvu n'imwe - yaba ari imwe - yo gutekereza ko abantu bazigera baba abanyabwenge bihagije kugira ngo basohoze umurimo nk'uwo kandi, icyarimwe, ni ibicucu ku buryo batabona ko kurimbuka gukabije atari ubwenge. Kugeza ubu, mubyukuri ntidushobora no kwihanagura nkubwoko. Nyamuneka nyamuneka ureke kubeshya abana kuriyi ngingo.

Muri gahunda nini yibintu, dusanzwe tuzi ko izuba ryacu umunsi umwe rizareka kubaho. Ntabwo ari ukubera abantu, ahubwo kubera amategeko yumubiri yisi yose. Ikintu abantu bashobora gukora ubu nukwitaho neza. Inzira yonyine yo kubigeraho ni ugusimbuza sisitemu yubukorikori bwa kimuntu, sisitemu mbi ikora ibinyuranye nibyo ibyanditswe bitubwira. Abatsinze bakora ibishoboka byose kugirango basenye imibereho myiza yabantu bose (abandi) kandi bakoreshe imico itari yo no gucengeza kugirango abantu bizere ibinyoma byabo. Gushyira ahagaragara ukuri kandi - mugihe kimwe - gusimbuza ububi bwabo bubi byakagombye kuba ibyo dushyira imbere muri iki gihe.

4 Monopolies Hamwe N'ubuke

Imwe mu mikino izwi cyane ku isi ni "Monopoly." Yigisha abana (nabakuze) uko ubukungu bukora. Mu mukino, banki ifata amafaranga yose, kandi abakinnyi ntibagomba gukora, ahubwo bazunguza ibice kugirango bagere kumwanya 40 kurubaho. Iyo abakinnyi batsinze "Tangira" ("Genda"), banki ibaha amafaranga. Hamwe naya mafaranga, umukinnyi arashobora kugura 28 kuri 40. Iyi myanya ni umuhanda, gariyamoshi, cyangwa amasosiyete yingufu. Iyo umaze kugura, abandi bakinnyi (niba baguye kumuhanda wawe, gariyamoshi, cyangwa ubucuruzi) bagomba kukwishura amafaranga. Niba ufite umuhanda wose cyangwa gariyamoshi zose ukaba ufite "monopole", urashobora kwishyura kabiri niba abantu baguye mumitungo yawe cyangwa mubucuruzi bwawe. Niba wubatse amazu cyangwa amahoteri kumuhanda wawe, urashobora gukuramo amafaranga menshi. Niba ubuze amafaranga, urashobora gutanga inguzanyo kumitungo yawe kugirango ufate inguzanyo (inguzanyo) cyangwa kuyigurisha kubandi bakinnyi. Umukinnyi utwara abandi bakinnyi bose bahombye aratsinda. Umukino wigisha abana kubara amafaranga yabo, kuyishyura, gufata inguzanyo, kandi ikiruta byose, ubuhanga bwo gufata amafaranga yabandi no kubahomba. Kwangiza abandi mumafaranga nubusambanyi, ariko yewe, ni umukino gusa ...



Usibye kubara amafaranga, umukino uranakwigisha uburyo bwo gukora ubuke buke. Niba ufite imihanda yose yo mumuji, gariyamoshi zose mugihugu, cyangwa ukagenzura ibigo byamashyamba, urashobora kwishyura abantu bibaho kugera kumuhanda wawe, kuri sitasiyo yawe, cyangwa mubucuruzi bwamafaranga menshi. Kandi abantu bakimara kubara amafaranga, urabahatira-ukurikije amategeko-gufata inguzanyo, kugurisha ibyo batunze, cyangwa, kurushaho, kubahomba no gufata imitungo yabo yose. Niba udafite byinshi, uhinduka intego yoroshye kubakinnyi bihariye ibice byubuyobozi. Kuberako abandi bakinnyi biharira ikibaho, abakinnyi bakenye ntaho bajya kandi bakenye amafaranga yabo make kugirango bishyure byose, kugirango babeho. Nibyakuri, kuko burya nuburyo ubuke bwaremewe. Niba ufite amafaranga menshi kurenza abandi, biroroshye cyane gufata ibintu byose kubantu bafite bike. Urabanza gufata ubutaka bwabo, nibirangira, urashobora kubahatira kwishyura ibiryo byabo. Niba kandi babuze amafaranga, urashobora gutuma bagukorera niba bashaka kubaho. Nuburyo ubuke bukora mubukungu nyabwo. Kandi ukuri ni ubugome burenze!

Noneho tekereza umuntu udasanzwe ukina umukino wa Monopoly. Barashobora kandi kugura imitungo, gariyamoshi, hamwe nubucuruzi. Ariko uyu mukinnyi arihishe. Ntubabona. Urababona gusa iyo banki yishyuye ikintu, kuko uyu mukinnyi wihishe ni banki ubwayo. Uyu mukinnyi afite amafaranga asigaye mumikino adafashwe nabandi bakinnyi. Noneho tekereza uyu mukinnyi wihishe afite uburyo bwo gucapa kandi arashobora gucapa amafaranga yinyongera nkuko abishaka. Barashobora kuguriza aya mafranga kubandi bakinnyi bose bakunda kandi bagashyiraho ibisabwa kuriyi nguzanyo. Bashobora no gukoresha ingufu za gisirikare kwiba imitungo iyo bahisemo.

Ikibaho nuko umukinnyi bakunda ashobora kugura umutungo wose baguyemo. Uyu mukinnyi arashobora kugura byoroshye imitungo itimukanwa kurenza abandi, kandi icy'ingenzi, ntagomba na rimwe kugurisha ikintu. Vuba cyane, uyu mukinnyi utoneshwa azaba yarimbuye abandi bose. Iyo uyu mukinnyi akunzwe gusa na nyiri banki yihishe asigaye, banki izishyura imisoro kumitungo kandi yishyure inyungu nyinshi kubintu byose umukinnyi asigaye yatije. Kuberako abandi bakinnyi bose barimbuwe, umukinnyi usigaye nawe nta nyungu azinjiza. Hamwe nimisoro ninyungu zose, umukinnyi uri banki azahita asenya mumafaranga umukinnyi watoranijwe mbere. Gusa kubera ko banki ishobora gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga.

Kandi nuburyo ubukungu nyabwo bukora. Amabanki ntabwo ari muri sisitemu "ifitwe" nabakinnyi bose mumikino; banki ubwayo ni umukinnyi uhabwa uruhushya nabandi bakinnyi guhisha, gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga, no kugura ibintu bifatika, nkumuhanda ufite amazu namahoteri, gari ya moshi zose, nibindi bucuruzi nubutunzi karemano bwatekerezwa.

Mubuzima busanzwe, aya mabanki ni ay'abantu nyabo. Abantu twemerera kwitabira umukino, gushakisha amafaranga hanze yumuyaga, no kutwishyura imisoro ninyungu. Turabemerera kugura isambu yacu, ubucuruzi bwacu, abanyapolitiki bacu, abacamanza bacu, itangazamakuru ryacu, n'abahanga bacu. Kandi mubemerera kubikora, bihariye ibiryo dukeneye kurya, amazi dukeneye kunywa, numwuka dukeneye guhumeka.

Kuberako tubemerera gusohora amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje, barashobora (kandi bafite) kwiharira ibintu byose byatekerezwa. Bazakubwira ko "ari inyungu zawe kuri bo gutunga byose." Ndetse bazakubwira ko - kubera ko utinyuka kubaho - ba nyiri gahunda y'imari nta kundi babigenza uretse gufata ibyo bashaka gukumira imihindagurikire y'ikirere, ibyorezo n'iterabwoba. Igitekerezo icyo ari cyo cyose kivuga ko imihindagurikire y'ikirere atari ukuri, ibyorezo ntabwo ari ukuri, iterabwoba ribaho gusa kugira ngo ridutere ubwoba kandi rinutasi, kandi abakora ibanga basohora amafaranga mu kirere kitari gito bazita amahame y'ubugambanyi. Nibura, ukurikije abatsinze hamwe nabambari bahembwa.



Nkuko nabivuze mbere, sinshobora kwerekana umukinnyi wibanga inyuma yumwenda. Icyo mbona, ariko, ni uko iyi sisitemu yimari-aho kwiharira bitera ubuke buke biri mu mategeko-ni bibi. Ndetse ni bibi kuruta ikibi. Ni bibi. Ubwanyuma, bizahora bihatira abantu kureka imibereho yabo, kwimukira mumijyi, no kuba imbata zigihe cyose kubatsinze bihishe.

Muri iki gice, nzasuzuma ubwoko butatu bwingenzi bwa monopolies muburyo burambuye. Nzerekana impamvu buriwese muri monopolies amaherezo bivamo uwatsinze umwe utunze byose, bivuze ko abandi bose amaherezo bakora nkabacakara kubatsinze.

4.1 Kurema amafaranga No Gushishoza

Urashobora kuvuga ko monopole yingenzi ari monopole yo gushinga amafaranga hanze yumuyaga. Nukuri inzira yihuse yo gutunga byose. Wandika gusa miriyari y'amadorari hanyuma ugatangira kugura byose.

Mubyukuri, ariko, biragoye cyane. Niba abantu - bakora amasaha yubumuntu kumafaranga - bashoboraga kubona n'amaso yabo ko itsinda rito ryabantu bacapaga amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje, bahita bategura vuba, bagashiraho sisitemu nshya nziza, kandi bakareka iyariho. Ntabwo bitangaje kuba uburyo bwo gucapa amafaranga butagaragara kandi ko abantu babyungukiramo bihishye neza. Iyi miterere-ibemerera kutubeshya ngo twizere ko sisitemu yimari atari mibi-ni ubuhanga cyane.

Ibice Bibiri Byo Gucapa Amafaranga

Monopole yo gucapa amafaranga ijyana nubundi bwonyine: kwiharira ubushishozi mubikorwa byabandi. Aho gutekereza kuri monopoliya zombi ukwazo, mpisemo kubifata nkibice bibiri byingenzi bigize amaherezo "kwiharira amafaranga." Ibi ni ukubera ko amafaranga yo gucapa monopole akora gusa iyo yihishye muri rubanda. Monopoly monopole irashobora kubaho gusa iyo itwikiriwe, mugihe ntamuntu numwe ufite ubushishozi mubikorwa bihuza ubutunzi bushya kubatsinze. Izi ngingo zombi zerekana amafaranga yo gucapa monopole ikora inzira zombi:

1. Niba ari wowe wenyine ufite ubushishozi mubikorwa byose, ufite n'ubushobozi bwo gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga. Kuberako - niba ntawundi ushobora kubona ko amafaranga agaragara gitunguranye muri konte yawe - urashobora gukora amafaranga kubuntu.
2. Niba ari wowe wenyine ufite ubushobozi bwo gusohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga, uzashaka guhisha ukuri byihuse. Kuberako - iyaba abantu bari bazi ko ufite ubwo bushobozi - ntibari kuruhuka kugeza igihe bakwambuye ako gateka. Noneho, niba ushobora gusohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga, uzakita ushakisha inzobere nkabahanga mu bukungu, abanyapolitiki, ibitangazamakuru, abanyamategeko, abapolisi, abanyamakuru, n'ingabo zose kugira ngo hatagira ubashinyagurira bavuga ko ukora ikintu kibi. Urashobora guha akazi umuntu wese ukeneye, kuko ushobora gucapa "amafaranga yose kwisi."

Kugirango duhishe ko twemerera abantu gucapa amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje, nta buye ryasigaye rifunguye. Igihugu cyose kidafite banki nkuru cyarasenyutse, kandi "siyanse" yubukungu yarakozwe yitonze kandi abigambiriyeye yakozwe cyane kandi iteye urujijo. Inyigisho zumvikana zasubijwe inyuma, abakinnyi bakomeye bahawe ubudahangarwa, hamwe nubutaka butandukanye (nka Fort Knox, ubutaka Banki nkuru y'igihugu yubatswe, Umujyi wa London, n'Umujyi wa Vatikani) basonewe ubuyobozi bwa leta. Abanyapolitike bifuzaga, kandi bashoboraga guhindura, baricwa. John F. Kennedy yiciwe kubera Iteka nyobozi 11110, ryamaganaga Banki nkuru y'igihugu, kimwe n'abandi ba perezida benshi b'Abanyamerika. Umugambi wa Kadhafi wo kumenyekanisha dinar ya zahabu byamutwaye ubuzima. Saddam Hussein yiciwe kubera ko yahinduye igihugu amabanki ahitamo kugurisha peteroli mu ma euro. Kandi icy'ingenzi, amagambo ayo ari yo yose yerekeye izo mpamvu yahise ahagarikwa cyangwa yandikwa ko ari umugambi mubisha.

Niba ushishikajwe no gushakisha ibimenyetso byubushobozi bwitsinda rito ryabantu gushakisha amafaranga bivuye mu kirere, urashobora kumva podcast ya Tucker Carlson hamwe na Richard Werner, aho umuhanga mu by'ubukungu uzwi cyane ku isi Richard Werner agaragaza ububi bwa Banki nkuru y'igihugu n'isano iri hagati y'amabanki, intambara, na CIA. Urashobora kandi gusoma byinshi kubereye ishyingiraho rya Banki nkuru y'igihugu mu gitabo cya G. Edward Griffin "Ikiremwa kiva ku kirwa cya Jekyll".

4.2 Ubutaka

Mugihe ufite ubushobozi bwo gushakisha amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje, biragaragara kugura umutungo kamere ushoboka. Niba ufite umutungo kamere wose, urashobora kwishyura abantu ibiryo, amazi, n'umwanya wo kuzenguruka no kwishimira ubuzima. Niba wari ufite ubutaka bwose, ntuzaba ukeneye amafaranga. Amazi yaba afite agaciro kuruta zahabu. Hamwe na monopole yubutaka, urashobora gukora icyo ushaka cyose (harimo kwiha monopole yo gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga), mugihe uhaye abantu amazi make cyangwa ibiryo kugirango babeho.

Sisitemu iyo ari yo yose yemerera gutunga abikorera ku giti cyabo - mu buryo butuma umutungo kamere wiharira - bizatuma habaho igitugu kimwe na monopole ku icapiror' amafaranga. Kuguha igitekerezo cyukuntu abari kubutegetsibatekereza kwiharira umutungo kamere, suzuma uru rugero:

Mu kiganiro cyeruye kuri documentaire "Tugaburira Isi", umuyobozi wa Nestlé, Peter Brabeck, yatangaje ko bitangaje ko amazi atari uburenganzira bwa muntu. Aranenga igitekerezo cy'uko ibidukikije ari byiza akavuga ko ari ikintu gikomeye abantu bashobora noneho kurwanya ubutware bwa kamere. Aranenga kandi ubuhinzi-mwimerere avuga ko guhindura genetike ari byiza.

Nestlé nuducupa twinshi twamazi kwisi. Brabeck avuga - neza - ko amazi ari umutungo w'ingenzi ku isi. icyakora, avuga ko kwegurira abikorera ari bwo buryo bwiza bwo kugabana neza. Avuga ko igitekerezo cy'uko uburenganzira ari uburenganzira bwa muntu gikomoka ku miryango itegamiye kuri Leta "y'intagondwa". Amazi nibicuruzwa byibwiribwa nkibindi byose kandi bigomba kugira agaciro kisoko.

Yizera ko inshingano nyamukuru y'imibereho ya buri muyobozi w'isosiyete ari ukunguka inyungu nyinshi, "kugira ngo abantu babone akazi." Kandi, kugirango ashimangire icyo ari umuntu ushimishije, yizera kandi ko twese tugomba gukora igihe kirekire kandi gikomeye.

Nestlé asanzwe afite izina ribi cyane mubabarwanshyaka. Kuva mu 1977, harahamagarwa kwamagana. Ibi biterwa na Nestlé yibasiwe cyane no gutuma abagore bareka konsa-ku buntu kandi bifite ubuzima-ahubwo bagakoresha amata y'ifu (yagurishijwe na Nestlé). Nestlé yasabye leta gusaba serivisi z'ubuzima guteza imbere kugaburira amacupa. Mu bihugu bikennye, ibi byateje impfu z'abana kuko abagore bavanze amata n'amazi yanduye aho konsa.

EBimwe mu kwiharira ubutaka na ba nyir'imari ni ugukoresha amayeri yose ya politiki mabi ya politiki ku bahinzi. Hano hari amashusho atagira ingano yiya gahunda. Iyi videwo y'umunyamakuru Alex Newman ni urugero rumwe gusa rw "intambara ku isi ku bahinzi." Iyi videwo ivuga "impamvu abaherwe bagura imirima yimirima muri Amerika yose" nayo irerekana neza inzira yo kwiharira umutungo kamere. Ikibazo kuri ubu bwoko bwa videwo nuko bidasobanutse (birashoboka nkigice kimwe nkana) umubare munini wubutaka bumaze gutunga abantu basohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga. Igice kinini cy'ubutaka "giterwa inkunga", bivuze ko ba nyir'ubwite bagujije amafaranga yo kukigura kandi bakoresha ubutaka ubwabwo nk'ingwate. Igihe cyose rero inyungu yishyuwe, nibyiza kuri ba nyirayo, ariko amaherezo, amabanki afite ubu butaka. Byose bisaba ni akantu gato guturika, kandi gutunga ubutaka bigera kubantu bafite amabanki yatanze inguzanyo. Ndateganya (kandi ibi ni ugukeka gusa) ko hejuru ya 99% yigihugu cyangwa isosiyete iyo ari yo yose ifitwe nabatsinze muri ubu buryo. Ibyo bagomba gukora byose - kugirango ibyo bigaragare - ni ukugabanya amafaranga make. Tekereza banki nkuru zikuraho 5% byamafaranga yatanze mugihe kimwe icyarimwe gishimangira amategeko yo kubona inguzanyo. Baramutse babikoze kwisi yose kandi bagakurikiza iyo politiki, mugihe cyumwaka umwe cyangwa ibiri, 99% mubantu byose ushobora gutunga byagenda kubatsinze. Nibyo, ntabwo byumvikana ko bakora ibyo, kuko byerekana abatsinze. Ariko izo nizo mbaraga abatsinze bafite muri iki gihe.

*"Kugenzura ibiryo, kugenzura abantu.
Kugenzura ingufu, kugenzura imigabane.
Kugenzura amafaranga, kugenzura isi."*

Henri Kissinger

4.3 Uburenganzira Bwa IP

Mw'isi y'ubuke, amategeko menshi yaranditswe kandi poropagande nini ikoreshwa mu kurengera uburyo bugirira akamaro oligarchy yishyuye rubanda rusanzwe. Bumwe mu buryo buyobya kandi buriganya ni igitekerezo cya "Umutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge" ("IP").

Poropagande yerekana abanyamurwango bahimbye sisitemu yo gukoresha mudasobwa mu igaraje ry'ababyeyi babo maze baba abaherwe babona uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge kuri ibyo bintu byavumbuwe. Tekereza ku bantu nka Bill Gates, Steve Jobs, Mark Zuckerberg, na Jeff Bezos. Cyangwa bite ku bahimbye Santa Claus: Isosiyete ya Coca-Cola, hamwe nububiko bwayo bunini bwo kurengera uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge bwa resept ifite agaciro kwisi.

Noneho, poropagande irakubwira ko uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge bubaho kugira ngo burinde ba rwiyekezamirimo basuka imari yabo yose, ibyuya, n'amarira mu guteza imbere no kwamamaza ibicuruzwa bidasanzwe. Propaganda iratubwira ko hatabayeho kurinda umutungo bwite wubwenge, iterambere ryabantu ryahita rihagarara kuko ibitekerezo byo guhanga ntibyababifite ubushake bwo kurema niba badashobora kwiharira ibyo baremye.

Iyi nkuru yumvikana niba abantu bafite uburyo bwiza kandi bungana bwo kubona igishoro. Ikigaragara ariko, nuko abantu benshi batabona igishoro. Ntibashobora kubigeraho kuko twemerera itsinda rito ryabantu gusohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga kandi - hamwe naya mahirwe - gutera inkunga imishinga yingenzi ikorera inyungu zabo bwite.

Kugirango babone izo mbaraga nini, abatsinze bakoresheje ibigo mpuzamahanga byamenyereye guhunka amafaranga, ibikoresheje fatizo, nuburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge. Tuzerekana hepfo ko uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge ari ngombwa cyane kugirango umuntu yiharire:

IP Hamwe Nigitugu Cyubuvuzi

Mugihe cya "Covid-19," twabonye uburyo umutungo wubwenge (IP) ukoreshwa nabi. Imyiteguro yari imaze gutangira muri 2015 yo gusaba patenti zijyanye na Covid-19. Byose byatangiranye n'ikizamini cya PCR, cyahimbwe na Kary Mullis wegukanye igihembo cyitiriwe Nobel. Muri videwo, Kary Mullis asobanura impamvu ikizamini cye kidashobora gukoreshwa mu gusuzuma indwara iyo ari yo yose! Kary Mullis yatutswe nyuma yo kwerekana ko Dr. Anthony Fauchi na bagenzi be - bafite uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge ku biyobyabwenge bimwe na bimwe bya sida - badashobora gutanga ibimenyetso byerekana ko SIDA ibaho. Ibi byabaye igihe iri tsinda ryasabye Mullis kuvuga mu nama ya sida. Ku bw'amahirwe, Mullis yapfuye hasigaye ibyumweru bike ngo ibintu bya Covid-19 bitangire, kimwe na sida - byari bishingiye gusa ku kizamini cya PCR.

Ni ngombwa kumva ko imiterere yimiti y "imiti" ikoreshwa mu gukiza "indwara" nka Covid na sida ihishe neza inyuma yumwenda wibanga ukomoka kumategeko agenga imitungo yubwenge. Kurinda ibigo bitanga iyi "miti" biterwa inkunga cyane kandi bitunganijwe neza kuruta abantu basanzwe bashobora kwikingira. Abantu barashobora kwishingikiriza gusa "kwizerana" mubuyobozi. Ubwanyuma, uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge bubuza abantu kubona amakuru yukuri kubijyanye n'ikoranabuhanga n'ibicuruzwa.

Undi mutungo wubwenge urukozasoni rufite ubunini bugereranijwe ni ugukoresha nabi ADN mubihingwa ukoresheje ibinyabuzima byahinduwe (GMO's). Muri kano karere, poropagande ivuga ko abantu ubu bashobora gukoresha ikoranabuhanga nka CRISPR kugira ngo bashakishye kandi basimbuzwe ingirabuzima fatizo ziri muri genome (ADN y'ibinyabuzima) mu rwego rwo gukumira indwara cyangwa gutuma ibihingwa birwanya udukoko, ibihumyo, cyangwa

ibihe bibi. Imibare, ibi birego ntabwo byumvikana. Kurugero, abantu bafite miliyari 3.2 zifatizo muri genome yabo. Noneho reka dufate ko dufite ibinyabuzima byoroshye cyane bifite ibice 4 byibanze muri genome. Buri jambo rishobora kugira ingero 4: a, c, g, cyangwa t. Ibi bivuze ko hamwe na 4 shingiro gusa, 4^4 - cyangwa 256 - genome zitandukanye zirashoboka. Noneho reka dufate ko dukeka ko kimwe muri ibyo binyabuzima bine-fatizo-hamwe na genome ikurikirana c-c-c-c - ifite ibibazo bijyanye na fungus runaka. Kugirango tugaragaze uku gukeka, dukeneye kubanza kumenya neza ko burigihe burigihe kandi ko ntayindi mikoranire muri genome itera ibibazo bimwe. Ibarurishamibare ryerekana ibi bimaze kuba akazi kenshi. Ibi ni ukubera ko kuri buri kizamini, tugomba guhinga ibinyabuzima bishya, tukagenzura uko bikurikirana, kandi tukabishyira kuri iyo fungus yihariye gusa bishoboka. Hamwe nibinyabuzima bifite ibice 4 gusa, dushobora kugira umwanya uhagije wo kubyemeza. Ariko bizatwara imyaka myinshi, mugihe hashobora gukorwa amakosa menshi.

Mubyukuri, ariko, nta binyabuzima bifite ibice bine gusa. Ibinyabuzima nyabyo bifite amamiriyoni cyangwa miliyari ebyiri zifatizo. Kubwibyo, nta mwanya uhagije uri mu isanzure ryo kuyobora ubu bwoko bwa siyanse. Nibyo, poropagande ya siyanse irashaka ko wemera ko abantu barusha Imana ubwenge. Ariko kugeza batanze ibimenyetso bifatika aho kwihisha inyuma yumwenda wo kurengera uburenganzira bwabo bwumutungo wubwenge, ntitwakagombye kwizera ijamba ryarwo.

None, uyu mukino umaze iki? Ikigamijwe ni ukugirango abantu bemere ko abahanga barusha Imana ubwenge bityo bakaba bakeneye uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge numutekano bashobora kubona kugirango bakore umurimo wabo utagenzuwe. Ikigaragara rwose ariko, ni uko ibigo aba "bahanga" bakorera bihindura gusa urutonde rwa ADN y'ibinyabuzima kugira ngo babone uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge kuri ibyo binyabuzima. Ntacyo bitwaye rwose niba ADN yahinduwe ikora ikintu cyose gifatika. Gusa ikintu cyingenzi nuko ibihugu byinshi bishobora kwerekana ko batunze imyaka, kuko aribo bahinduye ADN. Nibyo ibyo bigo byitaho rwose.

Kubona uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge ku bihingwa ni inzira nziza yo guhomba abahinzi no gufata ubutaka bwabo. Dore uko ikora:

Kurugero, uha abahinzi imbuto za soya zikurikiranye hamwe na ADN yahinduwe kumusaruro wose, kubusa. Umuhinzi agomba gusinya amasezerano avuga ko bashobora kugumana umusaruro wibi bishyimbo bya GMO byateye imbere inshuro imwe gusa, mugihe cyo gusarura. Niba umuhinzi anyuzwe, barashobora kugura imbuto zimwe umwaka utaha kubicro byagenwe. Nyamara, umuhinzi afite uburenganzira bwo guhagarara no gusubira mu mbuto zitari GMO y'ibishyimbo bahoraga bakoresha. Nyamara, umuhinzi ntiyemerewe gukoresha imbuto bashobora kuba barabonye mu bihingwa bya GMO. Nibabikora, bagomba kwishyura amande menshi. Amasezerano arashobora no gukomera kuburyo utanga ibihugu byinshi bitanga imbuto za GMO afite uburenganzira bwo gufata umurima w abahinzi, mugihe uwatanze imbuto ya GMO ashobora kwerekana ko umuhinzi yarenze ku masezerano. Bigenda bite noneho umuhinzi agarutse ku mbuto zishaje? Ibihingwa bimwe na bimwe bya GMO bizakomeza gukura, kubera ko bidashoboka gukuraho imbuto zose n'imizi y'ibiti bya GMO bisigaye mu butaka. Ibihugu byinshi noneho byinjira mumurima bigatangira gukurikirana ibihingwa. Niba ibonye ibihingwa hamwe na ADN ya GMO, birashobora guca umuhinzi cyangwa gufata umurima we wose niba umuhinzi adashobora kwishyura amande.

Ibi bintu byagaragaye mu Buhinde, bituma abantu biyahura ibihumbi icumi by'abahinzi batakaje imirima yabo ndetse n'imibereho yabo kandi bakaba badafite uburyo bwo guhangana n'amategeko mpuzamahanga kubera ibyo bikorwa bibi. Mubisanzwe, ibinyabuzima ntibishobora gutangwa, ariko CRISPR ituma ibi bishoboka. Kandi rero, abatsinze barashobora gusaba

nyirubwite kubyo Imana yaremye kandi bigatera ubukene bwimbaraga kubantu bose badafite imbaraga zamafaranga yo kurema ibyo bitekerezo byemewe.

IP n'Ubugenzuzi

Uburyo bwa kabiri umutungo wubwenge ufasha ibihugu byinshi nukurinda ibanga ryurugero, iterambere rya sisitemu y'imikorere na software yihariye ya terefone, mudasobwa zigendanwa, na PC. Twari tumaze kumenya ko telefone zigendanwa, cyane cyane, dusangira rwihihwa amakuru menshi y'abakoresha n'abakora telefone buri muni. Smartphone, byumwihariko, kuri ubu nigikoreshe cyubutasi cyanyuma, ukoresheje software nka porogaramu mbuga nkoranyambaga hamwe na sisitemu y'imikorere yohereza amakuru yawe mu bihugu byinshi biteza imbere ibikoreshe na software.

Ubwanyuma, ni umutungo wubwenge hamwe nikoranabuhanga ryibanga rihisha ibyo bikorwa bitemewe na software hamwe nabakora ibyuma. Kandi nta kwibeshya kuri ibyo. Abatsinze nibamara gushyiraho gahunda yabo nshya yisi yose hamwe nimijyi yiminota 15, indangamuntu ya enterineta, interineta itagira izina, amategeko arwanya ibanga, kumenyekanisha mu maso, amafaranga ya banki nkuru y'amafaranga, amafaranga y'ibanze rusange, uburyo bwo gutanga inguzanyo ya karubone, sisitemu yo gutanga amanota ya karubone, sisitemu ya QR yo gukingira ku gahato, amategeko yo gutandukanya abantu ashobora gukoreshwa kuri interineta, imbwa za robo, drone, 5-6-7 abimukira benshi, hamwe numuyoboro ukomeye wo kugenzura AI, ntibazongera gukeneye amategeko yumutungo wubwenge. Numara kuba muri dystopiya ya digitale, kugenzura bitoroha. Niyo mpamvu bagikomeza kutwemeza ko uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge bubaho kugirango bitugirire akamaro.

IP Na Propaganda

Abahanzi benshi bumva barinzwe nuburenganzira. Ariko iyo urebye neza, ushobora kuvuga ko uburenganzira bufasha itsinda rito ryabahanzi, ndetse bakumva ko hari ibitagenda neza. Reka turebe inganda zumuziki. Abahanzi benshi bakomeye rwose batangaje ko bagurishije ubugingo bwabo satani. Ikibaho mubyukuri nuko ba nyiri sisitemu bakimara kuvumbura impano nyayo, bayisinyira kumurongo wanditse. Abahanzi bazi ko amasezerano meza gusa ashobora kuzamura umwuga wabo. Niyo mpamvu bose bafite ubushake bwo kwimura uburenganzira bwabo mubigo biterwa inkunga namafaranga yacapishijwe umwuka mubi. Abahanzi bazi neza ibyo bakora kandi bemera ko ari imbata za banyiri label.



Prince yanditse ijamba "imbata" mu maso ye mu 1993 kugirango yamagane isosiyete ye yanditse.

Mubihe bidasanze cyane, indirimbo yibwe kumuhanzi utagurishije uburenganzira bwabo bwose, kandi - niba ari ubutwari, amahirwe, nabakire - barashobora kwishura amwe mumafaranga yatanze nababikoze. Ariko, bazi kandi ko uramutse ufashe ibirango byanditse, birashobora gutuma umwuga wawe usigaye bigorana. Niyo mpamvu abahanzi benshi bifuzaga gushyira umuziki wabo kubantu kurubuga rusange, kugirango bamenyekane. Uburenganzira cyangwa ntabwo, ntacyo bitwaye, kandi ntibibuzaga guhanga ibyo aribyo byose.

Nibyo, iki kibazo cyuburenganzira ntabwo cyihariye mubikorwa byumuziki. Abandi "superstars" bose, nkaba star ba firime ya Hollywood, abanditsi, abakinnyi, abashushanya imideli nabanyamideli, abatanga ibiganiro kuri TV nabakinnyi, "abanyamakuru," "abahanga," abanyapolitiki, ndetse nabandi, bagize gahunda imwe yumutungo wubwenge. Gukora ibifitwe nabatsinze birashobora noneho gutuma ibyo bintu biba bike.

Kugera kubirimo, birumvikana ko ari ngombwa, cyane cyane iyo bigeze kubumenyi bwa siyansi. Guhisha imiti yimiti cyangwa ibizamini byingenzi kugirango amazi yo kunywa agire umutekano, urugero, hamwe n'ibinyabuzima byapanze ibuzaba kubona ibiryo bityo bikangiza abahinzi byose ni ibikorwa bibi cyane. Kubaho kwi monopole ya gatatu, nabyo, amaherezo bizafasha ba nyirabyo kugenzura ubutaka bwose buboneka no kwiha uburenganzira bwo kwihangira amafaranga kubusa.

4.4 Nigute Ushobora Guca Monopolies 3

Hagomba kumvikana ko buri kimwe muri ibyo bitatu byonyine kizagera ku itsinda rito ryabantu bagenzura buri wese. Ibi amaherezo bizagaragaza hamwe nogushiraho gahunda nshya yisi izakoresha uburyo bwo kugenzura igitugu nuburyo bwa polisi kugirango rubanda ikomeze kumurongo. Misa izahabwa amabwiriza yerekeye icyo gukora nicyo kurya, kandi izahabwa amafaranga ashobora gukoreshwa gusa mubihe bikomeye. Bizaba nkubukomunisiti, ariko ubu hamwe nubuhanga bugezweho bwa AI bugenzurwa nikoranabuhanga kandi bipimye neza, kubona ibiryo, imyambaro, nibindi bintu ugomba kubaho. Hazabaho ubukene bukabije. Gusa birahagije kugirango ukomeze kubaho kandi wishimishe, byibura, mugihe cyose udatara ibibazo mugira igitekerezo. Gusa abayobozi ba sisitemu bazemererwa kwishimira ubwinshi bwisi, mugihe bagera kuzamura genetike yubumuntu no kuzamura ubumenyi nubushobozi bwabo hamwe nikoranabuhanga rya transhuman. Nibyiza, sinzi ibyawe, ariko sinkeka ko aricyo cyatumye Imana idushyira kwisi. Niyo mpamvu mbona ko ari ngombwa kuva muri sisitemu "yubukungu" iriho no gushyiraho uburyo bwiza cyane. Sisitemu ishingiyeye ku gukoresha ubwinshi bwisi kandi ikozwe imbere imbere kugirango igirire akamaro buri wese. Ntidukeneye sisitemu-yibanze-yashizweho kugirango igirire akamaro itsinda rito ryabantu batoranijwe nabatsinze kandi ryemerera iri tsinda gukoresha abandi nkabacakara babo.

Byakagombye kumvikana ko monopoliya uko ari eshatu zavuzwe haruguru zigomba gucika. Nubwo umwe muri ibyo yarakokora, ntizashobora guhanga igitugu cyegereye. Kubwibyo, nzongera kuganira kuri monopolies eshatu hepfo, ariko noneho ndagaragaza uburyo zishobora gucika:

4.4.1 Senya Monopoly yo Gucapa Amafaranga Mubusa

Ikibazo gikomeye mu kwimukira kuri "Abundomy" ni ugusenyana monopole ku "gucapa amafaranga mu kirere." Hariho ibibazo bibiri by'ingenzi:

4.4.1a Kwemera Amafaranga Yimwitwarire

Mugihe ufite amahirwe yo gucapa amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje, urashobora kugura ikintu cyose gisa namafaranga (zahabu, ifeza, cryptocurrencies zose, amafaranga yaho,

namafaranga). Urashobora kandi kugura ubutaka bwose, umutungo wose (ejo hazaza) umutungo kamere, ubucuruzi bwose, nuburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge. Kubera ko kugura kwinshi nabatsinze ibintu byose kururwo rutonde bishingiye ku buriganya, amafaranga yose yavuzwe haruguru yandujwe niyi "sisitemu y'ifaranga ridahwitse." Ibyo bivuze iki?

Urugero Rwa Boss Jimmy

Reka dutange urugero rwisoko rinini ryamafi mugace kicyambu cyumuji munini. Abantu hafi ya bose muri uyu muji amahereze barya amafi yagurishijwe kuri iri soko. Noneho, hari umuntu umwe ku cyambu hamwe n'inshuti basohora amafaranga hanze. Yitwa Jimmy Umurobyi. Ntawe uzi ko Jimmy Umurobyi afite amafaranga menshi kuko akora buhoro cyane. Mu myaka irenga 40, yaguze amato menshi yo kuroba, abacuruzi amafi, na resitora y'ibiryo byo mu nyanja, kandi yishyura imishinga myinshi y'abayobozi ba leta bahitamo amategeko y'uburobyi. Abantu bose batekereza ko Jimmy Umurobyi ari umucuruzi uzi ubwenge gusa, ariko mubyukuri, Jimmy Umurobyi arashobora kuja muri banki gusa, gukuramo amafaranga uko ashaka, no kugura umugabane munini wuburobyi.

Ibi bimuha inzira zitabarika zo gutuma ibintu bigora cyane iyindi miryango yuburobyi. Urashobora gutekereza ko atari byiza. Urashobora kubaza, "Kuki Jimmy Umurobyi yabikora? Jimmy Umurobyi asanzwe afite amafaranga arenze ayo ashobora gukoresha." Icyo abantu batazi, nuko, abantu - baha Jimmy Umurobyi amafaranga akeneye - bamubwira icyo gukora. Niba Boss Jimmy adakoze ibi, bazafata ubucuruzi bwa Boss Jimmy. Boss Jimmy rero akora gusa nkuko yabibwiwe.

Boss Jimmy aherutse kubwirwa gusenya ubucuruzi bwose bwa ba rwiyezamirimo basigaye binangiye banga kugurisha ubwato bwabo, impushya zo kwisoko, hamwe na resitora yo mu nyanja kuko iyi miryango yashakaga kubona ejo hazaza h'abana babo. Abantu basohora amafaranga noneho barashaka gutunga byihuse byose kugirango bashobore gushyiraho guverinoma ya gikomunisiti. Guverinoma y'abakomunisiti isobanura ko ibintu byose mubuzima bwawe bigenwa na leta (akazi ukora, umubare w'abana ushobora kubyara, aho abana bawe bajya mwishuri, ibyo biga, amafaranga buri wese yinjiza, ibyo ushobora gusoma, nibyo ushobora kuvugaga).

Abantu basohora amafaranga mumuyaga mwinshi bakeneye cyane ubu bukomunisiti kuko - niba abantu bamenye ko babeshye mubuzima bwabo bwose - barashobora kwigomeka. Niyo mpamvu kandi abantu bashobora gucapa amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje bakora buhoro. Ariko ubu abantu benshi cyane batangiye kubona ibinyoma bya sisitemu yimari, Jimmy asabwa kwihuta.

Ibyo Jimmy yakora kugirango afashe abamushinze ni ukugabanya ibiciro bye. Niba agabaniye ibiciro ku isoko ry'amafi, abakiriya benshi bazahitamo kugura amafi yabo mu maduka y'amafi ya Jimmy. Jimmy ntabyitayeho kuko aramutse atakaje amafaranga, azabona amafaranga menshi kubantu basohora amafaranga.

Andi maduka abaza Jimmy impamvu yamanuye ibiciro byamafi cyane. Jimmy abwira abantu bose ko atekereza ko ibiciro byamafi biri hasi cyane kuko abantu benshi bahanganye nubukungu kandi ntibazagura amafi niba tutagabaniye ibiciro byacu.

Noneho andi maduka ntayandi mahitamo afite uretse kugabanya ibiciro byayo. Amaduka amwe aragerageza kubona inguzanyo kugirango yishyure igihombo, ariko banki ziranga. Ubu rero abantu bahatiwe kugurisha amaduka yabo Jimmy umutware. Niba Jimmy umuyobozi yanze kugura, amaduka azafunga ahomba. Amaduka akoreshwa nabantu bafite amafaranga yo kuzigama ashobora kuba akiri mugihe gito, ariko batekereza kugurisha kuko babona amafaranga yabo yazimye vuba.

Hariho ubundi buryo bwinshi bwo guhagarika amarushanwa. Jimmy umutware yashoboraga kandi gusaba inshuti ze muri guverinoma amabwiriza akomeye. Kurugero, kunoza isuku nogukonjesha amaduka, cyangwa kuzamura ibindi bipimo byiza. Guhatira abantu bose gupima amafi kuri bagiteri inshuro eshanu kenshi. Ibishoboka byo kongera ibiciro mubikorwa byo kubyara ntibigira iherezo. Niba ibiciro bizamutse, Jimmy umuyobozi ashobora gutekereza gusa ko amarushanwa ye agabanuka.



Abashobora gucapa amafaranga mummyuka yoroheje bazahora babona inzira. Kandi ibi biraba ubungubu muri buri nganda na buri bucuruzi. Hamwe n'amasosiyete nka Amazon, Ali Baba, amakarita y'inguzanyo, hamwe n'inzego za leta nk'ubumwe bw'ibihugu by'Uburayi, abantu bo hagati barasenywa nkana kugira ngo rubanda yemere gahunda y'abakomunisiti nta kurwana.

Kandi uyu mukino ntabwo ukinishwa gusa ku masoko y'amafi, ahubwo no ku yandi masoko yose, harimo n'amasoko yose y'imari, nk'amafaranga yose yerekana amafaranga, zahabu na feza, igipimo cy'ivunjisha, imigabane, ingwate, n'umutungo utimukanwa. Niba ushobora gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga, uzagenzura buri soko, kandi - niba ufite ubwenge kubijyanye - ntamuntu numwe uzabona ibibera. Bizaryozwa ubushobozi buke bwabanyapolitiki, umururumba wabanyamigabane mpuzamahanga, nububoko butagaragara bwubukungu. Niba kandi utinyutse kuvuga ko gahunda irimo gusunikwa nabantu bagambanira abantu bakorana umwete, uri umuhanga mubugambanyi, kandi abapolisi bazakureba kandi bagasure.

Twakora Iki?

Noneho ko tumaze gusobanukirwa neza nuburyo kwiharira amafaranga yo gucapa bikoreshewa nabi kugirango tubashe kugenzura isosiyete, dukeneye kurebera hamwe ubundi buryo nibyiza nibibi:

Ntabwo Igurishwa

Ikibazo hamwe nubundi buryo bwimari yimari (nka cryptocurrencies, ibyuma byagaciro, amafaranga, cyangwa amafaranga yaho) ni uko niba ushobora kugura igice kinini cyayo mafranga hamwe n'amafaranga adakwiye (amafaranga ushobora gusohora hanze yumuyaga muto), icapiro ryamafaranga ridahwitse amaherezo azakoresha ubugenzuzi bwabo bwinshi kugirango yirukane abanywanyi bose muri sisitemu, kandi akomeze kwishyiriraho komini.



Kuvanga namafaranga adasanzwe ntibishoboka

Ibi bivuze ko bidashoboka-muri iki gihe-kwinjiza uburyo bwiza bw'amafaranga, buboneye (imytwarire) kandi utegereje ko buzasimbuza bumwe. Kuberako mugihe icapiro ryamafaranga ribonye ko ubundi buryo bugenda bwiyoungera kandi bukaba iterabwoba rikomeye, bazagira

amahirwe menshi yo kuyinjiramo. Nubikora, bazahindura "umwanda" iyi sisitemu yimyitwarire ishobora guhita ihinduka sisitemu yifaranga ridakwiye. Mubyukuri birumvikana ko bidashoboka kuvanga amafaranga meza kandi arenganya. Nukugerageza gutuma inyanja zinywa wongeyeho amazi meza yo kunywa. Ubwinshi bwamazi meza yo kunywa ukeneye kugirango amazi yinyanja anywe ni menshi cyane.

Ibi bivuze ko ikintu cyingenzi kiranga ubwoko bushya, buboneye bwamafaranga bugomba gushirwaho nuko budashobora kugurishwa namafaranga yacu, kandi ko, nkurugero, ntihakagombye kubaho urubuga rwubucuruzi aho amafaranga meza ashobora kugurwa cyangwa kugurishwa namafaranga arenganya.

Ntibishoboka kugumana ubundi buryo buboneye-watangiza uyu munsu-butavanze. Ntibishoboka kuko, ubungubu, hafi ya ntamuntu numwe ubona amafaranga yacu ya fiat (nkama euro, amadolari, pound, rubles, yen, na yuan) nabantu babicapa nkisoko yambere yibibazo hafi ya byose bishobora gutekerezwa. Abantu benshi ntibazi gusa uburyo sisitemu yimari ikora nuburyo itubeshya.

Wigishe Abantu kandi Utange Sisitemu Nziza Nziza!

Ibi bivuze ko umurimo wingenzi cyane ari ukumenyesha buriwese ibibazo bijyanye nifaranga ryubu hamwe nakamaro ko kureka iyi sisitemu yuburiganya vuba bishoboka.

Ariko, tugomba nanone icyarimwe gushiraho ubundi buryo buboneye kandi budashobora na rimwe kwangirika. Tugomba kwigisha abantu icyo aricyo cyose nuburyo bwo kubishyira mubikorwa.

Mugihe dushizeho sisitemu nshya, tugomba kumva ko tutavugaga sisitemu izagenda isukura buhoro buhoro iyubu. Ruswa muri sisitemu iriho, nyuma yikinyejana cyibinyoma, yashinze imizi kuburyo bidashoboka gusa kuyisukura intambwe ku yindi. Niyo mpamvu nsaba "gukata gukomeye." Akanya ko kuba indashyikirwa mu gihe kitarambiranye, aho abatuye isi bose hamwe - mu gihe kimwe - banze gahunda iriho, kandi akabikora mu buryo bwateguwe, butondetse, amahoro, n'ubumuntu. Icyo gihe, tuzatangaza kandi ko isi yose hamwe n'iseswa ry'imyenda kandi dutangire gukora sisitemu yimari yimyitwarire. Ubwiza bwiyi ngamba nuko tutazagarukira kubiranga ibishushanyo mbonera bya sisitemu nshya. Ubu dushobora gukora sisitemu nshya kuva kera kandi tukayishushanya muburyo bwiza bushoboka, bumwe bugirira akamaro buri wese.

Mugihe cyo gukora sisitemu nshya, tugomba kwibanda kubantu bitanu. Sisitemu igomba:

1. Shiraho uburinganire,
2. Shakisha amafaranga utabogamye kandi utagabanije,
3. Komeza gutanga amafaranga kumuntu ahoraho,
4. Kora ibikorwa byose bisobanutse kuri buri wese,
5. Menya neza ko uruhare ari uburenganzira bwa muntu kuri buri muntu muzima.

1. Shiraho Uburinganire

Het belangrijkste aspect waar we naar moeten kijken, is de schepping van geld. Wanneer je de vraag stelt:

Ati: "Tugomba kwemerera itsinda rito ry'abantu gushora amafaranga mu kirere, kuyigura, hanyuma tukayaguriza - ku nyungu - abantu, amasosiyete, cyangwa ibihugu?"

Igisubizo kuri kiriya kibazo biragaragara ko 'oya'.

Niba igisubizo ari "oya," biragaragara kandi ko dukeneye inzira nziza zo gushakisha amafaranga. Ariko, biragaragara kandi ko dukeneye amafaranga. Aya mafranga mashya, ntashobora gutangwa nkumwenda (kubaturage cyangwa leta). Twari tuzi ko gahunda yimyenda idakora kuko ideni ritanga inguzanyo kubaguriza. Kuberako amafaranga agomba kutagira aho abogamiye, bivuze ko dukeneye gushaka uburyo bwiza bwo gushakisha amafaranga. Ni ubuhe buryo duhitamo?

Nigute Dushiraho Amafaranga meza?

Intambwe yambere mugushinga sisitemu nshya yimari nukubona inzira nziza yo gushakisha amafaranga. Tuvuge ko abantu bose bagiye mu mubumbe mushya bagatangira guhera, twakora dute amafaranga mashya neza?

A. Gusubiramo Ikintu Kimwe?

Tugomba - na none - guhitamo itsinda rito ryabantu hanyuma tukababwira kwihisha mbere, nibimara guhishwa, gushakisha amafaranga uko bakeneye, kuyitunga, no kuyaguriza inyungu kubantu bose, isosiyete, cyangwa leta? Oya, byanze bikunze, ntamuntu uri hanze yiri tsinda rito washyigikira icyo gitekerezo.

B. Kimwe Ariko Noneho Biragaragara?

Noneho, aho kureka icapiro ryamafaranga ryihisha, twakagombye guhatira iri tsinda rito ryicapiro ryamafaranga kwihisha, ariko tukabemerera gucapa amafaranga yose, kuyifata, no kuyatanga kubwinyungu? Byaba byiza kandi byiza?

Nibyiza, iyo sisitemu yari kuba nziza cyane, kuko ubu buriwese yashoboraga kubona ibibaye mubyukuri. Kandi buriwese yahita amenya ko sisitemu nkiyi yarenganijwe rwose.

C. Reka Guverinoma Zacu Zikore Icapiro Ry'amafranga

Birashoboka rero ko dukeneye itsinda rirenze rimwe. Ahari buri guverinoma kwisi igomba kongera kwihangira amafaranga yayo hanyuma igahitamo ubwinshi bwayo ishobora gucapwa? Kwemerera leta gucapa amafaranga yazo byumvikana neza. Ariko, byateje kandi ibibazo bikomeye. Mubyukuri, nuburyo sisitemu yacu ya ruswa yabayeho.

Ikibazo cya mbere, byanze bikunze, ni iki: ni gute abantu bashobora kwemeza ko guverinoma yabo izabikora neza? Amadeni aha leta imbaraga zidakwiye kubenegihugu. Abayobozi ba leta bafite imbaraga nini, kandi ibishuko byo gucapa amafaranga yinyongera no kuyakoresha kugirango bagure imbaraga zabo - bo ubwabo nimiryango yabo - ni byinshi. Bashobora gushyiraho serivisi nshya zibanga zibangamira abantu ibintu biteye ubwoba (urugero, niba badatoye neza), kandi ibibazo bimwe byagaruka.

Urashobora kandi - na none - kumenyekanisha bishoboka ko ibihugu byugarije mugenzi wawe kandi bigatwara ubushobozi bwo gucapa amafaranga. Guverinoma zatangira kubaka ingabo no kuzamura imisoro "kugirango yirwaneho." Ndetse nta ntambara, ufite amasezerano yubucuruzi atandukanye, inguzanyo za leta zikoreshe mu kugurizanya amafaranga, no kuvunja amafaranga (Forex) bifasha gukoresha igipimo cy'ivunjisha. Ni mu buhe buryo ibyo byose bisobanutse? Twabonye byose mbere, kandi biganisha ku kajagari turimo ubu. Reka tuvugishe ukuri. Ntabwo yigeze ikorera rubanda rusanze, kandi ntizigera ikora, mugihe leta zifite ubutegetsu.

D. Abaturage

Turashobora no gukuza imbere no guha abaturage baho inshingano zo gushiraho amafaranga yaho. Kugirango tuvuge muri make ibyo bishoboka, twavugaga gusa ko abaturage baho bazahura nibibazo nkubutegetsu mugihe bemerewe gucapa amafaranga yacu. Ibishuko kubari kubutegetsu bizaba bikomeye cyane, kandi ikibazo-niba koko sisitemu yimari ikora kimwe kubantu bose - ntagushidikanya.

Wibuke: kugerageza kurema uburinganire ntibisobanura ko ibisubizo bigomba kuba bimwe kubantu bose. Ibinyuranye nukuri. Abantu bakora cyane bazashobora kubona amafaranga menshi kurusha abadashobora gukora (nk'abana n'abasaza bafite ubumuga). Tugomba gusa kwemeza ko abantu twemerera kugenzura sisitemu yimari badakoresha nabi ayo mahirwe kubwinyungu zabo bwite. Kugira ngo buriwese byibuze afite amahirwe angana yo gutera imbere.



Banki nkuru yigihugu: Ntabwo ari reta kandi idafite ububiko

E. Kurema Kuri Buri Muntu

Inzira imwe rukumbi yo gushakisha amafaranga nuko buri wese "yihangira ibiceri bye." Ikibazo cyonyine kigomba gukemurwa noneho ni: "Nigute dushobora kwemeza ko abantu bamwe badakora ibiceri byinshi kurenza abandi?" Kugira ngo usubize icyo kibazo, ugomba gusa kuzana itegeko rimwe: ntamuntu numwe wemerewe gukora igiceri kirenze kimwe kuri buri gihe, nkigiceri kimwe kumasegonda, igiceri kimwe kumasaha, cyangwa igiceri kimwe kumunsi. Reka dufate ko ari igiceri kimwe mu isaha, noneho itegeko ni: "Umuntu wese witabira sisitemu yimari akora igiceri kimwe kumasaha mubuzima bwe." Niba dukora sisitemu yo gushiraho amafaranga mu mucyo rwose - kugirango buriwese agenzure ko ntamuntu uriganya - noneho dufite gahunda iboneye yo gushakisha amafaranga. Turashobora no kwemerera kugenzurwa kurwego rwibanze cyangwa no kurwego rwa leta, mugihe abantu ku giti cyabo bashobora kugenzura byimazeyo ibyavuye mu nzego z'ibanze cyangwa za leta.

Noneho, dushobora kwemeza ko guhanga amafaranga - urugero, igiceri 1 kumasaha kumuntu - niyo sisitemu ikwiye? Itandukaniro ryumvikana cyane kuribi nukwemerera gusa abantu bakora gukora igiceri 1 kumasaha. Cyangwa gusobanura amasomo - urugero, umuganga ubaga ubwonko yemerewe gukora ibiceri birenga 1 kumasaha kuko yagombaga kwiga kugeza afite imyaka mironko ine mbere yuko atangira gukora - kugirango abone neza uwashobora gukora ibiceri bingahe. Ikibazo hano kiroroshye kubona: "Nigute ushobora gusobanura akazi?" Umwana ukina na Lego ahinduka injeniyeri, yakinye cyangwa yize? Ibyo birakwiye ugereranije numwana utarigeze agira Lego? Ntabwo bishoboka gusa gusobanura no guha agaciro umurimo. Nta nubwo ari ngombwa. Tekereza itsinda rito ryaremye amafaranga yacu yose. Ntabwo bakoze (gusunika buto kuri mudasobwa ikora amamiliyaridi y'amadolari ntabwo numva ari akazi kuri njye), nyamara amafaranga yaremewe. Ntabwo rero bikenewe gushiraho isano hagati yakazi no guhanga amafaranga. Ihuza riva gusa nyuma yuko amafaranga aboneka. Sosiyete imaze kwemeza ko iyo mibare kuri terefone zacu ari amafaranga, cyangwa ko ibishishwa bimwe ari amafaranga, bihinduka amafaranga. Kandi ubuke bwibiceri byatoranijwe mumifuka yacu noneho bigena agaciro kacu kuri twese. Nyuma yigihe cyo gukoresha-ubanza hamwe nibiciro biri hejuru cyane cyangwa biri hasi cyane - tuzahita tumenya ibiciro byibicuruzwa na serivisi bigomba kuba - ukurikije ibyo dukeneye ndetse no kubona ibiceri - kandi dushobora gutangira kubikoresha uko bikwiye.

2. Shaka Amafanga Utabogamye Kandi Utagabanije

Abantu bashaka kuyobora abandi bazahora bagerageza kumvisha abantu bose ko bafite ibimenyetso "siyanse" bishinja abantu (abandi) amakosa menshi cyane

ibintu bakoze mubuzima bwabo. Bazashinja abantu kurya ibintu bibi, kuvuga ibitari byo, gukora ibitari byo, kwiteranya n'abantu babi, ndetse no kwizera ibitari byo. Amafaranga yamye akoreshwa nabi mugucunga abandi. Kurugero, abashaka kuyobora abandi bavuga ko abantu benshi badashoboye kurera abana babo, ko abantu bakora ingendo nyinshi, cyangwa ko abantu badashobora guhagarika kwanduza ibidukikije no kubangamira amoko yose. Abantu bashaka kuyobora abandi bahoraga bagera guhimba inkuru kugirango basobanure neza imisoro, kugirango ("abayobozi") bafite amikoro yubusa yo gushyiraho "nziza" kuri aba baturage batize.

Noneho - hamwe na Banki Nkuru y'ifaranga rya Digital, imijyi yiminota 15, hamwe na banki byiyemeje gutandukana, uburinganire, no gushyiramo (DEI) hamwe ninguzanyo za karubone - biragaragara neza ko icapiro ryamafaranga ryifuza ko amafaranga yacu azaza ateganyijwe rwose. Ariko, iri ni iterambere riteye akaga. Amateka, abaturage bashizeho amategeko na sisitemu yo kubahiriza kugirango bashireho amategeko. Umuntu yahoraga ari umwere kugeza igihe agaragaye ko afite icyaha kandi ntagomba gutinya sisitemu yo kugenzura AI 24/7 igera gukomeza niba umuntu ashobora kuba afite imyizerere y'ibinyoma.

Kwemeza ubwisanzure bwa muntu nubuzima bwiubashye, bushingiye ku kwizerana no kwemera ko abantu bagomba gukora amakosa kandi bakabyigiraho, uburyo bwiza bwamafaranga - nta mbogamizi - bugomba kuba ishingiro ryimikorere yimari. Abenegihugu n'abaturage baho ni bo bagomba kumenya uburyo bwo guhangana n'ibyo bifatika kandi (nibiba ngombwa) bashiraho ubundi buryo bwo gutera inkunga ibikorwa bya leta. Niba abenegihugu bahisemo gutanga imisoro, barashobora guhitamo kubikora. Ariko, niba bahitamo kwishyura kubushake kubikorwa bya leta, ibi nabyo birashoboka. Inzitizi z'amafaranga (nkimisoro) zigomba guhora ari ikibazo cyaho bityo ntizigere zinjizwa muri sisitemu yimari bitemewe. Amafaranga agomba guhora atabogamye kubijyanye na gahunda iyo ari yo yose kandi nta bisobanuro byuzuye.

3. Menya Neza Ko Amafaranga Adashobora Kwi Yongera Cyangwa Kugabanuka

Tekereza umubumbe wimpimbano ufite abantu 10 buriwese afite ibiceri 10, kandi ko uyu mubumbe urimo ibicuruzwa 100 gusa, buri wese akeneye kimwe. icyo gihe, igiciro cya buri gicuruzwa cyaba igiceri 1. Uramutse ugiye gukuba kabiri umubare wibiceri bizenguruka - guha buri wese ibiceri 20 - agaciro kibyo bintu byahita bihinduka ibiceri 2 buri kimwe. Urashobora gutekereza kuri ibi nk "amafaranga yiruka ibicuruzwa."

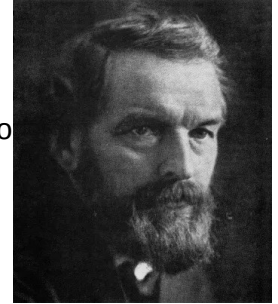
Niba umubare wabantu kuri iyi si ugomba kwikuba kabiri, ushobora kuvuga ko umubare wibicuruzwa na serivisi nabyo byikuba kabiri. Inshuro ebyiri abantu benshi bivuze gukuba kabiri ubushobozi bwo gusarura cyangwa gukuramo umutungo kamere no gukuba kabiri ubushobozi bwo gukora ibicuruzwa. Kuri serivisi-nko kogosha umusatsi-ubushobozi nabwo bwikuba kabiri. Kurugero, tuzirengagiza ubukungu bwikigereranyo kugirango ibintu byoroshe. Niba buri muntu yakiriye igiceri kimwe gusa mu isaha kandi abaturage bakikuba kabiri, ibicuruzwa nabyo byikuba kabiri. Muri icyo nyigisho, nta inflation yaba ihari kuko umubare w'amafaranga "wiruka" umubare wibicuruzwa ntiwahinduka. Kwikuba kabiri umubare wabantu byikuba kabiri amafaranga yatanze muri sisitemu nigiceri 1 kumasaha. Kubera ibicuruzwa biboneka nabyo byikuba kabiri icyarimwe, ibi rero ntabwo byatera ifaranga cyangwa guta agaciro.

Urugero rwerekana ko gutanga amafaranga bigomba guhora bihujwe numubare wabantu bazima mugihe runaka. Ubu buryo nuburyo bwiza bwo gukumira ifaranga. Muri sisitemu yacu y'ubu, ntishobora kwirinda ifaranga rishingiye ku baturage no guta agaciro: muri gahunda iriho, kugabanuka kw'abaturage bivuze kugabanuka kw'ibicuruzwa. Kubera itangwa ryamafaranga ridahinduka, amafaranga yatanze kumuntu ariyongera, bivuze ifaranga.

Ibinyuranye, ubwiyongere bwabaturage muri sisitemu yacu isobanura ibicuruzwa byinshi bifite amafaranga amwe, bivuze ko igiciro cyibicuruzwa cyagabanuka, aribyo guta agaciro.

Demurrage

Ariko, niba abantu miliyari 8 baramutse bongereyeho miliyari 8 ibiceri mugutanga amafaranga, harikindi kibazo: Muricyo gihe, itangwa ryamafaranga ryahoraga riyongeraho ibiceri bya miliyari 8 kumasaha, bityo ibiciro nabyo bikazamuka bikomeje. Nigute ushobora kwirinda ifaranga rihoraho muri sisitemu yo gushiraho amafaranga hamwe nigiceri 1 kumuntu?



*Silvio Gesell (1862-1930)
"Se wa Demurrage"*

Inzira yonyine yo kubigeraho neza ni ugukoresha gusa ikintu (nkijanisha) kugirango ugabanye umubare wibiceri bizenguruka, kandi ubikora buri saha. Iki kintu cyo kugabanya cyitwa "Demurrage." Iki kintu gishobora kuba hagati ya 0 na 1, cyangwa hagati ya 0% na 100% mugihe ukoresheje ijanisha. Ariko, ntishobora kuba munsu cyangwa ingana na 0, cyangwa ingana cyangwa irenga 1 (cyangwa 100%). Ibi ni ukubera ko nta kugabanuka bibaho mugihe ibintu byo kugabanya ari 0. Kandi niba ikintu cyo kugabanya cyari 1 (cyangwa 100%) kumasaha, ntihariho ibiceri, kuko igiceri cyose cyakozwe cyahita gikurwaho burundu mugutanga amafaranga.

Inzira yonyine yo kubigeraho neza ni ugukoresha gusa ikintu (nkijanisha) kugirango ugabanye umubare wibiceri bizenguruka, kandi ubikora buri saha. Iki kintu cyo kugabanya cyitwa "Demurrage." Iki kintu gishobora kuba hagati ya 0 na 1, cyangwa hagati ya 0% na 100% mugihe ukoresheje ijanisha. Ariko, ntishobora kuba munsu cyangwa ingana na 0, cyangwa ingana cyangwa irenga 1 (cyangwa 100%). Ibi ni ukubera ko nta kugabanuka bibaho mugihe ibintu byo kugabanya ari 0. Kandi niba ikintu cyo kugabanya cyari 1 (cyangwa 100%) kumasaha, ntihariho ibiceri, kuko igiceri cyose cyakozwe cyahita gikurwaho burundu mugutanga amafaranga.

Imibare yimibare yo kubara ingano yo gutanga amafaranga yanyuma iroroshye cyane:

*Amafaranga yatanzwe kumuntu angana numwe ugabanijwe nimpamvu yo kugabanya, cyangwa:
Gutanga amafaranga_{kumuntu} = (1 / Kugabanya ibintu)*

Turamutse tugabanije gutanga amafaranga igice cyigiceri kumasaha kumuntu, nyuma yimyaka ibihumbi itangwa ryamafaranga ryaba hafi cyane ibiceri $1 \div 0.5 = 2$ kumuntu. Ariko icyo uzabona nuko mumasaha 7, hejuru ya 99% yibiceri 2 bya buri wese bizaba bizunguruka. Gutanga amafaranga rero birashoboka rwose kuboneka mumasaha 7.

Turamutse tugabanije amafaranga ya demurrage kugeza kuri 0.01 (cyangwa 1%) kumasaha, gutanga amafaranga amaherezo byahinduka $1 \div 0.01 =$ ibiceri 100 kumuntu. Muri uru rubanza ariko, 99% byamafaranga yatanzwe yose yibiceri 100 kumuntu yagerwaho mugihe cyiminsi 19.

Noneho, niba ushaka kurangiza gutanga amafaranga 20.000 yibiceri kumuntu (nicyo nsaba), ibintu byawe byo kugabanya bigomba kuba $1 \div 20.000 = 0.00005$ kumasaha. Ibi bivuze ko niba ugwiye ibiceri byose bizenguruka kuri 0.99995 buri saha, ntuzigera urangiza gutanga amafaranga arenga ibiceri 20.000 kumuntu muzima. Urashobora kubitekereza muri ubu buryo: Tuvuge ko utigeze ukoresha igiceri, hanyuma nyuma yimyaka 22.5 uzarangiza ufite ibiceri 19,999.00001 kuri konte yawe. Noneho, niba wakiriye igiceri kimwe cyinyongera, uzaba ufite ibiceri 20.000.00001 kuri konte yawe. Ariko iyo saha imwe, amafaranga yawe nayo yagabanutse niki kintu cya 0.005%:

$$0.005\% \times 20,000.00001 = 1.000000001$$

Ibiceri 1000000001 rero bizakurwa kuri konte yawe, bivuze ko ubu ufite ibi bikurikira::

$$20000.00001 - 1.000000001 = 19999.00001$$

Birasa nkumubare umwe, ariko nibyo kuko imibare izenguruka ubu ni nto kuburyo utakibona iterambere. Gusa niba utegereje imyaka miriyoni konti yawe ya banki izegera ibiceri 20.000 byuzuye, niba ushobora kubaho igihe kirekire.

Ibyo ubona bibaho murizo ngero nuko uko kugabanuka kwawe, niko wegera vuba iyo mipaka. Noneho, niba ukoresheje igipimo cya demurrage kiri hasi cyane, nka 0.000001% kumasaha, bisaba ibinyejana byinshi, byinshi kugirango ugere ibiceri 100.000.000 kumuntu. Niba ukoresheje ikintu kinini cyane (nka 50%), uzagera hejuru ya 99% byamafaranga yanyuma yo gutanga ibiceri 2 kumuntu mumasaha 7 ukiriye igiceri cyawe cya mbere. Hamwe nigipimo cya 0,05%, bisaba amezi 13 kugirango habeho kurenga 99% byamafaranga yatanzweho ibiceri 2000 kumuntu.

Hamwe n'amafaranga ya demurrage ya 0.005% (ndasaba), bisaba imyaka igera ku 10.5 kugirango habeho amafaranga arenga 99% yo gutanga amafaranga yanyuma y'ibiceri 20.000 kumuntu. Amafara ya demurrage angana na 0.005% kumasaha bivuze ko hafi 35.5% byamafaranga yatanzwe yose atangwa buri mwaka. Urashobora kubitekereza nkubwoko bw "umusoro wo guhanga amafaranga." Bisobanura ko burimwaka, igice cya 35.5% byamafaranga yose wowe nabandi bose waremye, cyiyongereye binyuze mumurimo kandi kigabanuka binyuze mumikoreshereze, gikurwa mubantu bose kugirango wowe nabandi bose kwisi ushobora kwakira iki giceri kimwe kumasaha. Wibuke, ibi ntibibaho buri mwaka, ariko mubwiyongere buto bwa 0.005% kumasaha. Urashobora kubara imibare yose yiyongereye neza hamwe na formula:

$$D_{isaha}=1-((1-D_{umwaka})^{(1/(24*365.25))}) \quad (D=Demurrage)$$

Amafara ya demurrage yumwaka angana na 7% yaba ahwanye namafara ya demurrage yisaha ya 0.00083%. Sisitemu ifite igiceri 1 kumasaha hamwe na buri mwaka amafara ya demurrage ya 7% byatwara hafi imyaka 63 n amezi 4 kugirango habeho kurenga 99% byamafara yatanzweho ibiceri 120.000 kumuntu.

Ubu ndasaba sisitemu ifite igiceri 1 kumasaha hamwe na demurrage ya 0.00005 (cyangwa 0.005%). Ihitamo riganisha ku gutanga amafara ibiceri 20.000 kuri buri muntu, hamwe n'ibice birenga 99% byamafara yatanzwe nyuma yashizweho mumyaka 10. Kuki ntekereza ko aya ari amahitamo meza? Hariho impamvu nke:

- I. Niba dukoresheje amafara yo gutanga ibiceri 20.000 kumuntu, buri muryango wabantu batanu wagira ibiceri 100.000 byo gukoresha. Urebye ibiciro byamazuru, ibi ntabwo bisa nkibiyinshi, ariko ugomba gutekereza ko (kandi tuzabigarukaho nyuma) kwimukira muri sisitemu nshya yimari bizajyana no guhagarika imyenda yuzuye. Ibi bivuze ko imitungo itimukanwa izaboneka kubantu bose basanzwe bahatuye. Inguzanyo zose zimodoka na moto nazo zizashira. Ibi biceri 100.000 kumuryango rero bizakoreshe gusa mukuzamura imibereho yabantu. Noneho - niba utekereza ko igice gito cyabatuye isi bakeneye amazu mashya kandi abantu benshi bakoreshe ibiceri 100.000 kumuryango gusa kugirango bakoreshe ibintu nkibiryo n'inyambaro - noneho ibiceri 100.000 bitunguranye biba umubare munini. Ibi ni ukuri cyane cyane kubantu binjiza amadorari atarenga 2 kumunsi kandi bagomba kugaburira umuryango wose hamwe nibyo.
- II. Kugirango ibiciro bikomeze, ndashaka kugera kuriyi 99%, amafara yose yatanzwe mukuzenguruka, byihuse. Imyaka 10.5 kugirango igere kuri 99%, 89% mumyaka 5, na 35% byamafara yatanzwe kumuntu mumwaka umwe bisa nkumuvuduko mwiza. Kugirango birusheho kuba byiza, ndasaba gutangira gukusanya ibiceri guhera ku ya 1 Mutarama 2022, kugirango buriwese atange hafi 80% byamafara yatanzwe muri sisitemu amaze kwinjira. Ibi byadufasha kubona ibiciro bihamye vuba.
- III. Impamvu ya gatatu ni uko umwenda ku isi ubarirwa kuri miliyoni 325 z'amadolari. Niba amafara yose yarakozwe nkumwenda, ushobora kuvuga ko amafara yatanzwe ubu yaba tiriyari 325. Amenshi muri

aya mafranga ubu ntashobora kugera kubantu basanzwe. Reka rero dufate ko kimwe cya kabiri cyamafaranga azenguruka akoreshwa nabaturage. Niba ukora ibyo, urabona:

(US\$ 325,000,000,000,000 x 50%) / 8,250,000,000 abantu ≈ \$ 19,700 kuri buri muntu

Niba rero dushaka gukora amafaranga mashya kandi twifuzaga gukora ibiciro - bigaragarira muri ayo mafranga mashya - bisa nibiciro tumenyereye mumadolari, noneho amafaranga 20.000 kumuntu ntabwo byaba ari igitekerezo kibi.

Icyo tugomba kwibuka ni uko niyo twemereraga itsinda rito ryabantu kutubeshya no gushakisha amafaranga mu kirere cyoroshye, bigatera ubukene bw'ubukorikori, intambara, kurimbuka, impunzi, abimukira batagenzuwe, ibicuruzwa byo mu rwego rwo hasi cyane, umwanda, n'ububabare bwinshi, ikiremamuntu cyari kigishoboye kubaho no gutera imbere mu ikoranabuhanga na siyansi. Iri terambere ntabwo ryigeze riva muri sisitemu yimari iriho. Byagezweho nubwo iyi sisitemu iteye ubwoba. Ntukemere ko hagira uwukubwira ko uburiganya, intambara, no kurimbuka ntacyo byakoreye ikiremamuntu. Ibinyuranye. Twarokotse kuko tuzi gushingira kubwinshi isi itanga. Ariko, mugihe twe - nyuma yimyaka ibihumbi tumaze kubihakana - tuzongera kubona ubwinshi isi itanga, gushiraho amafaranga yacu mubwizerwa bizafasha iterambere ryinshi, ritigeze ribaho. Mugukwirakwiza neza igice gito cyamafaranga abantu bahiriwe nubuhanga nimbaraga zongera kubutunzi bwabo, turashobora kandi kwemerera abatishoboye kubaho neza, bakuzuzubuzima. Kandi nibyo ubuzima bugomba kuba. Nizera ko kuvugurura gahunda yimari no gushiraho no kugabura amafaranga, nkuko nabisobanuye muri iki gice, nuburyo bwiza bwo kugera kuri gahunda iboneye izavamo impinduka nini nziza kubantu. Ibi bizabaho kuko twiyambuye iyi parasite nini cyane, mbi parasite imaze imyaka myinshi idusenya.

4. Kora Ibikorwa Byose Bisobanutse Kubantu Bose

Niba ufite monopole mubushishozi mubikorwa, ufite na monopole yo gucapa amafaranga. Nibyoroshye, niba ubitekerezaho. Hariho umuti umwe rukumbi wo kwiharira ubushishozi: byibuze kurwego shingiro (umusingi wa sisitemu yimari aho amafaranga yatangiye kandi aho igiceri "1 igiceri kumasaha" gikoreshwa), buriwese agomba kuba ashobora kubona ibikorwa byabandi. Nyuma, kubaka amafaranga (urugero, amafaranga asa na Monero ashobora kugurwa gusa namafaranga yimyatwarire yifatizo) hejuru yurwego shingiro - gutanga ubuzima bwite bwamafaranga kubikorwa bimwe - nibyiza rwose. Sisitemu idasobanutse irashobora gukora neza, mugihe cyose urwego rwibanze rukomeza kuba mucyo rwose. Mubisanzwe, urashobora gukora ayo mabanga hamwe na zahabu cyangwa diyama.

Niba ufite sisitemu yimari aho ibikorwa byibanze byose bisobanutse, biragoye cyane kwiba amafaranga muriki cyiciro. Ni ukubera ko ibiciri byose bishobora gukurikiranwa - mugenzura ibikorwa byose byakoreshejwe - kugeza igihe byaremewe. Iyi ngingo kandi ituma amakuru yimari agera kuri buri wese no kuri "siyanse".

5. Menya Neza Ko Uruhare Ari Uburenganzira Bwa Muntu Kuri Buri Muntu Muzima

Ikintu cya nyuma cyingenzi kiranga gahunda nshya y'imari ni uko nta guverinoma, umucamanza, abapolisi, cyangwa ubuyobozi bw'ibanze bushobora kubuza umuntu kwitabira. Kuberako ibintu byose bisobanutse, buriwese arashobora kubona uwo bakorana nubucuruzi hanyuma agahitamo niba azakomeza gukora ubucuruzi numuntu runaka. Uruhare muri sisitemu yimari rugomba kuba uburenganzira bwa muntu, ibyo bikaba bitandukanye cyane na sisitemu yimari iriho. Kugeza ubu, amabanki agenzura ushobora gufungura konti ya banki no guhakana byimazeyo abantu kubona amafaranga yabo niba, nk'urugero, bimukiye mu gihugu "kitari cyo", bakitabira imyigaragambyo "itari yo", cyangwa bagashyiraho meme itari yo.

Umwanzuro Amafanga Yimyatwarire

Intambwe yambere iganisha kuri sisitemu iboneye nukwigisha abantu neza. Ubu hariho inzira nziza cyane yo kuva muri sisitemu yimari yangiritse cyane. Ibi bivuze ko ubu dushobora

gutegura abantu benshi bashoboka mugihe kizaza mugihe twese tuvuye muri ruswa kandi tugashyira mubikorwa uburyo bushya, buboneye. Ni ngombwa kumva ko tudashobora guhita dushyira mubikorwa sisitemu nshya. Na none, ibi ni ukubera ko udashobora kuvanga igice gito cyamafaranga yimyitwarire nigice kinini cyamafaranga adakoreshwa ubu. Kuvanga byombi byangiza amafaranga asukuye, yimyitwarire cyane, bigatuma inzibacyuho zananirana.

Tekinoroji yaya mafranga mashya iroroshye cyane kuruta ayandi mafranga cyangwa ubundi buryo bwimari. Ntabwo hazongera kubaho guhanahana cyangwa uburyo bukomereye bwo gukaraba. Ndetse guhitamo kuyikoresha hagati cyangwa kwegereza ubuyobozi abaturage ntabwo ari ngombwa. Irashobora no gukora idafite interineti, ariko ibyo byatuma sisitemu igorana cyane. Ndashobora no kwiyumvisha impapuro zanditseho QR code yerekana agaciro nyuma ya demurrage.

Ikintu cyingenzi gusobanukirwa ni uburyo ikibazo cyo guhanga amafaranga kizakemuka. Ikoranabuhanga ritanga amafaranga - mu kwemerera abantu bose kugira uruhare rungana - kandi aho ibintu byose bisobanutse mu mucyo - ubwabyo - bizana ububutse bukabije kuri buri wese. Bizaba ari ugusubiramo guhinduranya ibintu, mu buryo butunguranye guha buri wese kugera ku isi yacu yuzuye. Ntayindi gahunda mbonezamubano, politiki, cyangwa imari izaza hafi yingaruka zo gutangiza uburyo bwiza bwo guhanga amafaranga. Gusa uyu musimbura arashobora gukuraho imyaka ibihumbi yuburiganya, intambara, nubugizi bwa nabi. Mugihe kitarenze imyaka itanu, abantu bazabona impinduka zitigeze zibaho mugutezimbere kwabo. Akamaro kiye ngingo yihariye yinzibacyuho ya sisitemu yimari (igice kijyanye no guhanga amafaranga) ntishobora gusuzugurwa. Byongeye kandi, hazabaho imbabazi nini cyane mu mateka y'umuntu, byibuze amadolari miliyoni 325 y'amadolari azimira:

4.4.1b Kugaruka Kw'ibicuruzwa Byibwe

Ingaruka ya kabiri izabaho tumaze kureka "Ubukungu" tukayisimbuza "Abundom" ni uko abantu amahereze bazumva ko umutungo wose hafi ya yose mu myaka ibihumbi ishize yashize ushingiyeye ku buriganya bukabije. Birumvikana ko abatsinze bazi neza uburiganya, ariko hariho n'itsinda rinini ryabantu babaye abakire kuko bari bafite ubushake bwo gukoresha imitekerereze yabo ya sociopathic bakunze kwishyurwa na buri wese, kugirango bateze imbere gahunda yabatsinze. Benshi muri aba bantu bakize bazi neza impamvu bakoreshwa n'impamvu bemeye abatsinze kubikoresha, ariko birashoboka ko batigeze bamenya neza abo batsinze abo ari bo n'impamvu iyi gahunda idasanzwe ndetse yabayeho. Amakuru meza nuko hari ibimenyetso byinshi byerekana ibyaha byinshi byakozwe n'iri tsinda rikize cyane. Sosiyete rero izaba ifite amakuru ahagije yerekana uburyo bwo guhangana naba bantu.

Ariko, munsu yiri tsinda "rikize" riryamyeho itsinda rinini, hafi ya bose bafite imyenda. "Hejuru" y'iri tsinda rigizwe n'abantu, nubwo bafite imyenda, baracyemerewe gutura muri villa nziza, gukoresha imodoka zihenze, cyangwa ubwato. Hasi yitsinda ryuzuyemo imyenda hari abantu baba mucyaro ku isi. Igitangaje, itsinda ridafite umwenda ririmo kandi igice gito cyabantu nabo baba muri villa nziza, bakoresha imodoka zihenze, ndetse na yachts, ariko



benshi muriri tsinda (ryabantu babana badafite umwenda rwose) rigizwe nabantu batuye mucyaro kinini no mucyaro cya kure. Itsinda rinini ryabantu - abadafite umwenda - rigizwe nabadafite uburyo bwo kubona banki. Iri tsinda rishobora kuba ririmo abantu miliyari imwe cyangwa ebyiri bifuza cyane cyane kwinjira muri sisitemu yimari, ariko bakaba bataremereye kubikora. Iri tsinda ntirifungwa rwose. Benshi muribo baracyafite ikibanza gito cyubutaka bwumuryango mumudugudu wa kure kandi batuye mubutaka, cyane cyane bakoresheje ikibazo ubu ni - niba dushobora gusimbuza sisitemu yimari yose hamwe nuburyo buboneye - twakosora dute uburiganya bwamafaranga bwibinyejana byashize?

Igisubizo cyiza kuri kiriya kibazo birashoboka ko abantu bose bafite nyiri amazu wenyine babamo, imodoka cyangwa moto bakoresha ubu, nibindi byose batunze. Iki "gikorwa" cyo gukuraho umwenda wose wabaturage kimaze kuvugwa muri Bibiliya:

Imigenzo yumwaka wa Yubile rero ifitanye isano rya bugufi nubutumwa bwa gikristo. Nkuko Yohani Pawulo wa II yabivuze: Yubile zose zerekana ubutumwa bwa messi bwa Kristo ...

Niwe utangaza ubutumwa bwiza ku bakene. Niwe uzana umudendezo kubabwambuwe, akabohora abarengana, kandi agarura impumyi amaso (reba Mat. 11: 4-5; Luka 7:22). Umwaka wa Yubile, "umwaka wo gutoneshwa n'Umwami," uranga imirimo yose ya Yesu ... (TMA, 11).

Amadeni

Abakristu bahamagariwe gukurikiza imigenzo yumwaka wa Yubile kandi bagakomeza umurimo wa Kristo kubakene nabakandamijwe mugihe cacu. Ikintu cyingenzi cyimigenzo ya Yubile kwari ukubabarira imyenda, yahaye abarengerwa nideni ridasubirwaho amahirwe yo gutangira buri bushya (Dr. 15). Data wera hamwe n'abepiskopi bo muri Amerika bakoresheje uyu muco kugeza magingo aya batekereza ko kugabanyirizwa imyenda mu bihugu bikennye ari ikintu cy'ingenzi mu kwizihiza Yubile mu mwaka wa 2000.

Papa Yohani Pawulo wa II yaranditse ati: "Mu mwaka w'igitabo cy'Abalewi (25: 8-12)," Abakristo bagomba gushyira amajwi yabo mu izina ry'abakene bose bo ku isi, bavuga ko umwaka wa Yubile ari umwanya mwiza wo gutekereza ku bindi, kugabanya cyane, niba bitarangiye burundu, umutwaro w'amadeni mpuzamahanga abangamira cyane ejo hazaza h'ibihugu byinshi "(TMA, 51). Umwanya Kiliziya ifite ku myenda ishingiyeye ku nsanganyamatsiko z'inyigisho za gatolika.

Islamu irwanya cyane kubabarira imyenda kuko yibanda ku gukumira imyenda muri rusange:

Nka dini ibona ko ari itegeko, risanzwe ryita ku nkunga imwe mu "nkingi eshanu" ryubakiyeho, Islamu ntishobora gukurikizwa hatitawe ku mibereho yayo, cyangwa nta butabera bw'ubukungu.

Ariko, Korowani ishimangira gukumira ibintu nyabyo bisaba umwaka wa Yubile. Dukurikije icyifuzo cya Korowani gisaba "ubutunzi ntibukwiye kuzenguruka gusa mu bakire muri mwe" (59: 7),

Islamu ibuza rwose gufata inyungu kugirango ibuze gukusanya imari nini. Igishimishije, kwihanganira akarengane, cyangwa gukandamizwa, bifatwa nkaho bitemewe nko kubikora.

(Yakuwe mu butabera bw'ubukungu n'indangagaciro z'abayisilamu, na Sahib Mustaqim Bleher, wahoze ari umunyamabanga mukuru w'ishyamba rya kisilamu ry'Ubwongereza).

Ko amadini azi neza ibibazo "byimana" hamwe nabafite amafaranga ni ngombwa. Uburiganya bwamafaranga nimwe shingiro ryimbaraga mbi zishingiye kuri gahunda zabo. Isi yubukorikori yabuze yaremye nibyo rwose ibyanditswe n'abahanuzi batuburiye. Ntidukwiye gufatana uburemere ikibazo dusanga muri iki gihe. Sisitemu yacu y'ubu ni mbi gusa. Nibibi kumurongo kandi muburyo burambuye burabikomeza. Ubu buryo bubi sisitemu iri hafi kurangira, bikarangirira muri sisitemu yo kugenzura. Sisitemu yo kugenzura ikoranabuhanga aho ubwisanzure n'amadini bizakurwaho vuba abatsinze babishoboye. Intambara izakoresheya muburyo bwimari mugihe kizaza ntakindi kirenze intambara yanyuma hagati yicyiza n'ikibi. Umugabane w'ikiremamuntu ntiwigeze uba hejuru, ni ngombwa rero gukurikiza ubuyobozi twahawe twese n'abahanuzi. Kandi ubuyobozi bwabo nukubabarira imyenda no gukumira imyenda.

Ibihe Bidakwiye

Niba umwenda wababariwe buriwese, havuka ibintu "bidakwiye". Ku ruhande rumwe, ufite abantu baba munzu nto badafite umwenda-cyangwa se kuzigama kwinshi bishobora gutakaza mugihe sisitemu yasimbuwe-ubasigira inzu nto bakoranye ubuzima bwabo bwose. Ku rundi ruhande, ufite abantu batangiye kandi bashoboraga kugura inzu nini ukurikije umushahara wabo, ariko ntibishyure inguzanyo / inguzanyo. Aba bantu bahita bafite inzu yabo idafite inguzanyo batirwe bakora ikintu na kimwe. Ibi bintu birarenganya cyane, ariko ni ibisubizo byibinyejana byinshi byemerera sisitemu irenganya cyane. Na none kandi, abaturage baho bakeneye gutekereza ku buryo bwo guhangana n'akarengane, ariko buri wese abigizemo uruhare agomba kumva ko gusimbuza gahunda yacu ya none, irenganya cyane ari ngombwa cyane kuruta gukemura ibyo bibazo "bito". Aha, tugomba nanone kwibuka ko kubabarira imyenda no gusimbuza sisitemu yimari birangiye, gukuramo umutungo utunganijwe hamwe nideni rya sisitemu bizashira burundu.

Noneho ko parasite yagiye, abantu bakora cyane kandi bafite impano bazatangira kubaka ubutunzi (imari). Muri iyi "Abundomy" nshya, ubanza ubusumbane bwakarengane buzakurwaho vuba. Igipimo cyateganijwe cyo hejuru ya demurrage, byumwihariko, bizihutisha iki gikorwa.

4.4.2 Senya Nyir'ubutaka Monopoly

Ahari kwiharira cyane gukemura ni kwiharira nyir'ubutaka. Ibi ni ukuri cyane muri sisitemu yacu y'ubu, hamwe na monopoliya zayo zo gucapa amafaranga, uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge, n'amategeko agenga ubutaka. Gusa kubabarira imyenda byuzuye - kwemerera abantu bakora kubutaka bukodeshwa, cyangwa kugwiza amazu yabo kubibanza bimwe na bimwe, kwigarurira ubwo butaka - birashobora gutanga intangiriro nziza yo guca ukubiri na gahunda gakondo yo kwiharira ubutaka.

Igitekerezo cyo gutunga ubutaka cyagize uruhare runini mu kwimura abasangwabutaka benshi mu butaka bwabo. Abakoloni berekanye amakarita, igitabo cy'ubutaka, ibitabo by'amategeko, abanyamategeko, abacamanza, urugomo, na ruswa kugira ngo bigarurire igihugu cy'Abanyamerika kavukire, Aboriginal, n'andi moko menshi yo muri Afurika, Amerika y'Epfo, na Aziya. Akarengane kagomba gukosorwa.

"Abatsinze" bateye inkunga ubukoloni bw'abasangwabutaka na bo baherutse guhanga amaso umururumba mu gihugu cy'Uburayi, Amerika y'Amajyaruguru, ndetse n'abandi bahinzi bo mu bihugu byateye imbere. Ubujura bw' "abahinzi bo mu Burengerazuba" bushobora kuba butarigeze bugaragara nk'ubujura nk'ubujura bw'abasangwabutaka bo mu mahanga (abahinzi "birukanwe" n'Uburusiya bwa Bolshevik, Ubudage bw'Abanazi, na Ukraine iherutse ntibashobora kubyemera), ariko biro y'ubuyobozi bwahunze ishyigikiwe na polisi y'igihugu iracyari ubujura. Akarengane, nako, kagomba gukosorwa.

Ubujura bw'ubutaka bw'iburengerazuba nicyaha - bushingiye ku buriganya - kubera ko ibigo "bigura" ubutaka bw'abahinzi biterwa inkunga n'amafaranga yacapishijwe umwuka mubi. Ibi bishoboka n'ingabo z'abanyapolitiki nazo zangijwe n'ayo mafaranga ashuka, kimwe n'ibitangazamakuru n'abahanga benshi batanga "impaka", nka raporo zerekereye imihindagurikire y'ikirere n'ubuke. Abatsinze baragerageza kurangiza umutungo wabo wose. Ibi bibafasha kurangiza isi yubuke no gukoresha amafaranga yabo yo gucapa monopole kugirango bakomeze kugenzura byimazeyo twese.

Ubu monopole yo gucapa amafaranga yatangiye igihe twafashe zahabu nkifaranga ryacu. Ikibazo cya zahabu nkamafaranga nuko ishobora guhunika. Ibi byahaye itsinda rito ry "abahindura amafaranga" inyungu itandukanye kubantu bakora imirimo. Silvio Gesell yabibonye

neza mu binyejana byashize maze atanga uburyo bwo gutesha agaciro amafaranga no guhunika "amafaranga" bidashimishije, cyangwa bidafite akamaro. Twabiganiriyeho mbere.

Ariko, Silvio Gesell yari yatinze. Abatsinze bari basanzwe bafite "imbaraga zo hejuru" kugirango batangire guhunika ubutaka kandi baterwa inkunga yo gushyiraho "amategeko agenga ubwenge ariko ashukana." Bafatanije na poropagande no kwiharira ihohoterwa (leta), bashoboye kubahiriza aya "mategeko." Silvio Gesell yabonye kandi ikibazo cyo guhunika ubutaka, ariko, ku bwanjye, yakoze ikosa rikomeye atareka burundu igitekerezo cya "nyir'ubutaka." Kugerageza kwe, kimwe na Henri George - byombi bisa nkaho ari amakosa, kubera ko bombi bakoresha amasoko ashirwa mu bikorwa na guverinoma ndetse n'uburyo bwo gukoresha ubutaka mu rwego rwo kubikemura.

Nyamara, "guverinoma" ni igikoresho gishobora rwose gukorera abatsinze, bityo kikaba kigize uruhare rukomeye mu kibazo. Ababurugumesitiri nibamara kwiharira guhuza ubutaka n'urugomo, byanze bikunze ibyo bizakoresheya nabi kandi amaherezo biganisha ku butegetsi bubi.

Kubwibyo, ndasaba ko "guverinoma" (cyangwa ikigo icyo aricyo cyose gisa na guverinoma) cyaterwa inkunga kubushake kandi mu mucyo. Ubu bwoko bw'ubuyobozi butegurwa kandi busanzwe butegurwa (nka komite y'abasaza b'imidugudu). Uyu muyango ntabwo ufite ubutaka ariko ushobora gutanga inama gusa. Igizwe nabantu bubahwa nabaturage batanga inama zishingiye kumyaka yabo y'uburambe baba muri uwo muyango. Ubu buyobozi bwibanze bugena ushobora gukoresha igice cyubutaka bwabaturage. Kandi iyo ubuyobozi butanze urubanza rwemewe rwo kwirukana abantu mubutaka bwabo - kandi abaturage bashyigikiye urwo rubanza - abantu barashobora kwirukanwa. Mw'isi yuzuye, umuntu wirukanwe ashobora guhabwa indishyi ikwiye kubibazo. Nibyo, ubuyobozi bwibanze bushobora gukora amakosa, ndetse ninyungu zawe zirashobora kugira uruhare. Niyo mpamvu gukorera mu mucyo, itangazamakuru ryukuri, ninkunga itangwa kubushake kubuyobozi ari ngombwa. Iyi miterere (finanse) igomba gufasha gukosora amakosa yose yakozwe nubuyobozi.

Kubera ko abantu benshi badashaka gutakaza uburenganzira bwabo bwo gukoresha ubutaka bwabo, byitezwe ko abantu benshi bazakora ibishoboka byose kugirango babe abitabira ibikorwa byabaturage.

Mugushyira mubikorwa ubu buryo bwo gukoresha ubutaka kubushake, byoroha kubantu kuguma aho bari. Biratandukanye kandi no gutunga ubutaka bwubukungu, aribwo buryo bwo gufasha abantu guhunika ubutaka aho butari ubwose.

Uburenganzira Karemano

Biragaragara impamvu tutagomba na rimwe kwemerera abantu - cyangwa imiryango yabo - gutunga umwuka duhumeka. Iyo itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu rivuga ko "abantu bose bafite umudendezo," bivuze ko dufite umudendezo wo guhumeka, kwidagembwa, kugenda, kwishimira umucyo w'izuba, kandi dufite umudendezo wo kurya ibyo kamere itanga. Inyamaswa n'ibimera nabyo bibaho gutya.

Ni ibisanzwe gusaba ifasi y'ibinyabuzima no gushyiraho inzego z'imibereho kugirango habeho amahoro no guharanira ko itsinda ribaho. Iyo kurokoka bimaze kwitezwa, gusaba ifasi yinyongera bigomba kuba bidakenewe kandi bifatwa nkibidakwiye.

Hamwe na (finanse) nyir'ubutaka, nta mipaka karemano, cyane cyane iyo twemeye itsinda rito gusohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga. Umururumba no kugenzura abandi nimpamvu zituma abantu batanga amafaranga yacu bakunda cyane ibitekerezo bidafatika nk ibihugu "n'impamvu abo bantu baremye ikintu bita" Umuryango w'abibumbye.

Imibare

Kugaragaza urugero rwa megalomaniacal yabatsinze, tekereza ku mibare. Urugero rwibanze rwubusazi ni "Amasezerano Yimbitse", agenga "nyirubwite" yimibiri yo mwijuru. Menya ko buri tegeko 17 ryayo rikoresha ijambo "Igihugu," "Leta," cyangwa "Guverinoma." Bashaka gutegeka isanzure!

Ndizera ko abantu bose bumva impamvu tutagomba kwemerera abantu gutunga umwuka duhumeka. Tekereza icyo abantu - basohora amafaranga mu kirere kandi bakavuga ko amazi atari uburenganzira bwa muntu - bashobora gukora bafite "amategeko" nka "nyiri" ikirere.



Niba winjiye cyane muburenganzira bwa muntu ko "ntamuntu numwe uzafatwa mubucakara cyangwa mubucakara," noneho "kutemerera umuntu gutunga umwuka duhumeka" ninshingano kubumuntu. Inshingano ikomoka ku burenganzira bwa muntu bwo "kutaba imbata." Birashobora gusa nkaho bidasanzwe ko "kwemerera ntawe gutunga umutungo runaka" bishobora kuba inshingano. Ndetse bisa naho binyuranye na "Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gutunga umutungo." Ikibazo cyumutungo nuko-iyi tuba muri sisitemu aho abantu bamwe bashoboye kwiharira ibintu abantu bakeneye kubaho - abatsinze bamwe bashobora kuba imbata twese. Kubwibyo, kimwe nikirere n'amazi, nta gutunga umutungo kamere bigomba kwemererwa.

Ntukishuke. Abatsinze bazagira ibipupe byabo bavuga ko bafite iyi mirimo ishinze cyane, ikomeye, kandi igoye cyane yo kurinda no kurinda abantu bose umutekano. Ibyo basaba byose, intego nyayo y'abatsinze - no kwiharira ubutaka bwose n'umutungo kamere - ni ugushiraho umutekano n'ubwisanzure buboneye ubwabo n'ubucakara bwuzuye kuri twe twese. Ntabwo ari impanuka ko abatsinze nyabo bakomeza guhishwa, bagahisha ubutunzi bwabo mu kigega cyo kwizerwa cyo hanze kandi bakihisha ku birwa bya kure muri villa zifite umutekano. Kuva aho, abatsinze babwira abanyapolitiki n'abayobozi bakuru ku mushahara wabo uko bagaragara nk'abayobozi nyabo n'uburyo bwo gutera inkunga PR kugirango babigereho.

Kugira ngo twumve icyo ubuyobozi nyabwo busaba, tugomba kwiga Confucius:

Confucius yigishije ko imiyoborere myiza ishingiyeye ku mico myiza y'umutegetsi, ugomba kuba umuntu uruta abandi (junzi) kandi akaba icyitegererezo cy'imico myiza abantu bigana. Yavuze ko umutegetsi agomba kuyobora binyuze mu mico myiza (de) n'amategeko agenga umutungo (li), aho kunyura mu mategeko no mu bihano, kuko aba nyuma batera ubwoba bwo guhanwa batirirwe batera isoni cyangwa inshingano z'imbere mu gihugu. Ku bwa Confucius, guverinoma ikora neza, kabone niyo idatanga amabwiriza, iyi imyitwarire y'umutegetsi ari yo; muburyo bunyuranye, niba imyitwarire yumutegetsi ifite amakosa, amategeko ntazubahirizwa. Umutegetsi mwiza niwe uyobora mugutanga urugero rwimyitwarire no kwemeza ko abaturage bayoborwa no kumva bafite ipfunwe nibyiza.

Confucius yashimangiye ko ishingiro ry'igihugu gihamye gishingiyeye ku cyizere abaturage bifitiye abategetsi babo. Mu biganiro bizwi cyane, aho yabajijwe ku bintu by'ingenzi bya guverinoma - ibiribwa, ibikoreshe bya gisirikare, ndetse n'icyizere cy'abaturage - Confucius yavuze ko ibikoreshe bya gisirikare bishobora kuvanwaho ndetse n'ibiryo bikaba bishobora gutambwa, ariko niba abaturage batakaje icyizere ku bategetsi babo, Leta ntishobora kwihanganira. Ibi bishimangira akamaro gakomeye ko kwizerana no kuba inyanga mugayo muri guverinoma.

Inzira yo kugera kubutegetsi bwiza itangirana no kwihanga. Confucius yagaragaje urutonde abantu bagomba kubanza kwitoza, gukosora imitima yabo, no kwagura ubumenyi bwabo mbere yuko bashiraho gahunda mumiryo yabo, kuyobora ibihugu byabo, amaherezo bakazana amahoro mubwami. Iki gitekerezo cyo "kwikosora mbere yo gukosora abandi" ni ingenzi mu bitekerezo bya politiki ya Confucius. Imico myiza yumutegetsi niyo shingiro rya guverinoma yose ikora neza.

Imiyoborere ya Confuciya ishimangira kandi gahunda y'imibereho ariko ikomatanya, aho buri muntu asohoza inshingano ze mu nshingano zisobanutse - nk'igikomangoma kuba igikomangoma, minisitiri akaba minisitiri, se akaba se, n'umuhungu akaba umuhungu. Iyi nshingano, cyangwa gusubiranamo, ni ngombwa mu gukomeza ubwumvikane mu mibanire y'abantu, ifatwa nkicyitegererezo ku nzego zose z'imibereho na politiki. Umuryango nigice cyambere cyimibereho, kandi ibyiza byo kubaha filial bigize urufatiro kubindi byiza byose.

*Byongeye kandi, Confucius yizeraga ko igihugu kigomba kuyoborwa n'abayobozi batoranijwe kubera imico myiza n'ubushobozi bwabo, atari ku majwi ya rubanda cyangwa ku bushake bwabo. Iyi bureaucracy ishingiyeye kubikorwa, aho abayobozi batoranywamo hashingiye ku mico yabo ndetse no kuba abahanga mu bya siyansi ba kera bo muri Confucius, yari igamije kwemeza ko imiyoborere ari igikorwa cy'imyitwarire. **Intego nyamukuru ya guverinoma, nk'uko bivugwa na Confucianism, ni ugushiraho umuryango wunze ubumwe aho abantu bayoborwa n'imico myiza no kubahana, aho guhatirwa cyangwa kubatera inkunga.***

Ukuri kwacu kunyuranye nicyerekezo cya Confucius. Abayobozi bagomba gutoranywa bashingiye kubushobozi bwabo bwo kwishakira ubwinshi ubwinshi aho gutsimbataza ubukene binyuze ku gahato, bashyigikiwe nabatsinze bihishe.

Ni Iki Tugomba Gutunga?

Noneho, ikibazo ni:

"Ni ibihe bintu bitagomba gufatwa nk'umutungo abantu bafite uburenganzira bwo gusaba (imari)?"

Igisubizo kuri kiriya kibazo, mubisanzwe, ikintu icyo aricyo cyose, iyo cyihariwe, cyaba imbata kandi kikatuyoboka. Muriyi monopoliya harimo kwiharira gucapa amafaranga mu kirere kandi kwiharira uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge, byavuzwe mbere muri iki gitabo. Byongeye kandi, dufite monopolies kumutungo kamere.

Nka kirere, gutunga umutungo kamere wose bigomba kubuzwa. Ibi birimo ubutaka, inzuzi, ibiyaga, inyanja, hamwe nimibiri yo mwijuru.

Mubyukuri, gutunga ubutaka no gutunga inzuzi, ibiyaga, cyangwa inyanja birasa cyane. Itandukaniro gusa nuko gakondo (mbere ya GPS) imipaka ikikije amazi yamazi byari bigoye gushushanya. Ariko, birashobora kandi gufatwa nkibintu bigereranywa nubutunzi karemano hejuru no munsu yabyo. Hejuru yubuso, dufite urumuri rwizuba, imvura, shelegi, inyamaswa, ibimera, umuyaga, n umwanya nkumutungo kamere. Munsu yibyo, dusangamo inyamaswa n'ibimera, kimwe nibintu byose bishobora gukoreshwa.



Silvio Gesell na Henri George bombi bemeza ko ibintu bituruka ku mirimo y'abantu byonyine bishobora gufatwa nk'umutungo kandi ko - kubera ko ubutaka butavamo imirimo y'abantu - ubutaka ntibushobora gutunga. Kwimukira mu bihe ubutaka budafite - nk'uko byavuzwe na Silvio Gesell na Henri George - bisaba leta zombi kugira icyo zikora. Gesell arasaba ko guverinoma yatabara igura ubutaka bwose ku giciro cy'isoko hanyuma igategura uburyo bwo gutanga amasoko, hamwe n'abapiganwa benshi mu bukode bemerewe gukoresha ubwo butaka. Igisubizo cya George ni uko guverinoma yambura ubutaka bwose kandi igashyiraho umusoro ku butaka, wishyurwa na ba nyir'ubutaka, kugira ngo bishyure akarere.

Ikosa riri muri ibyo byifuzo ni uko guverinoma ahanini ifitwe n'abaturage basohora amafaranga mu kirere. Kwemerera guverinoma kwambura cyangwa kugura ubutaka bwose byateza neza ikibazo cya gikomunisiti-fashiste abatsinze barota. Binyuze muri guverinoma (batunze mu bijyanye n'amafaranga), abatsinze amaherezo bazatunga ubutaka bwose kandi badusigire uburenganzira buke bwo kububona. Nukuvuga, gusa niba dusimbutse mumirongo myinshi bazadukorera. Kubera guhohotera guverinoma nka ba nyir'ubutaka, nasabye gusimbuza "guverinoma" ubuyobozi bw'inzego z'ibanze, nkaterwa inkunga ku bushake kandi nkagira uruhare mu gutanga inama gusa mu gukwirakwiza "imikoreshereze" y'ibice by'ubutaka mu baturage, bityo nkitondera kurema isi yuzuye ku baturage bose bo mu karere kabo.

Ibibazo Bya Supra-Karere

Muri iyi si yuzuye, tugomba kwibanda ku turere n'ubuyobozi bw'akarere. Uturere dukwiye gusobanurwa nibibizi karemano nibiranga umuco nkururimi, idini, ubuhanzi, nibindi biranga. Tugomba gusiga imipaka cyane cyane kubayobozi b'akarere.

Tugomba kugerageza kugira imiryango mike yisi yose ishoboka. Umuryango wonyine ku isi ugomba kuba "Global Advisory Board", ishinze kumenya no gufata amajwi arenga imipaka yakarere. Iyi nama igomba gutanga ibisubizo kubibazo nkibi bitabogamye muburyo bushoboka. Ibyemezo bigomba gushingira cyane cyane ku Mategeko Kamere, Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu, hamwe n'ibitekerezo byabo. Ibibazo nka NIMBY (Ntabwo ari mu gikari cyanjye) - aho uturere twanze kubaka inganda zicunga imyanda cyangwa amashanyarazi ya kirimbuzi, urugero - cyangwa aho uturere tunaniwe kwikemurira ibibazo by'umwanda (biganisha ku bibazo mu turere duturanye) bigomba gukemurwa n'Inama Ngishwanama ku Isi. Akanama Ngishwanama ku Isi kagomba kandi gutanga inama mugihe uturere tumwe na tumwe tubika ibikoresho fatizo bifite akamaro kanini mu iterambere ry'utundi turere.

Mw'isi yuzuye ishingiyeye ku bushake, kumenya gusa uturere tutitabira neza mu nyungu rusange birashobora kugira ingaruka zikomeye ku kwishura ku bushake abandi baturutse mu karere ku bantu batitabira neza. Ariko, izi ngaruka ntizisenya abaturage bo muri kariya karere. Ifasha gusa uturere gutekereza ku mibereho yabantu hanzu yabaturage babo.



Ibiciro nyabyo, Amasoko Yukuri Yubusa, Nubwinshi

Mu turere, abantu batunze ibicuruzwa byumutungo kamere uhingwa, kororoka, guhigwa, kuroba, no gucukurwa. Mubisanzwe, abantu nabo bafite ibicuruzwa bakora hamwe nabo.

Nyuma yo guhindagurika mugihe gito, ibiciro nyabyo amaherezo bizahinduka neza. Itandukaniro nisi yacu ya none rizaba nuko ibiciro byibicuruzwa mwisi yubwinshi bitazongera gushingira kubukorikori bwakozwe muburyo bwubukorikori, ahubwo bizaba bifatanye isano numurimo nyirizina wabakoresheje, hiyongereyeho agaciro kagaragara k'ubuke karemano cyangwa umwihariko w'umutungo kamere ukoreshewa muri kiriya gicuruzwa. Kuraho "ibintu bike" byo guhunika ubutaka burimo uwo mutungo wihariye, uhujwe nisoko ryiza, ryisanzuye, kandi rifite umucyo, amaherezo bizagera kuri "ibiciro nyabyo." Mubisanzwe, leta iyo ari yo yose yivanga muri ubu buryo "bwo gushyiraho ibiciro" bigomba kwirindwa. Gusa muricyo gihe, "ikiganza kitagaragara" cya "Abundanism" gishobora gukora akazi kacyo.

4.4.3 Kuraho IP Uburenganzira Bwihariye

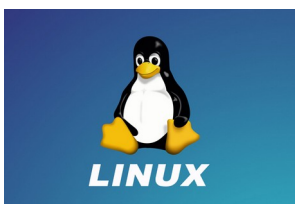
Noneho ko tumaze kumenya imitungo yubwenge ikora kandi tukumva ko idafasha abantu basanzwe kurinda akazi kabo, dukeneye kureba uburyo bwo gukora. Niba nta bundi burenganzira cyangwa patenti, tubwirwa ko iterambere ryabantu rizahagarara. Umuziki uzakagarara muburyo bw'ikigereranyo ... cyangwa bizahagarara?

Nibyiza, oya, ingano yumuziki izakomeza kwiyoungera, kandi birashoboka ndetse no ku muvuduko wihuse. Hariho ibimenyetso byinshi byerekana ko guteza imbere ibicuruzwa na serivisi bishya ntaho bihuriye no gutera inkunga amafaranga arinzwe numutungo wubwenge. Ibi urabibona mumuryango ufungura isoko ya software, mumuziki, ndetse no mubindi bihugu byose byubuhanzi. Amamiriyoni yabategura bashishikaye, abahimbyi, abacuranzi, abarangi, abanditsi (nkanjye), nabandi bantu bahanga barema ibintu byubusa kandi bifungura isoko. Aba baturage bakora software (nka Linux, LibreOffice, Blender, GIMP, Audacity, OBS, nibindi byinshi, byinshi), barema umuziki, imivugo, amashusho, inkuru, ibiryo bitetse, imyambarire, nibindi, kubuntu. Ibi byose bigaragara kumiyoboro inyuranye. Aba baremye bese bazi ko badashobora kwigurira umutungo wubwenge byemewe n'amategeko, kubwibyo ntayandi mahitamo bafite uretse gusangira ibirimo kubuntu. Ibyiringiro byo gutanga kubushake (hamwe nubwishyu buto ukoresheje imbuga nkoranyambaga) birahagije kugirango utere iki gisasu cyo guhanga. Byongeye kandi, ubwiza bwa byinshi muri ibyo bicuruzwa byubusa kandi bifungura isoko ntibisumba gusa iby'abanywanyi babo barinzwe n'umutungo bwite mu bwenge, ariko kubera ko ari ubuntu, banashyizeho imiryango nini y'abakoresha nini cyane kandi ikora neza kurusha "abanyamwuga," imitungo y'ubwenge irinzwe, kandi "bahembwa".

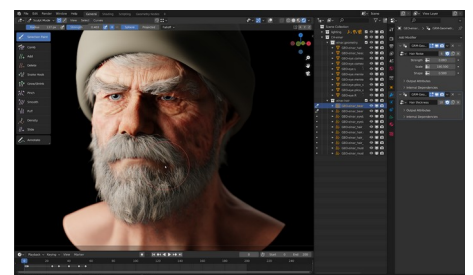
Nari porogaramu ya software ubwanjye mu mpera za za 70. Natangiye programming mbere yuko mudasobwa bwite ziza ku isoko. Kuva mu ntangiriro, nasobanukiwe ko porogaramu zose n'ibirimo byose bigomba kuba ku buntu kandi bifungura isoko, kuko ibyo bidateza imbere iterambere ry'ikoranabuhanga rya digitale gusa ahubwo n'uburezi n'ubumenyi muri rusange. Isuri rikabije ry'ikoranabuhanga rishya rishimishije, rifite imbaraga, kandi ridasanzwe ryagaragaye neza igihe Bill Gates yatangiraga gushyiraho MS-Dos n'amategeko yose y'umutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge yashyizeho. Kuva uwo mwanya, umuryango ufungura isoko nawo wasubijwe inyuma kandi werekanwa nk'inzererezi, abatekamutwe, n'abakwirakwiza virusi.

Kubwamahirwe, umuryango ufungura isoko ntiwigeze utana kandi ubu urakomeye kuruta mbere hose. Uyu muryango wa software ugomba kandi kuyobora inzira kwisi yose, aho ikoranabuhanga risaranganywa mubwisanzure kandi ubushake burigihe kubushake. Umuryango utegura gahunda uzi ko kugabana kubuntu bidatera iterambere gusa ahubwo binatanga umusaruro mwinshi, cyane cyane iyo wakiriye imisanzu kubushake.

Igisubizo cyoroshye cyo gukuraho amategeko yumutungo wubwenge nukuvana mumategeko yose mashya. Hamwe no gusimbuza "Ubukungu" n'Abundom, "uburenganzira bwose ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge, ipatanti, n'uburenganzira bwa muntu bugomba gutangazwa ko ari impfabusa, kugira ngo abatuye isi bese bashobore kwishimira kandi bungukire mu mirimo yose ababyeyi bacu, ba sogokuru, ba sogokuru, ndetse n'abandi basekuruza bacu bakoranye umwete, ndetse bakanarwana intambara. Isenywa ry'uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge rizatangiza ibintu bishya bya siyansi n'ubuhanzi. Nukuri nkuko nabitekerezaga hashize imyaka 40.



Blender



5 Iherezo Rya Demokarasi

5.1 Uburyo Bwo Kugenzura Ibihugu

Iyo mvuganye nabantu bakuze bo muri Afrika yo munsu yubutayu bwa Sahara, nkunze kubabaza uko barwanye nabakoloni - cyane cyane mumpere za 1950 nintangiriro za 1960 - kugirango babone ubwigenge. Kurugero, Ndagabaza umubare wabantu bapfuye mugihe Nijeriya yirukanye abongereza. Ntawuntu naganiriyeye wari uzi igisubizo. Ntabwo yigeze iganirwaho. Ikigaragara ni uko mu bihugu byinshi, nta mirwano nyayo yabayeho. Gusa ikintu gikomeye cyabaye mu myaka ya za 1960 ni uko, "ku bw'amahirwe," hashyizweho banki nkuru muri buri gihugu muri iyi myaka hafi ibiri y'ubwigenge.

Igihugu	Ubwigenge	Banka Nkuru Yashinzwe	Itandukaniro ry'amezi
Afurika y'Epfo	1910, 1934, 1961	30 Kamena 1921	Al aanwezig
Dem.Rep. ya Kongo	30 Kamena 1960	30 Nyakanga 1951	Al aanwezig
Misiri	28 Gashyantare 1922	1898, 1 Mutarama 1961	Al aanwezig
Madagascar	26 Kamena 1960	1925, 1961	12
Libiya	24 Ukuboza 1951	Itegeko ryo ku wa 1 Mata	52
Ghana	6 Werurwe 1957	4 Werurwe 1957	0
Tuniziya	20 Werurwe 1956	19 Nzeri 1958	30
Maroke	2 Werurwe 1956	1959	36
Sudani	1 Mutarama 1956	1957	12
Nijeriya	1 Ukwakira 1960	1 Nyakanga 1959	15
Somaliya	1 Nyakanga 1960	1950, 1960	0
Guneya	2 Ukwakira 1958	1 Werurwe 1960	17
Zimbabwe	11 Ugushyingo 1965	22 Werurwe 1964	18
Ubugande	9 Ukwakira 1962	16 Kanama 1966	46
Kenya	12 Ukuboza 1963	24 Werurwe 1966	39
Tanzaniya	9 Ukuboza 1961	Itegeko 1965, 14 Kamena	54
Benini	1 Kanama 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Burkina Faso	5 Kanama 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Kote Divuwari	7 Kanama 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Guneya-Bisawu	24 Nzeri 1973	1962 (BCEAO)	108
Mali	22 Nzeri 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Nijeri	3 Kanama 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Senegali	4 Mata 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Togo	27 Mata 1960	1962 (BCEAO)	24
Aligiriya	5 Nyakanga 1962	1962	0
Moritaniya	28 Ugushyingo 1960	1962 (BCEAO), kugeza 19	24
Siyera Lewone	27 Mata 1961	Itegeko 1963, 27 Werurwe	23
Zambiya	24 Ukwakira 1964	1937, 1956, 1963	12
Rwanda	1 Nyakanga 1962	1964	24
Malawi	6 Nyakanga 1964	23 Nyakanga 1964	0
Burundi	1 Nyakanga 1962	1966	48
Morise	12 Werurwe 1968	Nzeri 1967	6
Gambiya	18 Gashyantare 1965	1971	72
Kameruni	1 Mutarama 1960	1973 (BEAC)	156
Repubulika ya Santarafurika	13 Kanama 1960	1973 (BEAC)	156
Cadi	11 Kanama 1960	1973 (BEAC)	156
Gaboni	17 Kanama 1960	1973 (BEAC)	156
Repubulika ya Kongo	15 Kanama 1960	1973 (BEAC)	156
Gineya Ekwatoriyale	12 Ukwakira 1968	1973 (BEAC)	60
Liberiya	26 Nyakanga 1847	1974	1524
Eswatini	6 Nzeri 1968	1974	72
Botswana	30 Nzeri 1966	1 Nyakanga 1975	106
Mozambike	25 Kamena 1975	17 Gicurasi 1975	1
Kapu Veride	5 Nyakanga 1975	29 Nzeri 1975	2
Lesoto	4 Ukwakira 1966	1978	144
Komore	6 Nyakanga 1975	1 Nyakanga 1981	72
Sawu Tome na Perinsipe	12 Nyakanga 1975	1989	168
Angola	11 Ugushyingo 1975	1926, Yeguriwe Leta 1975	0
Seyishele	29 Kamena 1976	1936, 1978, 1983	24
Jibuti	27 Kamena 1977	18 Mata 1979	21
Namibiya	21 Werurwe 1990	16 Nyakanga 1990	4
Eritereya	24 Gicurasi 1993	Hamwe na Etiyopiya 1974	108
Sudani y'Epfo	9 Nyakanga 2011	Nyakanga 2011	0
Etiyopiya	Yigariwe kugeza 194	Mutarama 1964	Yari "Yigenga" igihe cyose

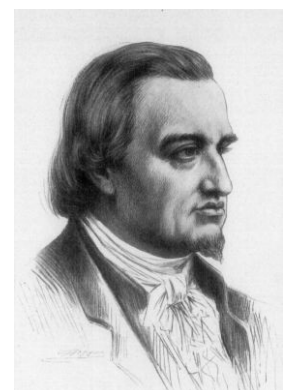
Bamwe mu bakoloni barwanye, ariko abahitanwa n'abantu benshi - nko mu myaka ya za 1960 - byatewe n'intambara z'abaturage hagati y'imitwe ishonje n'inzara.

Ibi bivuze iki? Ibyabaye mubyukuri. Impamvu zatanze na Google na Wikipedia ni uko abakoloni-nyuma y'Intambara ya Kabiri y'Isi Yose - batagifite amafaranga, bigatuma batakaza ubuyobozi bwabo. Ariko, ibi bisobanuro birashoboka ariko ntibishoboka: iyaba byari intambara yububasha, byibuze habaye imirwano. Byari byoroshye bite gutera ibisasu Lagos cyangwa Abuja kugirango Afurika ihuze n'ibyifuzo by'abakoloni babo? Byongeye kandi, turavuga byibuze nyuma yimyaka 15 nyuma y'Intambara ya Kabiri y'Isi Yose, igihe ibihugu by'ibihugu by'ibihangange ndetse n'abafatanyabikorwa babo byari byuzuye neza. Bayoboye abantu bose kwizera ko bashobora kurimbura isi yose inshuro nyinshi, nibiba ngombwa. Ubu tuzi kandi impamvu ibihugu bitigera bibura amafaranga yintambara.

Nyamara kandi, ibyo bihugu byose byo muri Afurika bikennye cyane - byari bimaze ibinyejana byinshi bigenzurwa - byavugaga gusa ngo: "Turashaka kwigenga," kandi abakoloni babo - bari hafi gutakaza ibyo bihugu binini n'umutungo kamere wabo - baravuze bati: "Nibyo, nta kibazo, ubu ushobora kugenzura umutungo wawe wose kandi ufite ubwigenge." Ntabwo ari Ubwongereza gusa, ahubwo abakoloni bose bakoze kimwe, bose icyarimwe. Tugomba kwizera ko abatsinze - mu buryo butunguranye kandi nta kurwana - baretse ubushobozi bwabo bwo gutanga ifaranga ryabantu barenga miliyari. Ibihugu bifite abaturage ubu bizera ko bishobora kwihangira amafaranga. Amafaranga yagirira akamaro abanyafurika. Ngiyo nkuru bashoboye kumvisha abantu bose kwizera.

Noneho, reka tuvuge ko abo Banyafurika bose noneho bagenzuye umutungo wabo wose kandi bemerewe gucapa amafaranga yabo mukirere. Kandi ntiwibagirwe ko umurimo muri Afrika ari ubuntu. Abantu benshi baba hanze yubutaka, ntibafite imodoka cyangwa inguzanyo. Niba kandi ubona bakora, uzatangazwa. Abanyafurika benshi bakora ubudacogora. Ntabwo, hamwe nibyo byose, ntiwigaze tubona ubukungu bukomeye mumateka muri Afrika? Umugabane warushije ubukungu bwacogoye mu bihugu by'iburengerazuba? Ntabwo ibihugu byose bya Afrika bitagira umwenda niba bishobora gutanga amafaranga yabyo? Oya, nta kintu na kimwe cyateye imbere muri Afurika. Ibintu byose byakomeje nkuko bisanzwe. Noneho twunvise ko ntakintu cyahindutse kubera ruswa itangaje murwego rwo hejuru mubayobozi ba Afrika. Abanyafurika benshi bizera rwose ko abanyapolitiki babo babi kurusha abakoloni bashobora gusahura umugabane utagira umupaka. Wotangazwa nukuntu abatsinze bakina umukino wabo wo gucungeza.

Kuri njye, biragaragara neza ko izi nkuru zose zubwigenge ari ikinyoma kinini. Abatsinze ntibatereranye Afurika. Ntabwo batanze umugabane gusa. Umugabane wahozeho, nubu uracyahari, umugabane wonyine aho ubutunzi bwinshi busiga kuruta kwinjira. Byose byari amayeri. Kandi amayeri yatumye ibi bishoboka ni ugushinga banki nkuru. Nkuko Banki nkuru yigihugu muri Reta zunzubumwe zamerika idafitwe nabanyamerika, ntanimwe muri banki nkuru yashinzwe muri Afrika mubyukuri ifitwe nabanyafurika. Hari aho mu 1958, abatsinze bahisemo gusa kwihutisha uburiganya bwabanyafurika bose. Bakoresheje itangazamakuru ryayoborwaga byuzuye, hamwe nabanyapolitiki nabo bagenzurwaga byuzuye - kumpande zombi - abatsinze bakoze igitaramo gikomeye cyo kwigenga muri Afrika.



"Mpa kugenzura itangwa ry'amafaranga y'igihugu, kandi sinarinzi uwashyiraho amategeko."

Mayer Amschel Rothschild

Aya magambo yitirirwa cyane na Mayer Amschel Rothschild, washinze umuryango w'amabanki wa Rothschild (umuryango ugira uruhare mu gushinga amabanki nkuru yo ku isi menshi, niba

atari yose, kandi ugaragaza igitekerezo cy'uko imbaraga z'imari zifite imbaraga kuruta imbaraga z'amategako. Aya magambo ashimangira igenzura rikomeye rigenzura itangwa ry'amafaranga igihugu gitanga ku bukungu, amategako, n'imiyoborere.

Abanyapolitike benshi bakoze, cyangwa bakoraga, muri banki. Emmanuel Macron yari umunyamabanki muri Rothschild & Cie. Abagize uruhare runini muri guverinoma ya Joe Biden bafite amateka mu bigo by'imari barimo Janet Yellen (umunyamabanga w'imari), wahoze ari umuyobozi w'ingengo y'imari ya Leta akaba n'ubukungu bw'ubukungu, na Lael Brainard (Umuyobozi w'inama y'ubukungu y'igihugu), wahoze ari Visi Perezida wa Banki nkuru y'igihugu. Gary Gensler (Umuyobozi wa Komisiyo ishinze kugurizanya no kugurizanya), umukandida wa Biden, afite amateka mu bijyanye n'amabanki n'ishoramari. Benshi mu bagize ubuyobozi bwa Obama baturutse mu nganda z'imari, barimo abanyamabanga ba Leta, Timothy Geithner na Jacob Lew, bari bafite uburambe muri Banki nkuru y'igihugu ndetse n'ibigo by'imari. Abandi bayobozi bafite amikoro barimo Daniel Tarullo na Sarah Bloom Raskin muri Banki nkuru y'igihugu, na Gary Gensler muri SEC. Iyo wize umubano hagati ya banki nkuru nabanyapolitiki, uzabona ko banki nkuru zihora zishinzwe kandi ukemeza ko inyungu zabo zitigera zihungabana.

A riko nubwo abanyapolitiki badakorera amabanki, byanyeretse neza uko sisitemu ikora:



Hamwe n'itangazamakuru hamwe n'abanyapolitiki bese bashyizweho basanzwe "batunze" abatsinze, abatsinze n'amabanki yabo bahitamo abakandida bashya mbere y'amatora mashya. Ibyo babikora kumashyaka yose akomeye - kumpande zombi za specran, ibumoso niburyo. Abanyapolitike bashya noneho bahabwa amabwiriza - cyane cyane n'abanyapolitiki bashinzwe - kuri politiki yo guteza imbere n'imishyamba izaterwa inkunga na banki (hagati) n'ingengo y'imari ya leta.

Politiki zose zingenzi zizahuza neza na gahunda zabatsinze. Rimwe na rimwe, iyi politiki n'imishyamba ntibishimwa ku buryo abanyapolitiki batowe bemerewe kubeshya no kubwira abaturage ko batazagera batora ingamba nk'izo. Ntacyo bitwaye, kuko mugihe ibibazo bishyizwe mumajwi, abanyapolitiki bazatora nkuko babisabwe, kandi itangazamakuru ryaguzwe ntirirengagiza gusa ubuhemu bwabatoye. Iyo ibintu bigaragaye cyane, amajwi amwe azakurikiza ibyifuzo byabaturage, kuko buri gihe ibyo bishobora gukosorwa nyuma mugihe ikibazo cyongeye kugarukwaho kandi ntikigere rubanda.

Niba igihugu ari ngombwa cyangwa kidafite akamaro, kinini cyangwa gito, ntacyo bitwaye. Demokarasi yose, mubihugu byose kwisi, ikora gutya. Ni ukubera ko abatsinze batemerera ingero z'ibihugu bitavugaga rumwe n'iterambere, kubera ko ibyo bishobora gushishikariza ibindi bihugu gukurikiza bityo bikagabanya imbaraga z'abatsinze. Nibura, nibyo ntekereza. Ibi birumvikana ko bigoye kubyemeza, kuko byose bibaho inyuma yumuryango. Ariko kuba gusa ikintu nkicyo gishobora gushoboka byakagombye kuba impamvu ihagije yo gukora sisitemu nziza. Ntdukeneye kwerekana ko sisitemu itagira akamaro rubanda rusanze. Ntabwo kandi nta na rimwe ifite. Cyane cyane ntabwo muri Afrika. Uburyo ikora neza ntibikiri ngombwa. Dukeneye cyane sisitemu nziza. Kandi tuzi kandi ko gutora bitazatugeza aho. Imyaka irenga 60 y'ubwigenge nayo irerekana ko gutora bidakora.

Nubwo washoboye gushyiraho "umunyapolitiki wabaturage" kubutegets, abatsinze bahora bagumana amahirwe yo "guhira ubutegets." Nkuko twabibonye, urugero, muri Iraki, Libiya, na Ukraine. Abatsinze burigihe bashakisha uburyo bwo gukomeza kugenzura. Inzira yonyine yo guhinduka nukwigisha abantu uburyo abatsinze batubeshya. Gusa rero, ibisubizo byubundi bifite amahirwe yo gutsinda.

5.2 Inzira Y'Ubukomunisiti N'igitugu

Sogokuru ubyara mama, "Sogokuru Tebbe," yakundaga amateka. Yari afite isomero rinini ry'ibitabo bivugaga ku ntambara na politiki. Yabaye kandi inganda nyazo, umuyobozi wikigo kinini cyibiribwa n'ibinyobwa, yuzuye ingofero yumukara. Iyo twagumanye na we, yakunze kwinubira "abakomunisiti." Yangaga urunuka gahunda ya gikomunisiti. Nari muto cyane kuburyo ntabivugaho, ariko numvise urwango rwe ngerageza gusoma ibitabo mfite imyaka 7 cyangwa 8 gusa. Yafuye mbere yuko asobanura neza aho ahagaze, ndifuza rwose ko nashobora kuvugana nawe ubu, kuko ntekereza ko numva icyo agomba kuba yashakaga kuvuga. Ubukomunisiti ntakindi kirenze inzizi mbi zishobora kugwirira ikiremamuntu. Kandi turareba abakomunisiti mumaso ubungubu. Iza nka gari ya moshi. Nubwoba bwanjye bukomeye, kandi kuhagera byanze bikunze kubera ibi bikurikira:

Ikibazo nyacyo kubatsinze ni ugukomeza kugenzura. Kandi kugirango bakomeze kugenzura, amaherezo bakeneye kwemerwa kwabaturage kugirango bareke kwibeshya kwijambo iryo ariyo ryose mugihe cyabo kandi bayoboka gusa ubutware bwuzuye. Uyu mwanya byanze bikunze ni ukubera sisitemu yimari iriho ni nka gahunda ya piramide. Irashobora gukomeza gusa niba abantu benshi bitabiriye. Mu myaka ya za 70, Ubushinwa bwari bwemerewe kwitabira. Abantu biyongereyeho miliyari 1 bitabiriye gahunda ya piramide bongereye igihe cyayo kugeza mu 2008. Mu 2008, gahunda y'imari yarasenyutse yinjira mu gihugu kidasanzwe cya zombie, aho inyungu zagabanutse kandi amabanki yagombaga gutanga ingwate kugira ngo abeho. Iyi leta yarakomeje kugeza muri Nzeri 2019, ubwo twabonye igipimo cya repo kizamuka gitunguranye. Iyo spike yari ikimenyetso cyuko banki zitizewe andi mabanki kurokoka bukeye. Sisitemu yacitse integere kuburyo banki nkuru zagombaga gutabara zigatangira kwinjiza amafaranga muri sisitemu kugirango abantu bizere ko ubukungu bukiriho. Njye - hamwe nabandi benshi - nabonye iki gikorwa cyo kugereranya repo nkikimenyetso kubatsinze (na banki nkuru zabo) gutangiza ingamba zo gusohoka. Hariho, nyuma ya byose, inzira imwe gusa yo gutsinda kubatsinze. Kandi iyo nzira ni ubukomunisiti. Iyo sisitemu yimari isenyutse, ibintu byose birasenyuka. Ntabwo amafaranga agikora gusa, ahubwo niyandikisha ryisohotse yose, umutungo utimukanwa, umushahara wumusirikare, abapolisi - ibintu byose birasenyuka. Kunanirwa gutabara byakuraho ibinyejana byinshi byakazi byabatsinze ijoro ryose. Bazabura byose muri anarchie yakurikira. Abatsinze bahatirwa kwifungisha muri bunkers zabo, bafite ibikoresho byinshi ariko ntabwo bwo kwishimira ubuzima.

Rero, mugihe gahunda yimari isenyutse, abatsinze bagomba gushyira mubikorwa impinduka zifatika. Icyo bakeneye ni ugufata umutungo wose (ikintu cyose ushobora kuba ufite) hanyuma ugashyiraho sisitemu nshya yimari ikora nka kashe yibiribwa. Ku ruhande rumwe, ufite ikigo cyibanze (guverinoma yisi na banki nkuru yacyo) gikwirakwiza kashe y'ibiribwa, kurundi ruhande, ufite abasigaye-tuzakira izo kashe nitwitwara neza. Kwibeshya-umunsi umwe gutunga urugo, kugira umudendeze wo kubwira



abana bawe ibyo kwiga, no kubafasha guteza imbere ubumenyi bwo kuba abantu buntu-bizashira. Kubera iyo abatsinze bakoresheje sisitemu yabo nshya, twese tuzaba muri sisitemu ya gikomunisiti itunganijwe. Sisitemu abatsinze batunganiye cyane cyane muryaka 150 ishize. Abatsinze bamenye ko abakomunisiti aribwo buryo bwabo bwo gusohoka.

5.2.1 Ubukomunisiti Ni Iki

Ibi nibyo ubona iyo ushakishije ibisobanuro bya gikomunisiti:

Ubukomunisiti ni ingengabitekerezo ya politiki n'ubukungu byunganira umuryango udafite urwego rufite uburenganzira rusange bwo gukora, gukwirakwiza, no guhana. Mubyigisho, bikubiyemo kugabana umutungo hamwe nubutunzi bingana mubanyamuryango bose, kuvanaho umutungo bwite, ibyiciro byimibereho, amaherezo leta n'amafaranga. Igitekerezo gishingiye ku nyigisho za Karl Marx, nubwo amashuri atandukanye yibitekerezo abaho, hamwe nuburyo butandukanye bwo kugera kuriyi ntego.

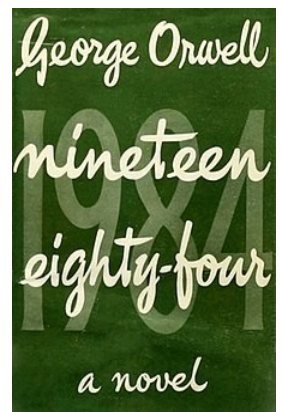
Ubukomunisiti bwagerageje inshuro nyinshi mu kinyejana gishize, ibisubizo bitandukanye. Ikibazo cya gikomunisiti nuko yanga amadini yose, kuko leta ikoresheye cyane mugusimbuza Imana. Muri gikomunisiti, leta ni Imana. Leta ifite byose. Irabwira abantu ko leta aricyo kigaragaza nyirubwite, ariko mubyukuri, ikintu cyose gishobora gutunga ni icya leta, kandi buri wese ahatirwa gukora ibyo leta ishaka. Urashobora gutora, ariko hazabaho ishyaka rimwe gusa - ishyaka rigenzura nyir'ibintu byose - kandi ishyaka rihitamo abakandida bazatora. Ishyaka rigenzura abapolisi, ingabo, n'amafaranga, nka sisitemu yo kashe y'ibiribwa. Ubukomunisiti bwitwaza guha abaturage imbaraga, ariko nta kintu na kimwe cyigeze kibaho uretse igitugu cyateguwe n'ubuyobozi bw'ishyaka. Ntabwo bigeze habaho abakomunisiti bafite ubwisanzure bufite ireme kubaturage. Noneho, uku kubura umudendezo bitera ibibazo byinshi. Kandi igishimishije cyane, haranditswe ibitabo bibiri byingenzi bisobanura amashuri abiri yibitekerezo byukuntu wagerageza kumvisha abantu kugira uruhare muri gahunda iteye ubwoba, irwanya ubwisanzure, irwanya ikiremamuntu.

Ubwoko Bubiri Bw'Abakomunisiti

Abatsinze bazi ko hari ibihe bibiri abantu bashobora kwemera abakomunisiti. Muri make, ubukomunisiti ni uburyo itsinda rito ry'abantu - ubuyobozi bw'ishyaka rya gikomunisiti - rigenzura abaturage basigaye. Ubukomunisiti niyo gahunda yonyine aho abatsinze bashobora kugumana ubutunzi bwabo nuburenganzira bwabo mugihe bategeka abandi bose. Amateka yerekana ko abatsinze (abantu basohora amafaranga hanzwe yumuyaga) bagerageje ingamba nyinshi zitandukanye zo gushyiraho abakomunisiti. Inzira ebyiri nyamukuru zo gushyiraho ubukomunisiti ni (1) binyuze mu bwoba n'urugomo, cyangwa (2) binyuze mu byishimo no kutitaho ibintu. Izi ngero zombi zasobanurwe mubitabo bibiri: George Orwells 1984 na Aldous Huxleys Brave New World.

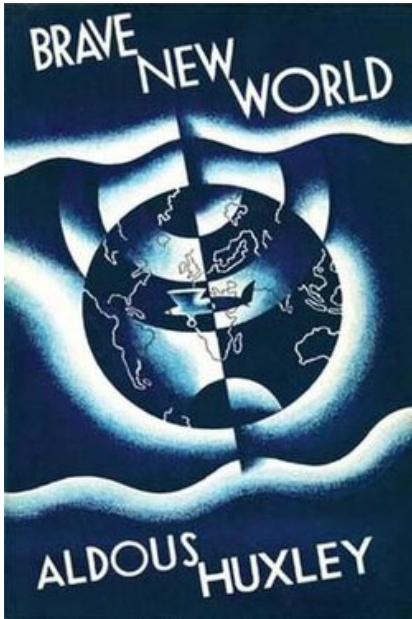
Cumi n'icyenda na mirongo inani na kane (nayo yasohowe nka 1984) ni igitabo cyitwa dystopiya cyanditswe n'umwanditsi w'icyongereza George Orwell. Yasohowe ku ya 8 Kamena 1949, na Secker & Warburg nk'igitabo cyenda kandi cyanyuma cya Orwell. Mubitekerezo, irasesengura ingaruka ziterwa nigitugu, kugenzura imbaga, no gukandamiza abantu nimitwarire muri societe. Orwell, umuyoboze wa demokarasi kandi urwanya Staliniste, yiganye Ubwongereza bw'abasosiyalisiti bwigenga kuri Leta Zunze Ubumwe z'Abasoviyeti mu gihe cya Staliniste ndetse n'imikorere yo kugenzura leta no kwamamaza leta mu Budage bw'Abanazi. Muri rusange, igitabo gisuzuma uruhare rw'ukuri n'ukuri muri societe n'inzira zishobora gukoreshwa.

Inkuru ibaho mugihe kizaza. Umwaka uriho nturamenyekana, ariko birashoboka ko 1984. Hafi yisi yose iri mu ntambara zihoraho. Ubwongereza, ubu buzwi ku izina rya Airstrip One, bwahindutse intara y'intagondwa z'igitugu cya Oceania, iyobowe na Big Brother, umuyobozi w'igitugu ushyigikiwe n'umuco ukomeye w'umuntu



washyizweho na Polisi y'ibitekerezo by'ishyaka. Ishyaka rigira uruhare runini mu kugenzura guverinoma kandi, binyuze muri Minisiteri y'ukuri, guhakana amateka no kwamamaza buri gihe gutoteza umuntu ku giti cye n'ibitekerezo byigenga.

Cumi n'icyenda na mirongo inani na kane babaye urugero rwiza rw'ubuvanganzo bwa politiki na dystopiya. Yamamaje kandi ijambo "Orwellian" nk'inyito, hamwe n'amagambo menshi yakoreshejwe muri iki gitabo yinjira mu mvugo isanzwe, harimo "Umuvandimwe Mukuru," "inshuro ebyiri," "Polisi yatekereje," "igihe cyo gutekereza," "Newspeak," n'amagambo " $2 + 2 = 5$." Hagereranjwe isano iri hagati y'insanganyamatsiko y'igitabo n'ingeri zifatika z'igitugu, kugenzura abantu benshi, no guhonyora ubwisanzure bwo kuvuga, hamwe n'izindi nsanganyamatsiko. Orwell yavuze ko igitabo cye ari "urwenya" no kwerekana "ibigoramye ubukungu bukunze kugaragara." Yavuze kandi ko yemera "ikintu nk'icyo gishobora kuvuka."



Intwari Nshya kandi ni igitabo cyitwa dystopiya, cyanditswe mu 1931 n'umwanditsi w'icyongereza Aldous Huxley kandi cyasohowe mu 1932. Iki gitabo cyanditswe ahanini mu bihugu by'ejo hazaza, abenegihugu bakaba barashizweho n'ibidukikije mu nzego zishingiye ku bwenge. Igitabo giteganya iterambere ryinshi rya siyansi mu ikoranabuhanga ry'imyororokere, kwiga ibitotsi, gukoresha imitekerereze ya psychologiya, hamwe n'imiterere ya kera, ibyo bikaba bigize umuryango wa dystopiya uhanganye n'umuntu w'inkuru.

Huxley yakurikiranye iki gitabo hamwe n'isuzuma rishingiye ku nyandiko, *Brave New World Revisited* (1958), hamwe n'igitabo cye cya nyuma, *Ikirwa* (1962), mugenzi we utopian. Iki gitabo gikunze gukoreshwa nka mugenzi we, cyangwa guhinduranywa, kuri George Orwell's Cumi n'icyenda mirongo inani na kane (1949).

Intwari Nshya Isi Yarahagaritswe kenshi kandi itotezwa kuva yatanzwe bwa mbere. Igitabo kiri ku rutonde rw'amashyirahamwe y'ibitabo yo muri Amerika y'ibitabo 100 byabujijwe kandi bitoroshye mu myaka icumi ishize, kuva iryo shyirahamwe ryatangira kugumana urutonde mu 1990.

Mu kiganiro kuri radiyo 1962, Aldous Huxley yavuze ibi bikurikira: (reba kandi [iyi videwo](#))

Uyu muni, ndatekereza ko duhanganye nuburyo twakwita impinduramatwara zanyuma, impinduramatwara yuzuye aho umuntu ashobora kwivanga mumubiri no mubitekerezo bya bagenzi babo. Nibyiza, ntawabura kuvuga ko uburyo runaka bwibikorwa bitaziguye kumubiri no mubitekerezo byabantu byabayeho kuva kera, ariko muri rusange byabaye urugomo muri kamere. Ubuhanga bwiterabwoba bwamenyekanye kuva kera, kandi abantu babukoresheje muburyo butandukanye bwubwenge. Rimwe na rimwe nubugome bukabije, rimwe na rimwe hamwe nubuhanga butari buke, bwabonye binyuze mubigeragezo no kwibeshya. Gushakisha uburyo bwiza bwo gukoresha icyarubozo, gufungwa, nuburyo bwose bwagahato.

Ariko - nkuko mbitekereza - Napoleon yavuze hashize imyaka myinshi ati: "Urashobora gukora ikintu cyose ukoresheje bayonets usibye kuyicaraho." Ko niba ushaka kugenzura abaturage mugihe kinini, ukeneye uruhushya runaka. Biragoye cyane kumva uburyo iterabwoba rishobora gukora ubuziraherezo. Birashobora gufata igihe kitari gito, ariko ndatekereza ko bitinde bitebuke ugomba kumenyekanisha ikintu cyo kwemeza. Ikintu cyo gutuma abantu bemera ibibabaho.

Nibyiza, kuri nje mbona imiterere yimpinduramatwara ihebuje - ubu duhura nayo - mubyukuri. Ko dutazimbere urutonde rwubuhanga bukoreshwa na oligarchy igenzura (yamyeho kandi birashoboka ko izahoraho) irashobora gutuma abantu bakunda kuganduka kwabo. Ibi bisa nkaho ari impinduramatwara mbi cyane - twakagombye kuvuga - kandi ko bigaragara ko hari urugendo rusange rugana kuri ubu bwoko bwa revolution. Ubu buryo bwo kugenzura abantu bashobora guhatirwa kwishimira ibihe - bitarenze urugero rwiza, batagomba kubyishimira. Ndashaka kuvuga kwishimira kuganduka.

Reka mbanze ngire icyo mvuga kubyerekeye iterambere, ndetse no mubuhanga bwiterabwoba. Ndatekereza ko habaye iterambere. N'ubundi kandi, Pavlov yakozwe ubushakashatsi bwimbitse, haba ku nyamaswa ndetse no ku bantu. Kandi yavumbuye - mubindi bintu - uburyo bwo gutondekanya ibintu bukoreshwa ku nyamaswa cyangwa ku bantu - mu bihe byo guhangayika cyangwa ku mubiri - bwiniye mu bwenge bw'ibinyabuzima kandi bigoye kubikuraho. Birasa nkaho byashinze imizi kuruta ubundi buryo bwo gutondeka.

Ni muri urwo rwego, ndashaka kuvuga ibice bishimishije cyane mu gitabo cyitwa "Intambara yo mu bwenge" ya Dr. William Sargent, aho yerekanaga uburyo mu buryo bwihuse bamwe mu barimu bakomeye b'amadini, abayobozi bo mu bihe byashize, batsitaye ku buryo bwa Pavloviya. Yaganiriye ku buryo bwa Wesley bwo kuzana impinduka, ahanini bikaba byari bishingiye ku buhanga bwo kongera imihangayiko yo mu mutwe bikabije avuga ku muriro utazima, bigatuma abantu bibasirwa cyane n'ibitekerezo, hanyuma bagahita barekura iyi mihangayiko batanga ibyiringiro byijuru. Iki ni igice gishimishije cyane cyerekana uburyo umuhanga mubya psychologue kabuhariwe nka Wesley-kubwimpamvu zidasanzwe kandi zifatika-yashoboraga kuvumbura byimazeyo ubwo buryo bwa Pavloviya.

Noneho, tuzi impamvu ubwo buhanga bwakoze, kandi ntagushidikanya ko dushobora - niba tubishaka - dushobora kubikora kure cyane kuruta uko byashobokaga kera. Kandi byumvikane ko, mu mateka ya vuba yo koza ubwonko, haba ku mfungwa z'intambara ndetse no ku bakozi bo mu rwego rwo hasi mu Ishyamba rya gikomunisiti mu Bushinwa, turabona ko uburyo bwa Pavloviya bwakoreshejwe mu buryo bwa gahunda, kandi bugaragara ko budasanzwe. Ndibwira ko ntagushidikanya ko ikoresheya ryubu buryo ryashizeho ingabo nini zabantu bitanze rwose. Ubukonje bwinjiye mu burebure bwikiremwamuntu binyuze mu bwoko bwa iontophoresis psychologique, kandi bwagiye kure cyane kuburyo kurandura burundu.

Kandi ubu buryo - ngira ngo - ni uburyo bunonosoye bwuburyo bwa kera bwiterabwoba, kuko buhuza uburyo bwiterabwoba nuburyo bwo kwemerwa. Uburyo umuntu akoreramo uburyo bwo guhangayikishwa n'iterabwoba - ariko hagamiye gushishikariza abantu "kubushake" kwemera imiterere y'imitekerereze bagezemo ndetse n'ibihe basangamo - ku buryo habaye iterambere rigaragara, ndetse no mu buhanga bw'iterabwoba.

Noneho tuza gusuzuma ubundi buhanga. Ku buhanga butari iterabwoba bwo kwemererwa no gushishikariza abantu gukunda uburetwa bwabo:

Ubwa mbere, hariho uburyo bujyanye nigiterekerezo kiziguye na hypnose. Ndatekerezako ko tuzi byinshi kuriyi ngingo kuruta uko twari dusanzwe tubikora. Abantu, birumvikana ko buri gihe bazwi kubitekerezo. Kandi nubwo batazi ijamba hypnose, rwose barabikoze. Ariko ubu twasobanukiwe neza imiterere yimibare yabaturage kubijyanye nibisabwa.

Birashimishije cyane kureba ibyagaragaye mubice bitandukanye. Ndashaka kuvuga mubice bya hypnose, kurugero, mubice byubuyobozi bwa placebo. Mu rwego rwibitekerezo rusange. Muburyo bwo gusinzira cyangwa gusinzira byoroheje, uzahora uhura nuburyo bumwe bwubunini. Uzasanga, kurugero, hypnotiste inaribonye izakubwira ko ijanisha ryabantu bashobora hypnotizone byoroshye byoroshye ni hafi 20%, kandi ko umubare usa - kurundi ruhande rwikigereranyo - biragoye cyane cyangwa bisa nkibidashoboka hypnotize. Kandi hagati yabo hari imbaga nini yabantu bashobora kuba hypnotizone hamwe ningeri zitandukanye zingorabazizi. Birashobora kugenda buhoro-niba ukora cyane bihagije-byinjijwe muri hypnotic. Kandi muburyo bumwe, imibare imwe irongera kugaragara, kurugero, kubyerekeye imiyoborere ya placebos:

Ubushakashatsi bunini bwakozwe hashize imyaka itatu cyangwa ine mu bitaro bikuru bya Boston. Mu bihe bya nyuma yo kubagwa, abagabo n'abagore babarirwa mu magana - bari bafite ububabare nk'ubwo nyuma yo kubagwa gukomereye - bahawe inshinge babisabwwe, igihe cyose ububabare bukabije. Inshinge zari igice cya morphine nigice cyamazi yatoboye. Abagera kuri 20% bakorewe ubwo bushakashatsi - hafi 20% muri bo - bahuye n'ubutabazi bungana n'amazi yatoboye nkaya morfina, abagera kuri 20% ntibigeze boroherwa n'amazi yatoboye, kandi hagati yabo hari abigeze gutabarwa cyangwa gutabarwa rimwe na rimwe.

Hano rero na none, turabona kugabana kimwe. Kandi ndakeka ko bitazagorana na gato kumenya - ndetse no mu bwana bwabana - batekerezwaga cyane, batifuzwaga cyane, kandi bafite umwanya hagati.

Biragaragara neza ko iyaba abantu bose badasabwa cyane, societe itunganijwe ntibyashoboka. Niba kandi buriwese yarasabwwe cyane, igitugu byanze bikunze. Ndashaka kuvuga ko, ari umugisha ukomeye kuba dufite abantu benshi batekerezako neza, bityo bakaturinda igitugu, ariko bigatuma ishingwa ryumuryango rishoboka. Ariko tumaze kumenya ko hari 20% byabantu basabwa cyane, biragaragara ko iki ari ikibazo gikomeye cya politiki. Kurugero, demagogue iyariyo yose ifata ikanategura igice kinini cyiyi 20% yabantu batekerezwaho, mubyukuri, irashobora guhirika leta iyo ariyo yose mugihugu icyo aricyo cyose.

N'ubundi kandi, mu myaka yashize twagize urugero ruhebuje rw'ibishobora kugerwaho hakoreshejwe uburyo bunoze bwo gutanga ibitekerezo no kwemeza: Hitler. Umuntu wese wasomye "Ubuzima bwa Hitler" ya Bullock, nk'urugero, azanwa no gutungurwa no gutangara kubera uyu muhanga udasanzwe wasobanukiwe neza integere nke z'umuntu - ndatekerezako ko arusha abandi bose - kandi akoresheya uburyo bwose bushoboka icyo gihe. Yari azi byose. Kurugero, yari azi neza uku kuri kwa Pavloviya: conditioning ikoresheya muburyo bwo guhangayika cyangwa umunaniro igera kure cyane kuruta ibisabwa byakoreshejwe mubindi bihe. Niyo mpamvu disikuru ze zose zateguwe nijoro; arabivugaga yeruye - mubisanzwe - muri "Mein Kampf." Avugaga ko ibi byabaye gusa kubera ko abantu barushye nijoro bityo bakaba badashobora kunanira kujijuka kuruta ku manywa. Kandi turabona

mubuhanga bwose yakoresheje ko yabuvumbuye byimazeyo. Kandi binyuze mubigeragezo no kwibeshya, intege nke nyinshi, ubu tuzi neza cyane, muburyo bwa siyansi, ngira ngo, kuruta uko yabikoze, ubu.

Ariko ikigaragara ni uko ibyo bitekereze bitandukanye, uku kwandura hypnose, ari ikintu kigomba gusuzumwa neza cyane muburyo ubwo aribwo bwose gutekereza ku miyoborere ya demokarasi. Ndashaka kuvuga ko, niba hari 20% byabantu bashobora rwose kwemezwa muburyo busanzwe ko bizera hafi ikintu cyose, noneho tugomba gufata ingamba zikomeye kugirango twirinde izamuka rya demagogi izabasunikira kumwanya ukabije hanyuma tukabashyira mubisirikare byigenga bikabije bishobora guhirika leta.

Muri uru rwego rwo kwemeza neza - Ndatekereza - tuzi byinshi kuruta mbere. Kandi byumvikane ko, ubu dufite uburyo bwo kugwiza amajwi nishusho ya demagogue muburyo butagaragara. Ndashaka kuvuga televiziyo na radio. Hitler yakoresheje radiyo cyane. Yashoboraga kuvugana na miliyoni z'abantu icyarimwe. Ndashaka kuvuga, ibi byonyine, birumvikana ko bitera icyuho kinini hagati ya kijyambere na demagogue ya kera. Demagogue ya kera yashoboraga gushimisha abantu benshi uko ijwi rye ryageraga asakuza cyane bishoboka. Ariko demagogue igeweho irashobora kugera kuri miriyoni icyarimwe icyarimwe, kandi birumvikana ko mugwiza ishusho ye, arashobora gukora ubu bwoko bwa hallucinatory, bufite hypnotic nini kandi ifite akamaro.

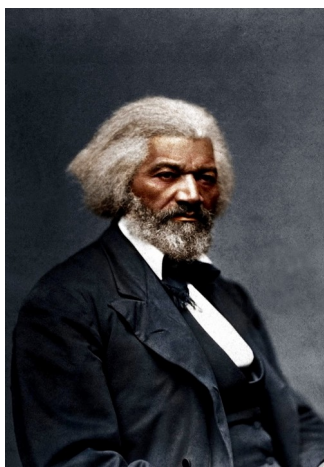
Hamwe nubuhanga, aho ikintu cyo gukoreshwa ari ikiremwa muntu, biragaragara ko uhura nikibazo gikomeye. Kandi nikihe kigeragezo kubari kubutegets? N'ubundi kandi, dusenga buri gihe kugira ngo tutagerazwe, kandi iri ni isengesho ryimbitse kandi ry'ingenzi. Ubunararibonye birababaje kwerekana ko niba tugeragejwe igihe kirekire kandi gikomeye, byanze bikunze turagwa. Kandi inzira yose yo gushinga societe ikwiye cyane cyane iratangira gushiraho umuryango aho ibishuko byo gukoresha nabi ubutegets bigabanuka. Ariko ubwo buryo bushya - ngira ngo - bugizwe nuruhererekane rwibigeragezo bikomeye, amaherezo bishobora kugaragara ko bidashoboka kubari kubutegets. Nizere ko atari byo, ariko ntekereza ko ibyo uvugaga arikintu tugomba gutekereza. Ibi birashobora gukurikizwa, nkuko ubivuze, muburyo bwo gukunda igihugu no mumico, ndetse no muri societe demokarasi. Ntabwo nizeye, ariko ntushobora kubimenya.

Muri videwo imwe y'abanditsi bombi, igice cyikiganirwo giheruka kugirana na George Orwell gishobora no kuboneka:

Mw'isi yacu, nta marangamutima azabaho usibye ubwoba, uburakari, kunesha, no kwisuzugura. Imibonano mpuzabitsina izarandurwa. Tuzakuraho orgasm. Nta budahemuka buzabaho uretse ishyamba. Ariko burigihe hazabaho kwihuta kwimbaraga. Buri gihe - kuri buri mwanya - hazabaho umunezero wo gutsinda. Ibyiyumvo byo guhonyora umwanzu utishoboye.

Niba ushaka icyerekezo cy'ejo hazaza: tekereza boot ikandagira mumaso yumuntu ubuziraherezo.

Isomo twakura muriyi nzozi mbi ziroroshye: ntukemere ko bibaho. Biterwa nawe!



Frederick Douglas

Hanyuma, videwo irangirana n'amagambo yavuzwe na Frederick Douglass:

"Iyo umugaragu abaye imbata yishimye, mu by'ukuri, yanze ibintu byose bimugira umuntu."

Orwell na Huxley bombi basobanura uburyo bw'igitugu. Amasomo yamateka yigisha ko abaturage mubihugu babigizemo uruhare batumye ubutegets bugenda neza. Ubutegets bwatangijwe kandi butwarwa na demagogi yonyine nka Hitler, Stalin, na Mao Zedong. Izi demagogi eshatu zonyine zagize uruhare mu rupfu rwabantu bagera kuri miliyoni 100.

Ariko, ugomba guhora wibaza abaterankunga ba demagogues abo aribo. Kuberako nubwo bimeze bityo, ntakintu kibi niba abantu basohora amafaranga mummyuka yoroheje batayishyigikiye. Abantu

basohora amafaranga mu kirere ni itsinda ryonyine rigera ku ntego zabo nibura ebyiri mu gushyiraho izo demagogi: gukusanya ingwate mu gihe cyo kwimura uturere twinshi, no gushyira mu bikorwa no kugerageza ubwoko bwa guverinoma y'igitugu ikora neza mbere yuko guverinoma y'isi iba byanze bikunze kurinda abatsinze. Sisitemu yigitugu yageragejwe mbere yimyaka ya za 70, mubikorwa, ahanini yari ishingiyeye kubwoba no guhatirwa.

Ikibazo cyubwoba nigitugu nuko abantu bose bumva ko bategekwa kandi ahorana ubwoba. Ibi bivuze ko abantu benshi muri sisitemu ihora batekereza guhindura, gusenya, gutererana, cyangwa no kuyitera. Ku ishyamba riri ku butegetsi, gukomeza gahunda nk'iyi biragoye cyane, birarambiranye, ndetse ni bibi. Ariko ibi nibyo byageragejwe cyane cyane muburusiya no mubihugu byacyo.

Muri icyo gihe, abatsinze biga uburyo bw'intwari Nshya y'Isi mu Burengerazuba. Hedonism, kutemera Imana, abaguzi, imigati na sirusi - ikintu cyose cyatuma abantu bumva bamereye neza kandi bakabagira ibicucu, bigatuma batakaza ubushake bwo gusobanura ubuzima - ikintu cyose kigamije "kwishimira gusa kugenda" cyageragejwe. Nkuburyo bwa "1984" bwageragejwe muburasirazuba, ubutwari bushya bwisi nabwo bwakoze kurwego runaka muburengerazuba. Ariko n'uyu mugati hamwe na susike inzira iracyahagije kugirango yereke abatsinze agaciro kabo. Ni ukubera ko uburyo bushya bwisi yintwari bugira imbata abantu benshi kububasha nubutunzi, bari kwica byukuri kugirango bagere hejuru, kabone niyo byaba bivuze guhangana nabatsinze ubwabo.

Abatsinze rero, basobanukiwe neza ko ingamba zombi zikora byigihe gito. Abantu bakimara kumenya ko bakoreshwa gusa mugukorera itsinda rito ryabatsinze uburiganya, harikibazo.

Nizera ko abatsinze bari basanzwe bazi mu ntangiriro ya za 1980 ko nta buryo na bumwe bwabemerera gushyiraho ubukomunisiti butajegajega, kandi hafashwe icyemezo cyo guhuza imyumvire ya "1984" na "Isi nshya y'ubutwari." Kugirango iyi mvange ikore, hagomba kongerwamo isosi y'ibanga: igitekerezo cyariyongereye cyane kuva 1920, cyitwa "Technocracy." Hamwe na mudasobwa zaje mu myaka ya za 40, abatsinze batangiye kubona ko bishoboka ko hashyirwaho uburyo bwiza bwo gucengeza, kwidagadurira, no kugenzura, kandi ko ibyo byose byagerwaho hifashishijwe igikoresho kimwe. Igikoresho cyifuzwa na bese. Igikoresho abatsinze bashobora kuneka, kugira uruhare, gucengeza, no gushimisha abantu icyarimwe. Hamwe niki gikoresho, ntabwo amaherezo y'ishyirwaho rya gikomunisiti ryagerwaho gusa, ahubwo rishobora no gushyirwa mubikorwa muburyo butuma ubukomunisiti burambye, kuko bwahuzaga uburyo bubiri bwa "1984" na "Isi nshya yintwari": ubwoba no kureshya. Iki gikoresho, birumvikana ko ari terefone igendanwa.

Abatekinisiye naba transhumaniste barose "ikimenyetso cyinyamaswa" ibinyejana byinshi. Ibitekerezo byigikoresho gishobora kwinjiza terefone igendanwa mumubiri wumuntu bimaze imyaka mirongo. Sisitemu aho abantu bafite ibyuma byerekana ibyerekanwe mubyerekezo byabo, bakakira amakuru ako kanya kubintu byose bakora, kandi bigahuzwa nububiko bunini bwamakuru. Ibi bivanaho gukenera uburezi, kuko amakuru yose ahita aboneka. Kandi abatsinze ntibagomba gutinya ko abantu bazigomeka kuri sisitemu, kuko imikoranire yose - yaba imyidagaduro yigenga cyangwa ikiganirwa nabandi - ihita yandikwa, ikabikwa, ikanasesengurwa na AI. Niba iyi "sisitemu yinyamanswa" nayo ihujwe na sisitemu yimari-nka CBDC ishobora gutegurwa neza (Banki Nkuru ya Digital Digital Currency) - ibihembo nibihano bishobora gutangwa mugihe nyacyo.



Kandi hamwe nubushobozi buhagije bwo gukomeza igice cyateganijwe cyabaturage (igice cyikiremamuntu gikeneye gukorera abatsinze no kubaha itsinda ryabantu bashobora gukoresha no guhohotera kugirango bongere ubushobozi bwabo no kuramba binyuze mu guhinduranya ingingo na eugene), abatsinze bazaba batsinze byimazeyo. Ubu buryo bwa tekinoloji buzaha abatsinze ubutware bwuzuye, nta mutwe wumutwe ushobora kwigomeka no kwigomeka. Hamwe na sisitemu nkiyi, abatsinze barashobora no kwishima, kuko ibaha imbaraga zimana.

Ibi byose nibitekerezo byanyije gusa kubantu bikunze gufatwa nkigitekerezo cyubugambanyi. Bizafatwa nkigitekerezo cyubugambanyi kugeza igihe tuzaba dufungiyeye muri gereza yacu ya digitale.

Ikibazo cyo kumenya niba ibyo byose byateguwe byateguwe neza (nuko rero turimo guhangana nubugambanyi bwihishe) cyangwa niba amateka yarahuye gusa nabatsinze batsinze imitungo yabo bese ntawe ubibonye, kuri njye, ntabwo ari ngombwa rwose. Nubwo bishoboka rwose ko bidashoboka - ko abatsinze ari ibicucu cyane - byari ukuri, twakagombye kwibaza ikibazo: “Turashaka koko abakomunisiti?” Kuberako ikigaragara nuko gahunda zose tubona ubu, nka:

- Kugera ku ntego zirambye z’iterambere (SDGs),
- Kwitegura icyorezo,
- Ikirere,
- (Cyber) kwitegura iterabwoba,
- Kurwanya disinformation, na
- Gutegura imijyi yiminota 15,

zirimo gushyirwa mu bikorwa. Ubumenyi-bwose bwakuwe mu myaka ibarirwa muri za mirongo igeragezwa mbonezamubano hamwe na gikomunisiti nabwo burimo gukorwa. Gahunda zose z’abinjira n’abinjira mu mijyi yacu y’iminota 15 n’ingabo za polisi zakoranyirizwagamo imfungwa zatangiye. Kandi icy’ingenzi, ikoranabuhanga ryindangamuntu ya biometrike hamwe na porogaramu nkuru ya banki nkuru y’amafaranga (CBDC) irubakwa kandi iratangizwa.

Kuri njye, ntacyo bitwaye niba byari byateguwe cyangwa bitateguwe. Ntabwo bitangaje uwabiteguye. Gusa ikintu cyingenzi kuri njye nuko: ndashaka kugira uruhare muri sisitemu umudendeko upfa? Sisitemu Leta izaba Imana yacu yonyine yemerewe. Sisitemu aho abatekinisiye batatoranijwe bambwira icyo gukora. Sisitemu yaba njye cyangwa undi muntu wese wigeze atora. Sisitemu demokarasi yapfuye igashyingurwa. Demokarasi-nkuko tubibona ubu-mubyukuri yari kwibeshya kuva mbere. Ibitekerezo byakomeje kubaho igihe kirekire bihagije kugirango abantu bubake gereza yabo ya digitale, kugirango abashoferi bacu baja bajugunye vuba urufunguzo. Ibinyoma biduhatira kubaho ku giciro gito batwemerera kwishimira, mugihe abatsinze ubwabo aribo bonyine babona kwishimira isi. Nubwo bitari byateguwe, byanze bikunze ukuri kwacu nigihe kizaza kizarenganya rwose. Ukuri gusanzwe gukomeretsa abakomunisiti.

Iyo dusubije amaso inyuma, sogokuru yari afite ukuri rwose kubyerekeye ubukomunisiti. Reba gusa ibyabereye mu Burusiya, aho abantu bagera kuri miliyoni 30 bapfuye mu gihe cyimya 34:

Intambara y’Abarusiya (1918–1921)

Intambara y’abenegihugu yahitanye abantu bagera kuri miliyoni 7 kugeza kuri 12, cyane cyane abasivili. Izi mpfu zatewe n’ibikorwa nk’ibikorwa bya gisirikare, inzara, n’indwara nka kolera na tifoyide. Politiki y’intambara nayo yagize uruhare mu bukomunisiti, harimo no gusaba ingano byatumye umusaruro ugabanuka n’inzara bigabanuka cyane.

Iterabwoba ritukura (1918-1922)

Iki gihe cyo gukandamiza politiki n'urugomo byakozwe na Bolsheviks byari bigamije kurwanya abatavuga rumwe n'ubutegetsu. Ikigereranyo cyumubare wimpfu mugihe cyiterabwoba gitukura ziratandukanye cyane. Imibare yemewe yerekana ko abiciwe hafi 8.500 mu mwaka wa mbere wonyine, ariko umubare nyawo urashobora kuba mwinshi. Abahanga mu by'amateka bavugaga ko umubare w'abiciwe n'impfu zose zatewe no guhashya imyigarangambyo no muri gereza ziri hagati ya 50.000 na 1.300.000.

Inzara y'Abarusiya yo mu 1921-1922

Abantu bagera kuri miliyoni 5 barapfuye. Ibi byakajije umurego mu ntambara y'abenegihugu hamwe na gikomunisiti y'intambara.

Inzara y'Abasoviyeti yo mu 1930-1933 (harimo na Holodomori)

Yateje impfu z'abantu bagera kuri miliyoni 5.7 kugeza kuri 8.7. Holodomor yibasiye cyane Ukraine kandi bizwi na bamwe mu bahanga mu by'amateka ndetse n'ibihugu nk'igikorwa cya jenocide.

Inzara y'Abasoviyeti yo mu 1946-1947

Byavuye mu rupfu rugera ku 500.000 kugeza kuri miliyoni 2.

Gukusanya hamwe

Guhuriza hamwe ku gahato ubuhinzi kuva 1928 kugeza 1933 byahitanye abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni, harimo n'inzara yavuzwe haruguru.

Isuku rikomeye (1936-1938)

Igihe cyo gukandamizwa muri politiki cyatumye bicwa cyangwa bafungwa mu nkambi z'imirimo ya Gulag y'abantu ibihumbi magana. Ikigereranyo cy'imfu zapfuye muri iki gihe kiri hagati ya 700.000 na miliyoni 1.2.

Sisitemu ya Gulag

Kuva ubwo buryo bwashyirwaho mu 1953, hapfuye hagati ya miliyoni 1.5 na 1.7 muri miliyoni 18 z'imfungwa.

Kwirukanwa

Kwirukana imbaga ya "kulaks" hamwe n'amoko mato atandukanye nabyo byatumye hapfa abantu benshi. Igitabo kimwe kivugaga ko abantu barenga miliyoni 6 birukanywe hagati ya 1920 na 1952, abapfuye bakaba bari hagati ya 800.000 na 1.500.000 muri SSSR yonyine.

Ubukomunisiti ni ugutunganya ubwinshi kuri bake nubuke kubandi. Capitalism nayo yerekanye ko ntakindi kirenze ubukomunisiti yihishe. Niba amafaranga adacapishijwe rwihishwa n'itsinda rito ry'abatsinze, ibihugu byinshi byari kuba byiza cyane kandi bifite ubwenge, ibyo-mu isi y'aba capitaliste-byerekana ko ihomba ry'imishinga mito mito. Ariko iyo ayo masosiyete manini afite uburyo bwo kubona amafaranga yacapishijwe rwihishwa hanze yumuyaga, kandi natwe - abasigaye - ntubikora, ubwo rero nta capitalism iba. Muri icyo gihe, capitalism ntakindi kirenze ubukomunisiti yihishe, yaremewe kubeshya abantu batekereza ko ubukungu buboneye kandi buboneye.

5.3 Muri Gikomunisiti Nta Demokarasi Ihari

Iyo imbaraga zose (finanse) ziri mumaboko yitsinda rito, urashobora gutora uko ubishaka, ariko sisitemu ntizigera iba nziza. Tutarangije kwiharira "gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga," amajwi yacu ntacyo azaba amaze. Sisitemu yonyine demokarasi ishobora kugarurwa ni "Abundanism." Gusa muri Abundomism ni amafaranga bigaragara ko atabogamye. Kandi namafaranga atabogamye gusa amajwi azaba angana. Bitabaye ibyo, demokarasi irapfa.

6 Abundomy Nubukungu

6.1 Wibande

Itandukaniro rinini hagati ya "Ubukungu" na "Abundom" ni uko mu bukungu, intumbero iri imbere (niki nakora kugirango mbone ibyo nkeneye / nshaka), mugihe muri "Abundom", intego yibanze hanze (niki nakora kugirango abandi babone ibyo bakeneye / bashaka).

Kurugero, niba ntafite inzu nziza, bizagorana kwiubaka ubwanjye, mugihe niba undi muntu akeneye inzu, bizoroha cyane guteranya itsinda rifite ubuhanga butandukanye no kwibanda kububakira.

Ubu buryo bukubiyemo gusikana umuryango wacu kugirango turebe ibibuze no gushinga amatsinda kugirango dukemure ikibazo kibuze. Uku gusikana buri gihe aho dutuye kugirango tumenye icyabuze ni ngombwa kuko niba abantu baharanira kubaho (kubera ko babuze umuryango, urugo, ibiryo, imyambaro, cyangwa nibitekerezo byibanze nibintu bagomba gukora), abo bantu ntibatangira guteza ibibazo gusa ahubwo ntibazibanda no "gusukura imyanda yabo."

Iyo ibitekerezo byumuntu byuzuyemo impungenge zuburyo bwo kubaho uyu munsu nuwundi, nta mwanya uhari murubwo bwenge bwo kubona amashusho nuburanga. Birazwi ko - kubera ubwo bwoba - "abakene" bafata ibyemezo bibi. Ibi byemezo bibi ntabwo bigira ingaruka mbi kuri bo ubwabo, ahubwo no kubandi baturage. Iyo uri umukene wumwanda kandi wibanda gusa kumafunguro yawe ataha, ntumara umwanya wo kwisukura nyuma yawe cyangwa imyanda yawe.

Kubwibyo, buri muturage agomba kwemeza ko ubwinshi bwabwo bukoreshwa mbere yo gufasha buri munyamuryango. Muri buri dini, "kwita ku bakene" byahozze ari igitekerezo gikomeye cyane. Amadini yigisha abantu kubanza kureba hanze (ninde ushobora gufasha) mbere yo kureba muri bo (ndashaka iki). Gusa hamwe niyi myifatire urashobora gushiraho Abundomy.

Ariko, abatsinze bakoresheje amamiliyaridi y'amadolari mu kwamamaza, mu ntambara, no kurimbura kugira ngo twemeze ko dukwiye kwikunda, ko tugomba gutinya abantu tutazi, kandi ko dukeneye ko leta itwitaho. Abatsinze binjiye mu madini yose kugira ngo bayasenyeye imbere. Ariko nubwo bagerageza gute, amafaranga bakoresheje bangahe, umubare wabantu bishe bagahinduka zombie egocentric, sociopaths iracyananiwe kwikuramo burundu impuhwe zimana, kamere muntu abantu bafitiye abandi.

Umwana wese wavutse aje mwisi impuhwe mumutima. Urwango rukura gusa mubana mugihe, iyo batitaweho neza. Kubantu bafite impuhwe, biragoye kumva ko abantu babaho nta mpuhwe. Sociopaths buri gihe izi ibi kandi ikayikoresha kugirango yigaragaze nk'abayobozi. Iyi mpyisi yambaye intama buri gihe niyo ikoresha uburiganya kandi amaherezo ikagira imbaraga binyuze muri yo. Buri gihe ni bo batsinze, kandi ni bo bonyine bakeneye inzego za leta kugira ngo birinde.

Niyo mpamvu sociopaths yaremye ubukungu bwubu, bushingiye kubura ubukorikori: kugenzura twese. Kandi ubwo buryo bushobora kurangirira muri gikomunisiti gusa. Sisitemu aho buri wese ahatirwa na guverinoma imwe yisi yose gukorera sociopaths idashobora kwizera ko umuntu uwo ari we wese yabafasha kubwimpuhwe. Amadini yose yatuburiye kubyerekeye ubwoko bw'abantu. Abantu badasobanukiwe nibitekerezo nkurukundo nimpuhwe.

Gushiraho Abundomy bishingiye ku mpuhwe no gutera imbere kuri buri wese, kandi ukabigeraho, amaherezo bizerekana sociopaths nabi.

6.2 Hindura Propaganda

Kugira ngo tureme isi yuzuye, tugomba mbere na mbere gusobanukirwa ubwinshi bwa poropagande idusukaho. Tumaze gusobanukirwa uburyo bagerageza kutubeshya, dushobora guhindura gusa ibyo bashaka ko tugeraho: ko twemera uburetwa bwacu. Guhindura ibi bivuze kuvumbura icyo tugomba gukora kugirango duhunge uburetwa bwacu no kuvumbura uburyo dushobora kubona umudendeze wo kurema "Abundom".

6.2.1 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Nta Bukene"

Inzego zazamuye "guteza ubuke" muburyo bwubuhanzi noneho gerageza kukwemeza ko abakene bose aribo nyirabayazana wibibazo byabo, kuko batize amashuri ahagije kandi ntibakoraga bihagije. Kubera iyo mpamvu, bakoreshejwe n'abantu bo mu bihugu "byateye imbere" bikunda kandi bafite umururumba, basunika amasosiyete yabo gukoresha abakene no guha ruswa abanyapolitiki kugira ngo babemere.



Inzego zimwe ba nyirazo-basohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga - nukuri kandi nyirabayazana mugihe ubukene bwanjye kwisi ubu bagerageza kutubeshya twese twizera ko bazanye gahunda zizarangiza ubukene.

Igisubizo cyabo kizaba ugusenywa buri cyiciro cyo hagati (abagerageza gukoresha umudendezo wabo wanyuma kugirango bubake ubuzima bwiza) hanyuma babanze babasimbuzwe ayo mahanga yose azwi. Ibihugu byinshi byagize uruhare mu kwamamaza ibice 16 biri imbere, kugirango bikureho umudendezo wa nyuma wa buri wese. Nibimara gukorwa, abatsinze bazashyiraho abakomunisiti.

Umuryango w'abakomunisiti umaze gushingwa, ntihazongera kubaho ubukene, kuko buri wese azahabwa kashe y'ibiribwa n'umuyobozi mukuru w'ishyamba rikuru. Nibura - niba ukora neza ibyo Umuyobozi mukuru w'ishyamba rikubwira. Ku ikubitiro, ugomba gukora gusa imirimo Nshingwabikorwa Nkuru iguha. Uzabona umubare munini wabapolisi bafite ubanza bafite intego nke kandi ntibishobora kubara akazi. Ariko iyo bamaze gukura abana mumiryango yabo, kure yabantu, kugirango babareze, kandi numara kubona abagize umuryango babuze mumakambi yabakoze kugirango "bongere kubigisha", ukabona ubugenzuzi bwiyeongera kuburyo utagishoboye kwizera abo mu muryango wawe ngo bavugane nawe, noneho utangira kumva ko guhunga ubukene (niba urokoze) biza ku giciro cyo hejuru cyane kuruta uko wabitekerezaga. Ubwanyuma, uzumva uri wenyine muri sisitemu yubucakara iteye ubwoba yatekerezwa, hamwe na Leta gusa nk'ubwo yawe.

Ubukungu bwubu ntabwo buzigera butera imbere kwukuri. Gutera imbere kwukuri nubwisanzure bwo guhitamo. Guhitamo ibyo ukora iyo ubyutse. Guhitamo uko urera abana bawe, uko ukura ibiryo byawe, uko wivura indwara zawe, ibyo uvuga, ibyo usoma. Nta kigo kigomba kukubwira niba ufatwa nkumukire cyangwa umukene. Ubukene ntaho buhuriye numubare w'amafaranga mu gikapo cyawe. Ubukene bufitanye isano n'ubuke bwo guhitamo ufite.

Gutanga amahitamo menshi, twashizeho "amafaranga yimyatwarire idasobanutse." Sisitemu yimari abantu bese bagira uruhare runini mugushinga amafaranga - ubu ni bwo buryo bwumvikana kandi bwonyine bwo kurandura ubukene. Ntabwo aribyinshi gushira amafaranga mumufuka wa buriwese, ariko gukuraho ibibujijwe byose kumikoreshereze yaza mufaranga. Kubwinshi bwacu, buriwese afite umudendezo wuzuye wo gukoresha amafaranga ye.

Ntushobora kurandura ubukene kandi icyarimwe kugabanya umudendezo. Kandi na none, amagambo yavuzwe na Frederick Douglass:

"Iyo umugaragu abaye imbata yishimye, aba afite, yanze ibintu byose bimugira umuntu."

6.2.2 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Nta Nzara"

Inzara zose zikomeye ni ingaruka zintambara. Iyo nta ntambara ihari, abantu bahita babona uburyo bwo kwibeshaho. Nubwo isarura ryananiranye, abaturage bashakisha uburyo bwo kubaho, nkuko babigize ibinyejana byinshi. Muri §3.4.2, urashobora gusoma kuberekeye "gufata ubutaka" burimo kuba. Mu gushyiraho amategeko ashingiye ku bushakashatsi budafatika bwakozwe na siyansi n'itangazamakuru ryononekaye ku bijyanye n'imihindagurikire y'ikirere, abahinzi bahatirwa gutanga ubutaka bwabo, kandi abarobyi bahatirwa kureka aho baroba n'ubwato. Bahatirwa kuyishyikiriza ibigo mpuzamahanga ndetse nabaherwe bavuga ko bakora akazi keza mubuhinzi nuburobyi. Ntabwo twigeze tuvuga guhiga, byavanyweho burundu n'amategeko na poropagande.

Inzira yoroshye kubatsinze kugenzura ikiremamuntu ni ukugenzura ibiribwa. Kugenzura sisitemu yifaranga ntacyo bimaze niba utagenzura no gutanga ibiryo. Iyo abantu bashobora guhanga ibiryo byabo, ntibababagikeneye amafaranga kugirango babeho. Ni ngombwa rero ko abatsinze byibuzwe bagenzura ibiribwa. Ibyo bakora ni ugutera ubwoba ko abahinzi batanze ibiryo byacu muryaka ibihumbi nibihumbi batazabura gutanga ibiryo byiza. Bashaka ko

twemera ko abahinzi n'abarobyi bakoresha uburyo bubangamira isi yose kandi ko abo bakozi bafite ubumenyi kandi bwingenzi bagomba gusimburwa n'imiryango mpuzamahanga. Amashyirahamwe y'ibihugu byinshi azahita akuraho ibicuruzwa bisanzwe by'abahinzi n'abarobyi bacu maze abisimbuzwe inyama zahinzwe na laboratoire, zanditswe na 3D, amata y'ubukorikori, na poroteyine zavanywe mu dukoko, ibinyabuzima byahinduwe mu buryo bwa genoside, byatewe n'imiti yemewe yerekana ko itera kanseri. Kandi twibasiye na poropagande ivuga ko byose bikorwa mu guca inzara. Kwamamaza biratangaje rwose. Ntabwo umuntu yemera ko abantu - cyane cyane abahinzi n'abarobyi ubwabo - badashobora kubona neza ibibabaho. Nukuri birababaje.



Intambara ku bahinzi mu Buholandi

Kubera ko kwibasira abahinzi buri gihe ari kimwe mubintu byambere abakomunisiti bakora (kugenzura abaturage), inzira yo kwimura abahinzi imaze imyaka mirongo. Cyane cyane mu bihugu "byateye imbere", umubare wimiryango ifite imirima cyangwa ubucuruzi bwuburobyi wagabanutse cyane. Muburyo bwacu "Isi Yinshi", kubabarira imyenda (reba §3.4.1b) bizaba igihe akarengane gakorerwa abahinzi nabarobyi kazakurwaho. Hashingiwe ku makuru y'amateka yerekeye ubutaka n'uburobyi iyi miryango yakoreshejwe mu buhinzi n'uburobyi, ubutaka bwabo n'uburenganzira bwo kuroba bizagarurwa byimazeyo. Inzitizi zose za leta ku buhinzi n'uburobyi zizakurwaho. Ibi ntibisobanura ko abahinzi n'abarobyi batagomba kwita kubidukikije. Muri "Abundom," abaguzi bazasaba ubushishozi muburyo bwo kubyaza umusaruro, harimo uburyo abahinzi n'abarobyi batunganya ibiryo byabo no gucunga imyanda n'umwanda. Uku gukorera mu mucyo kuzahabwa abakiriya, bashobora noneho guhitamo uko

bakoresha amafaranga yabo. Nta kigo cya leta gikwiye kwivanga muri icyo gikorwa, kuko ibyo byateza rwose ubuke bw'ubukorikori, kwiharira monopoliya udashaka, hamwe na poropagande itavangiye ubu turwaye.

6.2.3 Hindura Propaganda Ya 'Nta Quacks'

Imwe mumigambi mibisha yo kurema isi yubuke ni ugufata sisitemu yubuzima. Hamwe no gufata gahunda y'ibiribwa byacu, kwiharira gahunda y'ubuvuzi byagize uruhare runini mu guteza ubukene bw'imiti. Ahari ubukangurambaga buhenze cyane mu mateka y'umuntu bwakoreshejwe kugira ngo twemeze ko imiti karemano yose ari mibi kandi iteje akaga, ko umuntu wese uvuga ko ari ukundi agomba guhita afungwa, kandi ko imiti y'imiti yemewe gusa ibereye gukiza abantu.

Virusi

Byongeye kandi, turasabwa kandi kwizera ko virusi zibaho, nubwo nta bimenyetso bifatika bya siyansi byemeza iki kirego, nubwo hari ibimenyetso byinshi bivuguruzwa kubaho kwabo. Muri iki gitabo, ntabwo nzacengera ku ngingo ya virusi, kuko hari ibikoresho byinshi byo gukora ubushakashatsi bwawe bwite. Ariko, nzerekana ko igitekerezo cyo kubaho kwa virusi aribwo buryo bworoshye bwo gukora igitugu (ubuvuzi). Hamwe na "icyorezo cya Covid-19," twabonye uburyo inzego zacu "demokarasi" zishobora guhindagurika nka switch, bigatuma uburenganzira bwo kubuza umudendeze mbere bwagaragaye gusa mubutegetswe bwabakomunisiti. Ubworoherane abantu, n'inzego za leta, ntibyemereye gusa ubwisanzure bwabo, ahubwo byemereye guverinoma gusenya imibereho y'abaturage ndetse no kubuza imvugo z'amadini nko gutegura imihango yo gushyingura yubashye, ntibyari byigeze bibaho. Ikintu giteye ubwoba kubayabaye muri ayo mezi ni ubworoherane abaturage bajyanye gusa ningamba zasaze kandi zidasobanutse, nuburyo byari byoroshye guterana amagambo hagati yabo. Hamwe na poropagande nkeya, abantu benshi bahindutse abatanga amakuru batagira ubwenge, nkuko Aldous Huxley yabisobanuye mubazwa rye (reba §4.2.1). Ubwoba bwo kurwara busa nkaho ari bwinshi kuri benshi kuruta gutinya gusozwa.



William A. Rockefeller

Uburyo Gufata Ubuvuzi Bwaje

John D. Rockefeller yasobanukiwe uburyo bwo gupakira imiti kandi anasobanukirwa ko bidashoboka gupakira ibyatsi bisanzwe. Se wa John D. Rockefeller, William Avery Rockefeller, yari umucuruzi w'ingendo akaba n'umuntu uzwi cyane kubera gukiza ibitangaza by'uburiganya, harimo "amavuta y'inzoka." Nubwo ibyo poropagande ishobora kukubwira, byakagombye kumvikana neza ko John D. Rockefeller, umunyamahangakazi uzaza, umuhungu wiye quack yingendo, ibikorwa byuburiganya byafashaga cyane umuhungu we kuba monopoliste wamavuta, yumvise neza uburyo bwo gukoresha abantu ubwoba bwindwara nurupfu kugirango babagurishye imiti yubumaji idakora gusa. Ntabwo bitangaje kuba John D. Rockefeller yinjiye mu bucuruzi "bwita ku buzima" afite intego imwe: kwiharira imiti, nk'uko yari afite amavuta. Kimwe na se, agomba kuba nta ruhare yari afite rwo gushaka amafaranga yishyuye abarwayi no kubegereza urupfu rwabo. Ibi nibyo yakozwe akurikije - kubogama - AI:

Incamake

John D. Rockefeller yagize uruhare runini mu bigo by'ubuvuzi n'ubuvuzi by'Abanyamerika binyuze mu bikorwa by'ubugiraneza bwinshi, harimo gutera inkunga Raporo ya Flexner yo mu 1910, ubushakashatsi bw'ingenzi bwatumye habaho gahunda y'ubuvuzi ishingiyeye ku bumenyi bushingiyeye ku bumenyi bushingiyeye ku buvuzi gakondo bushingiyeye ku muco gakondo cyangwa rusange. Ikigo cye gishinzwe uburezi rusange cyatanze kandi inkunga ku mashuri makuru y'ubuvuzi yemeye aya mahame mashya, ashyaresha gahunda y'ubuvuzi n'imyitozo ngororamubiri, bituma hazamuka "Big Pharma" no guca intege imiti gakondo.

Raporo ya Flexner (1910)

Rockefeller yashyigikiye ubu bushakashatsi bwibanze binyuze muri Fondasiyo ya Carnegie hamwe n'inama nkuru y'uburezi. Raporo yasabye ko hashyirwaho uburyo bushingiye ku bumenyi bw'ubuvuzi n'ubuvuzi, bujyanye n'inyungu za Rockefeller mu guteza imbere uruganda rukora imiti.

Amafaranga yo kwiga ubuvuzi

Ikigo gishinzwe uburezi rusange cya Rockefeller cyatanze inkunga ikomeye mumashuri makuru yubuvuzi yakurikije ibyifuzo bya Flexner Raporo kandi asunika gahunda yubuvuzi isanzwe, yibanda kuri siyanse.

Inkunga yo kuvura imiti

Mu gushora imari mu iterambere ry'imiti n'ubushakashatsi binyuze mu bigo nk'ikigo cya Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, Rockefeller yafashije gushyiraho urufatiro rw'inganda zigezweho za farumasi.

Guteza imbere ubukangurambaga bwubuzima rusange

Komisiyo y'isuku ya Rockefeller hamwe n'ishami mpuzamahanga ry'ubuzima ryakurikiyeho batangije gahunda z'ubuzima rusange bw'abaturage, nko kurandura inzoka, byerekana ubushobozi bw'ibikorwa rusange by'ubuzima rusange, byateguwe, kandi bishingiye ku bumenyi.

Ingaruka ziyi ngaruka**Ibipimo ngenderwaho byuburezi bwubuvuzi**

Mu gihe cyakurikiyeho Raporo ya Flexner, amashuri y'ubuvuzi mato mato mato, adafite ubuziranenge yarafunzwe, bituma habaho uburyo bwo kwigisha bw'ubuvuzi bumwe kandi bushingiye ku bumenyi muri Amerika.

Kuzamuka kwa "Big Pharma"

Kwibanda kuri farumasi no guhagarika ubundi buryo cyangwa imiti karemano byagize uruhare mu mikurire no kwiganza kwamasosiyete manini yimiti, kugeza na nubu.

Gutesha agaciro imigenzo gakondo

Ubundi buryo bwo kuvura nka naturopathie na homeopathie, bimaze gukoreshwa henshi, ahanini ntibyakuwe mu myigire y'ubuvuzi n'ubuvuzi kubera ko babonaga bidahuye na paradizo nshya.

Irakora gutya: niba ushaka gukora nka muganga mubitaro-ukabona ubuzima bwiza - ugomba kuba wize mubigo byuburezi byemejwe ninama nkuru yuburezi. Mubisanzwe, nkumuganga, wiga gusa kwandika imiti yimiti ishobora gutangirwa ipiganwa, cyane cyane iyatanze namasosiyete afite ba Rockefellers. Imyinshi muri iyo miti yimiti yakozwe kugirango itagukiza, ariko igabanya gusa ibimenyetso byigihe gito, kandi nawe-nkumurwayi-wabaswe nibiyobyabwenge. Nubwo uburwayi bwawe bwaba bumeze kose, igisubizo ni ibinini bya chimique. Niba abaganga batanditse imiti ihagije, babona komisiyo zabo zagabanutse.

Niba abaganga banditse imiti "off-label" ihendutse kandi idafite ipatanti, umuganga arashobora gukurikiranwa no gutakaza uruhushya. Niba - Imana ikinga ukuboko - umuganga akena ibyatsi karemano, indyo yuzuye, cyangwa imyitozo imwe n'imwe izuba, umuganga ashobora kwitwaga ko ari akajagari hanyuma akaza gufungwa. Iyi ntambara yo kurwanya imiti imaze gutera imbere kugeza ubu, nk'urugero, abakora ubuki mu Burayi ntibagishoboye kwemererwa kuvuga ku birango byabo ngo 'ubu buki ni bwiza ku buzima bwawe'.

Kugira ngo duhindure monopolisation ya sisitemu yubuzima bwacu, ni ngombwa gukuraho patenti zose. Kugira ngo ubuvuzi bugire ubumenyi mu by'ukuri, ibyanditswe byose n'ubushakashatsi bigomba kuba mu mucyo mbere yo gutanga imiti. Gusa mugihe amakuru yubuvuzi ari menshi inganda zizongera kugirirwa ikizere gikwiye, kubera ko abantu bashobora kwishingikiriza kubushakashatsi bwabo aho guhatirwa kwakira buhumyi poropagande kuva muri sisitemu yangiritse kugeza kuri:

Propaganda ituruka kumugurisha amavuta yinzoka inzoka iracyagaragara mubirango byose "byubuzima".



6.2.4 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Uburezi Bufite Ireme"

Nkuko ruswa ya sisitemu yubuvuzi yashinze imizi muri gahunda yuburezi, abatsinze bakoresha UNESCO kwiharira ibikoresho byigisha na gahunda abarimu bemerewe kwigisha mu mashuri, bityo bakangiza ruswa. Muri .32.3, urashobora gusoma kubyerekeye ibibazo UNESCO yahuye nabyo kuva yashingwa. Kimwe no muri societe nziza y'abakomunisiti, abana bagomba gukurwa mubabyeyi babo vuba bishoboka kugirango bashobore kwinjizwa muburyo bwose bushoboka. Abana bazasoma amateka abatsinze bifuza ko basoma, kandi bashaka gusa kubahindura abakozi bumvira. Nkuko umunyamerika uzwi cyane wo gusetsa George Carlin abisobanura:

... Ariko hariho impamvu. Hariho impamvu. Hariho impamvu yabyo, hari impamvu ituma uburezi budafite agaciro, kandi niyo mpamvu imwe itazigera, BURUNDU, BURUNDU.

Ntabwo bizigera bimera neza, ntubishakire, wishimire ibyo ufite.

Kuberako ba nyirubwite, banyiri iki gihugu, batabishaka. Ndavuga kuri banyiri nyabo, banyiri BIG! Abakire ... banyiri NYAKURI! Inyungu nini, zikize mubucuruzi bugenzura buri kintu kandi gifata ibyemezo byose byingenzi.

Wibagirwe abanyapolitiki. Ntaho bihuriye. Abanyapolitike barahari kugirango baguhe igitekerezo cyuko ufite umudendeze wo guhitamo. Ntabwo. Nta mahitamo ufite! UFITE! Baragufite. Bafite byose. Bafite igihugu cyose cyingenzi. Bafite kandi bagenzura ibigo. Kuva kera baguze kandi bishyura Sena, Kongere, amazu ya leta, hamwe n'amazu y'umuji, bafite abacamanza mu mufuka w'inyuma, kandi bafite ibitangazamakuru bikomeye byose, bityo bagenzura neza amakuru yose namakuru yose wumva. Bafite imipira.

Bakoresha miriyari y'amadorari buri mwaka lobbying, lobbying, lobbying kugirango babone ibyo bashaka. Nibyo, tuzi icyo bashaka. Bashaka byinshi kuri bo kandi bike kubandi bose, ariko nzakubwira icyo badashaka:

Ntibashaka abaturage bashoboye gutekereza kunegura. Ntibashaka abantu bazi neza, bize neza bashoboye gutekereza kunegura. Ntabwo bashishikajwe nibyo. Ntabwo ibafasha. Bitandukanye n'inyungu zabo bwite.

Nibyo. Ntibashaka ko abantu bafite ubwenge buhagije bicara kumeza yigikoni cyabo bagatekereza uburyo barimo gutwarwa na sisitemu yabajugunye hejuru yimyaka 30 ishize. Ntibashaka!

Uzi icyo bashaka? Bashaka abakozi bumvira. Abakozi bumvira, abantu bafite ubwenge buhagije bwo gukoresha imashini no gukora impapuro. Kandi ni ibicucu bihagije kugirango wemere byanze bikunze iyi mirimo yose igenda itera ubwoba hamwe nu mushahara muto, amasaha menshi, inyungu zagabanutse, iherezo ryamasaha y'ikirenga, hamwe na pansiyu yabuze ibura mugihe ugiye kubikusanya, none baza kuri pansiyu ya leta. Bashaka amafaranga ya pansiyu. Bashaka ko bigaruka kugirango bashobore kubiha inshuti zabo z'abagizi ba nabi kuri Wall Street, kandi uzi iki? Bagiyeye kubona. Bagiyeye kukubona byose bitinde bitebuke, kuko bayobora aha hantu habi! Ni club nini, kandi ntabwo uri uwanyu! Wowe na nyje ntabwo turi muri iyo club nini.

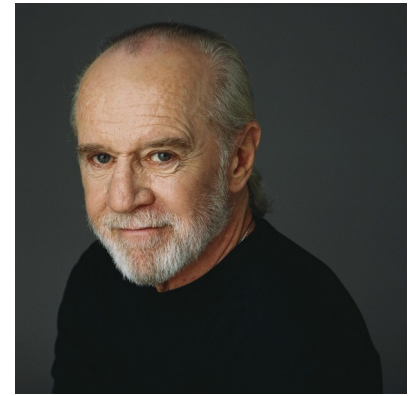
Uretse ibyo, ni club imwe nini bagukubise umutwe umunsi wose, bakubwira icyo wemera. Baragukubise umutwe umunsi wose nibitangazamakuru byabo bikubwira ibyo wemera, icyo utekereza, icyo kugura. Imeza yarahindutse, abantu. Umukino urakosowe, kandi ntamuntu numwe ubibona. Ntamuntu numwe ubiyitayeho! Abantu beza, b'inyangamugayo, bakora cyane; umweru-umukara, ubururu-ubururu, ntacyo bitwaye ishuti yamabara wambaye. Abantu beza, b'inyangamugayo, bakorana umwete, nibindi, aba ni abantu bafite amafaranga yinjiza make, bakomeza guhitamo aba batsinzwe bakire bataguhaga agaciro kuri wewe ... ntibaguhaga agaciro ... ntibagutuka.

Ntabwo baguha agaciro kukwerekeye ... ntakintu na kimwe ... CYANE ntacyo. Kandi ntamuntu numwe ubibona. Ntamuntu numwe ubiyitayeho. Nibyo ba nyirubwite. Kuba Abanyamerika birashoboka ko bazakomeza kutamenya nkana kiriya gikinisho kinini gitukura, cyera, nubururu cyerekeje inyuma buri muni, kuko banyiri iki gihugu bazi ukuri.

Yitwa Inzozo z'Abanyamerika, kuko ugomba gusinzira kugirango ubyemere.

Andi magambo yavuzwe na George Carlin ni aya:

*Ntukigishe abana bawe gusoma gusa ...
Mubigishe kubaza ibyo basoma.
Mubigishe kubaza ibyo basomye kandi bumva.
Abana bagomba kwiga kubaza ubutware.
Ababyeyi ntibigera bigisha abana babo kubaza ubutware,
kuberako ababyeyi ubwabo aribo bayobozi,
kandi ntibashaka gutesha agaciro ubuswa bwabo mumuryango.
Abana bakeneye kuburirwa ko ibitagira umumaro biza.
Nicyo kintu cyingenzi ushobora gukorera umwana.
Ubabwire ubuzima muri iki gihugu icyo aricyo cyose.
Nubuswa bwinshi bugomba kuvumburwa no kwirinda.*



George Carlin

Muri §1.3.1, namaze gusobanura impamvu ntamuntu ukwiye kwizera gusa "siyanse." Ugomba buri gihe gukora ubushakashatsi bwawe mbere yo guca urubanza. Ugomba guhora wibaza niba ibyo usoma cyangwa wumva ari poropagande cyangwa ukuri.

Amagambo "Nusoma byinshi, niko urushaho gusobanukirwa nubumenyi buke" byerekana paradox yubumenyi: uko ubumenyi bwawe bwagutse binyuze mugusoma, ugenda urushaho kumenya ubumenyi bwinshi utazi, biganisha kumwicisha bugufi ko gusobanukirwa kwukuri ari ubushakashatsi butagira iherezo. Iki gitekerezo ntigamije guca intege, ahubwo ni ugushimangira ko inzira yo kwiga ifungura ibibazo byinshi n'umwanya wo gukomeza ubushakashatsi, nkuko bigaragazwa n'amagambo azwi cyane ya Socrate yagize ati: "Uko nzi, niko mbona ko ntacyo nzi."

Ariko, hari kandi uruhande rwiza rwo gushaka ubumenyi butagira iherezo. Igihe kimwe, utangiye kubona imiterere nisano bikomeza kwisubiramo ubwabyo. Ubumenyi nabwo ni nka puzzle, bimwe mubice byahujwe gusa. Igihe cyose bibaye, urushaho kwemeza ko imyanzuro wafashe igomba kuba ikwiye. Muri iki gihe cyibyumba bya echo, ariko, ugomba gukomeza gusoma kandi ukagerageza gushaka amakuru aturuka ahantu hatandukanye.

Ikigaragara kuri njye nuko bigifite umutekano muke kwiga ubumenyi bwibanze - nko gusoma, imibare, indimi, physics, chimie, nibice byinshi bya biyolojiya - kwishuri. Ariko mugihe utangiye kwiga amateka, ubukungu, na politiki, ugomba rwose kubaza byose.

Mw'isi yuzuye, bizaba ngombwa kwigisha abana kwibaza kuri buri kintu cyose, kubaha amakuru atandukanye - akwiranye n'imyaka yabo - kandi bakareba ko badakwirakwizwa n'abayobozi. Ukora ibi ubigisha gutandukanya poropagande namakuru nyayo. Hamwe nuburyo bwiza bwo kubona amakuru menshi nibitekerezo byo guhanga, ndateganya guturika guhanga mugihe duhinduye uburezi kuva gutegura abana kuba abakozi bumvira bakajya mubitekerezo byo guhanga - ibitekerezo byiga gufasha mubihe byose ubuzima bubatera.



6.2.5 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Uburinganire"

Bumwe mu buryo bwa kera mu gitabo ni "Gabana kandi Utsinde." Amayeri nukugabana abantu. Ntabwo bitangaje rwose uko ubatandukanya, mugihe abantu batangiye kwibona nk'abagize itsinda. Umaze kubigeraho, wibanda ku itandukaniro riri hagati yaya matsinda uko bishakiye kandi winjize abo mu itsinda basa nkaho batishoboye n'irindi tsinda ko hari "ivangura" rikorerwa itsinda ritishoboye nitsinda ryungutse neza. Ko bagomba kuryozwa itsinda ryabatishoboye kuba aho riri. Ntacyo bitwaye inzira igoye yatumye habaho itandukaniro; itandukaniro ubwaryo ni gihamya y'ivangura. Izi ngamba "kugabana no gutsinda" zikora nkigikundiro, cyane cyane kubatsinze bakomeza kwihisha. Igihe cyose abantu bashinja mugenzi wabo kubibazo byabo, ntibagerageza gushaka ibibazo nyabyo muri sisitemu. Ishakisha rishobora kubaganisha kubwabatsinze.

Abakomunisiti, cyane cyane, bakoresha ubu buryo. Abantu bafite inganda cyangwa imirima byiswe "abashoramari" n'abakozi "proletariat." Abakozi babwirwa ko gutunga igishoro ari ikizira kandi ko ibicuruzwa by'imari bigomba kuba ibya leta rwose (byitwa ko bigomba gutunga abantu bose), batazi ko itsinda ryihishe rihari risohora amafaranga mu kirere cyoroshye kandi rikaba rifite neza ubutaka, inganda, imitungo itimukanwa, n'imashini nk'ingwate. Ariko, bo - abakozi - ntibazigera bemererwa gutunga ikintu icyo aricyo cyose kandi birashoboka cyane ko bazabona ubuzima bwabo bwifashe nabi nyuma yo guteza urupfu no kurimbuka muri revolution ya gikomunisiti.

Ihuriro ry'uburinganire-feminism-naryo ryongerewe ingufu muri ubu buryo n'abasanze bakekwa. Muri iki kiganiro hagati ya Alex Jones na Aaron Russo kubyerekeye umubano we na Nick Rockefeller, iyi ngingo yaganiriweho:

Aaron Russo yagize ati: "Urabizi, nkuko nkunda, Nick (Rockefeller), inzira zawe n'izanyije ntivuguruzanya rwose. Ntabwo nemera kuba imbata z'abantu." Hanyuma, yagaruka akavuga ati: "Niki wita kuri bariya bantu? Wita ku ki? Wite ku buzima bwawe bwite. Kora uko ushoboye kose wowe ubwawe n'umuryango wawe. Abandi bantu basobanura iki kuri wewe? Ntaco bakumariye. Baragukorera gusa." Byari ukutitaho gusa, kandi ntabwo aribyo nari uwo. Hari hakonje gusa. Nahoraga mvuga nti: "Ibi bimaze iki? Ufite amafaranga yose ku isi. Ufite imbaraga zose ukeneye. Intego yanyuma ni iyihe?" Ati: "Intego yanyuma ni ukugira ngo abantu bosebacekeshe, bagenzure umuryango wose. Kugira abanyamabanki, intore, ndetse na leta zimwe na zimwe zigenzura isi." Nanjye nti: "Abantu bose bagize akanama k'ububanyi n'amahanga barabyemerera?" Ati: "Oya, oya, oya. Abantu benshi bemeza ko bakora ibintu byiza. Benshi bemeza ko ari byiza kuba abasosiyaliste. Tugomba kumvisha abantu ko ubusosiyalisiti ari capitalism, kubera ko Amerika ihinduka igihugu cy'abasosiyaliste. Muri iki gihe ni igihugu cy'abakomunisiti."

Nibyiza, kimwe mubintu yavuze ijoro rimwe - atangira guseka - ni, "Aroni, utekereza ko kubohora abagore byari bigamije iki?" Nanjye nti: "Ntekereza ko bisanzwe muri kiriya gihe." Navuze nti: "Ntekereza ko abagore bafite uburenganzira bwo gukora, ko bahembwa kimwe n'abagabo - nk'uko babonye uburenganzira bwo gutora." Atangira guseka. Ati: "uri igicucu!" Nanjye nti: "Kuki ndi umuswa?" Yavuze ati: "Reka nkubwire icyo ari cyo cyose: Twebwe - ba Rockefellers - twarateye inkunga. Twateye inkunga yo kwibohora kw'abagore. Kandi ni twe twabishyize mu binyamakuru no kuri televiziyo. Fondasiyo ya Rockefeller. Kandi urashaka kumenya impamvu? Hariho impamvu ebyiri nyamukuru. Impamvu ya mbere ni uko mbere yo kwibohora kw'abagore, twashoboraga gutekereza ku bana bato. gusenya uyu muryango. Abana bazabona leta nkumuryango wabo. Abayobozi b'ishuri nk'umuryango wabo. Ntabwo rero ababyeyi babigisha. Kugeza icyo gihe, natekereje ko ari igitekerezo cyiza. Ariko mbonye imigambi yabo inyuma, aho baturutse, igihe bayiremye, igitekerezo cyihishe inyuma ... Nabonye ikibi kiri inyuma yibyo nabonaga ko ari igikorwa cyiza."

Alex Jones arabaza ati: "Aaron, wari uzi ko Gloria Steinem - muri kimwe mu bitabo bye bwite - ubu yemera ko CIA yateye inkunga Madamu Magazine (igitabo cy'abagore cyashinzwe mu 1972 hagamijwe guteza imbere ibitekerezo by'abagore no guhangana n'ibinyamakuru gakondo by'abagore byibanda ku bibazo by'imibereho na politiki)?" Aaron Russo: "Oya, nta gitekerezo nari mfite. Oya, ntabwo nigeze numva ibyo. CIA yaba yarateye inkunga icyo kinyamakuru?" Alex Jones: "CIA yateye inkunga Madamu Magazine hagamijwe gusohesha abagore no gusenya imiryango." Aaron Russo: "Nta gusetsa, Sinigeze numva ibyo. Nibyo, Nick yarambwiye, urabizi ndabizi, ariko sibyo kuko nzi ko CIA yabigizemo uruhare." Alex Jones: "Nibyo, we - Gloria Steinem - yarishimye: Oh, CIA yashakaga kumfasha gufasha abagore." Aaron Russo: "Nta gusetsa." Alex Jones: "Rero barabiteye inkunga. Kandi byumvikane ko ari amacakubiri no gutsinda, kandi ibyo bakora biragaragara ko byibasiye ibibazo nyabyo. Abagore bari barenganijwe mu buryo bwose. Ariko intore ntabwo

zari kubafasha. Mubyukuri bagiye kubarenganya no gutwara abagabo babo. Reba ibyo bakoreye imiryango y'Abirabura. Mu myaka 50 ishize, wasangaga hari abana bagera kuri 10%. amafaranga, ariko ntushobora kugira umugabo murugo. Kandi ibyo byari ukurushaho gutesha agaciro umuryango, gusenya burundu umuryango, none abana batemewe barenga 50% byabaturage. "

Aaron Russo akomeza uburyo ba Rockefellers bagerageje kumwinjiza muri CFR (Akanama k'ububanyi n'amahanga) ku buryo byanze bikunze yahagarika gukora firime zigaragaza ukuri nkuko yabibonye.

Iyo urebye ukuntu bigoye abagabo n'abagore kugirana umubano usobanutse, ugomba gutekereza ko gahunda karemano yahungabanye. Kwigisha ubuzima bwawe bwose byakoreshejwe mu kureshya abantu kureka kwizera kwabo, kureka inshingano karemano, no gusebanya akamaro k'abagore mumuryango. Abagore bakorewe kwizera ko umwuga ari ingenzi kuruta uruhare bahawe n'Imana nk'umubyeyi w'umuryango. Ubuzima busanzwe bwakozwe kuburyo budashoboka kandi buhenze kuburyo abagore batagifite amahitamo yo kwiga no kubona akazi. Ubu ni ibisanzwe gushakisha imari mbere yuko abashakanye batangira gutekereza kubyara. Mubyukuri, "ubusumbane bwuburinganire" nikibazo cyimpimbano, kidasanzwe. Simvuze ko nta busumbane bushingiye ku gitsina. Ikibazo nyacyo gikwiye kuba: nikihe kibazo gitera ubusumbane? Biragaragara, hafi ya bese baharanira kwibeshaho, ariko reka tuvuge ko tugomba kwishyura abagabo make kugirango duhe abagore byinshi. Ni ikihe kibazo cyakemura umuryango muri rusange? Birashoboka ko atari byo. Iki kibazo cyatwegereye abakomunisiti? Rwose!

"Gabana kandi utsinde" ni kimwe mu bikoreho bikomeye mu gasanduku k'ibikoreho by'abatsinze. Mugihe ushobora gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga, politiki yo kugabana inkunga yamye niyo nzira ihendutse yo kuganza abandi. Ntacyo bitandukaniye - ubwoko, idini, igitsina, amafaranga yinjiza, igihugu yavukiyemo, imyaka - ntacyo bitwaye. Igihe cyose abantu batumvikana hagati yabo, abatsinze bakomeza umutekano.

Muri sisitemu yimari ya "Abundomy" buriwese agira uruhare runini mugushinga amafaranga kandi afite umudendeze wo guhitamo gukoresha amafaranga. Kandi parasite imaze gutera amacakubiri nkuburyo bwo kubaho irashize, uruhare rusanze rwabantu benshi ruzagaruka, aho tuzakira ibyo dutandukaniye aho kugerageza kubitesha agaciro.



6.2.6 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Amazi Meza"

Nkibiryo, kubona amazi nikintu gikomeye mugucunga abantu. Mu kuvuga ko abantu badashoboye gutanga amazi meza yo kunywa no kunanirwa gucunga neza amazi yabo, bityo bikaba byangiza ubuzima bwabo ku baturage babo, abatsinze bifuza ko abantu baha amazi yabo ubuyobozi n'amasosiyete.

Umunaniro wo guha inshingano z'amazi meza abayobozi n'amasosiyete wageze mu muriro w'umuriro mu 2013: ku ya 16 Gicurasi 2013, Umuyobozi mukuru wa Nestlé, Brabeck, yahagaritse kuvuga ko amazi atari uburenganzira bwa muntu, nyuma y'amakimbirane yari yarateje avuga ko amazi atari uburenganzira bwa muntu. Umwanya we ubu urushijeho kuba mwiza: Brabeck noneho yerekana ko litiro 25 z'amazi kumunsi zishobora kuba uburenganzira bwa muntu. Ibi bingana na 1.5% by'amazi meza yakoreshejwe. Gusa 98.5% asigaye y'amazi meza yacu aboneka agomba kuba rusange. Kuri Brabeck, "Isosiyete izi kuyikoresha neza" (kandi byunguka). Yavuze kandi ko aramutse adakurikiranye ubwo bwoko bwihariye, atazongera gukorera inyungu z'abanyamigabane be.

Ibi byavuzwe n'Umuyobozi mukuru Brabeck ni kimwe mu bitekerezo byateshejwe agaciro n'umuntu ufite kubaho bisa nkaho bishingiye ku guteza ubuke ku bandi kugira ngo bakoreshe akababaro kabo.

Inzira nziza yo gushyiraho amazi meza nisuku kuri buriwese nughagarika kwishingikiriza kuri guverinoma no kongera ubucuruzi bunini no kurema isi yuzuye, dukoresheje ibikoresho byose byatanzwe mugitabo. Niba dukwirakwiza amafaranga mu buryo bunoze kandi tugasangira ikoranabuhanga ry'amazi meza yo kunywa n'isuku, abaturage baho bazashobora guha abaturage babo amazi meza yo kunywa no kugira isuku ikwiye. Ibyo ntibisaba ibigo mpuzamahanga.



6.2.7 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Ingufu Zisukuye"

Kimwe n'ibiryo n'amazi, ingufu ningirakamaro mugucunga abantu. Ubwoba bw'imihindagurikire y'ikirere - bukoreshwa mu gusenya burundu ubukungu ku bisubizo bitagereranywa - ni ubundi buryo bwo guteza imbere ubukene bw'ubukorikori ndetse no kurushaho kugenzura abantu. Nk'uko ishyamba rimwe rya politiki ryo mu Buholandi ribivuga:

Nta kibazo cy'ikirere gihari. Ikirere gihora gihinduka. Mu bihe bya Egipta n'Abaroma, Isi yari ifite ubushyuhe buke, habaho impinga mu gihe cyo hagati, noneho hari ubukonje mu binyejana byinshi, kandi kuva mu 1850 yongeye gushyuka gato: hafi selisiyusi imwe.

Nubwo ubu bushyuhe n'uruhare rushoboka rwa CO2 muri yo, ntabwo byatumye habaho kwiwongera kwikirere gikabije nka serwakira, tornado, imyuzure, cyangwa amapfa. Umubare w'abahitanwa n'ibiza biterwa n'ikirere ndetse wagabanutseho hejuru ya 95%. Ndashimira igice kinini cyiterambere ryikorabuhanga, turagenda turushaho kwirinda ikirere gikabije numwuzure.

Byongeye kandi, CO2 nitungamubiri zingenzi mubuzima bwisi, cyane cyane kubimera n'ibiti. Kubwibyo, imyuka ya CO2 iganisha ku Isi ifite ibiti n'ibiti byinshi ndetse n'umugaruro mwinshi w'ubuhinzi.

Intego z'ikirere muri iki gihe zigamije kurwanya imihindagurikire y'ikirere. Izi ntego ntizagerwaho kandi nta ngaruka zigaragara ku kirere. Ariko, bifite ingaruka zitari nziza ku iterambere ryacu. Gahunda z'ikirere ziriho mu Buholandi ziteganijwe gutwara miliyoni zirenga 1 €. Ibi bingana na € 230.000 murugo rwabantu bane. Kandi ibyo ni ubushyuhe bwisi bugabanutse kuri dogere selisiyusi 0.00007 kugeza 2100.

Tugomba rero guhitamo duhagarika politiki y'ikirere iriho, gukuraho politiki y'ingufu muri politiki y'ikirere, kandi nituzongere gukoresha kugabanya CO2 nk'ihame ngenderwaho.

Gusenya nkana ibikorwa remezo bikomeye by'ingufu-nko gusenya umuyoboro wa Nord Stream, gufunga amashanyarazi menshi ya kirimbuzi mu Budage, no gufunga imirima ya gaze y'Ubuholandi - ni urundi rugero rw'ukuntu leta zitera ubukene bw'ubukorikori. Kimwe n'intambara yo kurwanya abahinzi n'abarobyi, ihungabana ry'amashanyarazi binyuze mu kwihutisha kongera ingufu z'umuyaga n'izuba kuri grille, ndetse n'izindi ngamba zose zidasobanutse - nko gusenya ku gahato umuyoboro wa gazi ukora neza ndetse no gushyiraho ingufu za pompe z'ubushyuhe mu Buholandi - bitera ibibazo bikomeye ndetse n'izamuka ry'ibiciro by'ingufu mu bihugu hafi ya byose.

Ikindi kibazo cyiswe "inzibacyuho y'ingufu" ni uko imibare ishingiyeye ku bisubizo bya politiki nayo ikoresheye. Ibiciro by'imyanda iva mu murima w'umuyaga waciye, imirasire y'izuba, ibinyabiziga by'amashanyarazi, hamwe n'ibikorwa remezo byatereranye ntibibarwa neza. Byongeye kandi, mubyukuri, ingufu zituruka kumashanyarazi akoresheye namakara aracyarenze ayandi masoko ashobora kongera ingufu.

Ikigaragara ni uko leta zihitamo abantu gukoresha amashanyarazi kuruta lisansi cyangwa ibiti mu ngo zabo no mu modoka zabo. Ibi ntaho bihuriye nibidukikije, ahubwo ni kugenzura abantu. Imetero y'amashanyarazi ifite ubwenge irashobora guhuzwa byoroshye nifaranga rya banki nkuru. Gitoya kubiti na lisansi.

Muri Abundomy, imiterere yikirere yose igomba kuba mucyo kandi igenzurwa neza kandi igasubirwamo. Abantu barashobora guhitamo neza imbaraga bakoresheye, bashingiyeye kumakuru yuzuye. Kandi - kimwe nuburyo ubwo aribwo bwose bwanduye - umutungo umaze kugabanwa neza kandi abantu ntibagomba guhangayikishwa nifunguro ryabo ritaha, bazatangira kweza ibidukikije, urugero, mugushyiraho akayunguruzo keza mumodoka yabo ya lisansi.



6.2.8 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Akazi Niterambere Ryubukungu"

Ijambo "akazi ko gutoteza" ryamamaye na antropologue David Graeber. Yavuze ko imirimo igera kuri 50% yose idafite icyo ivuze, idakenewe, cyangwa yangiza ku buryo n'ubwayikora adashobora gutsindishiriza kubaho kwabo. Iyi mirimo itandukanye n "imirimo ya shit," ishobora kuba idashimishije kandi ihembwa make, ariko irakenewe mumikorere ya societe, nko gusukura cyangwa gukusanya imyanda. Impamvu imirimo myinshi itotezwa ibaho nuko-mugihe ushobora gusohora amafaranga hanze yumuyaga kandi ukaba ushaka umwenda abantu - inzira nziza yo kubigeraho nukubaha akazi ko gutoteza hanyuma ukabamererera imyenda nini yinguzanyo cyangwa ikarita yinguzanyo. Nuburyo bwizewe bwo gufunga undi muntu muri sisitemu.

Nk'uko Graeber abatangaza ngo izamuka ry'ubwo bwoko bw'imirimo ni ingaruka za "feodalisme y'ubuyobozi," aho ubukungu bwahindutse kuva mu bicuruzwa bukajya gutanga serivisi. Aho gukoresha ikoranabuhanga kugirango rigabanye akazi, societe yashyizeho imirimo yubuyobozi nubucuruzi kugirango abantu bahuze, akenshi byishyurwa nabakora imirimo yingenzi. Hariho ubwoko butanu bwimirimo itotezwa:

Lackeys

Imyanya ibaho kugirango isumbabyose igaragare cyangwa yumve ko ari ngombwa. Ingero zirimo abashyitsi mubiro byakira guhamagarwa gake, cyangwa urugi mu nyubako zifite amakarita ya elegitoroniki.

Bouncers

Inshingano zikaze, zikoresha, cyangwa ziyobya zibaho gusa kuberako abanywanyi bafite. Ingero zirimo itumanaho, abanyamategeko murugo bahawe akazi ko gutera ubwoba, hamwe na lobbyist.

Kaseti

Abantu bakosora amakosa muri sisitemu itagomba kuba ihari mbere. Akazi kabo gatwikiriye ikibazo cyumuteguro aho gukemura intandaro yacyo. Ingero zirimo programmes zihora zikosora kode mbi cyangwa abakozi bindege bakora imizigo yatakaye kubera imikorere mibi ya sisitemu.

Urutonde

Inshingano zitanga isura yingirakamaro binyuze mubikorwa bya bureaucratique, nko kwandika raporo no gukora ubushakashatsi ntawusoma. Intego yabo nyayo nukugirango ishyirahamwe rivuga ko rikora ikintu kitari cyo.

Abakozi

Abayobozi bashiraho imirimo yinyongera kubantu badakeneye kugenzurwa, cyangwa bahimba imirimo mishya "idafite ishingiro" kubayoborwa. Kubaho kwabo bifite ishingiro kubwo kuyobora abandi.

Njye mbona, hari indi mirimo myinshi yo gutoteza. Mubyukuri abantu bose bakora muri sisitemu yimari (amabanki, abashoramari, urubuga rwubucuruzi rwimari, abacungamari, abategura imari, abakusanya imisoro, abanyamategeko, nibindi byinshi) nta gaciro biha isi yacu. Byongeye kandi, imirimo myinshi ijyanye na guverinoma yigihugu irashobora gucika. Abaturage baho bashoboye rwose gutanga ibitaro, amashuri, nibikorwa remezo. Ntabwo hakenewe guverinoma yigihugu kubwibyo. Mw'isi yuzuye, iyo mirimo yose izasimburwa nabantu basukura ibidukikije, bubaka kandi bakabungabunga imijyi yacu, imigi, nibikorwa remezo. Tuzagira amashuri akoreshwa gusa nabarimu nibitaro bikoresha gusa nabaganga nabaforomo bahembwa nababyeyi cyangwa abarwayi.

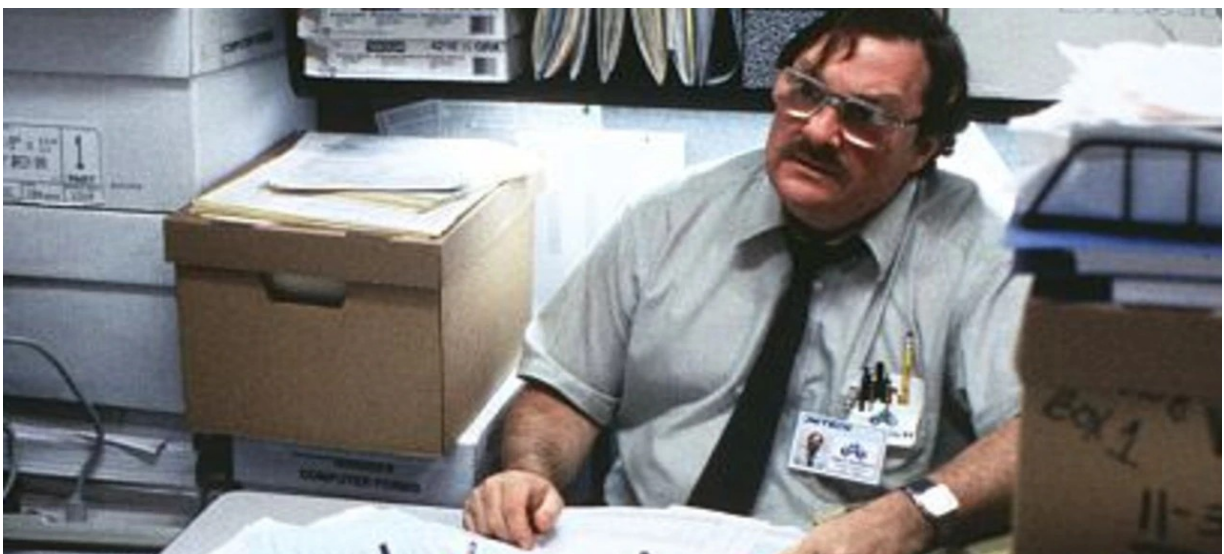


Iyo abantu baharanira kwibeshaho, bazakora ibishoboka byose kugirango babone umushahara. Cyane cyane muri guverinoma n'amasosiyete manini mpuzamahanga, imirimo myinshi idafite akamaro ihanga abakozi bakuru kugirango binjize ingengo yimari kandi bumve ko ari ngombwa. Izi nizo ngaruka zitaziguye za sisitemu yo kubura. Abantu ubundi babura amafaranga bazemera

ubuswa butangaje cyane kumushahara. Kugerageza kwinjiza abantu ku gahato ku isoko ry'umurimo, uhereye ku bakomunisiti, bivamo umubare nk'uwo "imirimo idafite ishingiro." Abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni bitwaza ko batanga umusanzu muri sosiyete, ariko mubyukuri guta igihe cyabo n'icy'abandi, biragaragara ko ari ikibazo gikomeye. Ikibazo utari kubona muri Abundomy, kubera ko ntampamvu yo kwitwaza ko ukora ikintu cyingirakamaro mugihe uta igihe. Iyo witabiriye bidasubirwaho muri sisitemu yo gushiraho amafaranga, harikibazo gito cyo gukora akazi kadasobanutse. Ahubwo, birashoboka ko watangira umushinga wawe. Kuba imirimo myinshi ya bogus yemerewe nabaterankunga b'ibi bigo nabyo byerekana ko abakomunisiti bari hafi.

Undi mugani ni ngombwa "kuzamuka mu bukungu." Mu bukungu bwacu ubu, kongera amafaranga kubatangwa byamafaranga (bihwanye no kwiyoungera kwimyenda) byanditswe nkana kandi bibeshya nkiterambere ryubukungu. Muri gahunda ya piramide aribwo bukungu dufite muri iki gihe, izamuka ry'ubukungu ripimirwa cyane cyane n'ubwiyongere buri mwaka mu bicuruzwa by'igihugu na serivisi. Hariho itandukanirwo hagati yo gukura kwizina nukuri, ryahinduwe kubiciro. Ikibazo cyimibare yifaranga, ariko, nuko ikoresheya cyane hepfo kugirango birinde abantu kurakara cyane. Ikigaragara ni uko mu myaka ya za 70, imiryango isanzwe ifite abana babiri cyangwa batatu bashoboraga kubona amafaranga imwe, gutunga imodoka ebyiri, no kujya mu biruhuko kabiri mu mwaka. Uyu muni, ibyo ntibishoboka ku kigereranyo. Ibintu byo muri za 1970 ntibizigera bigaruka mubukungu bwubu. Gerageza gusobanura ko hamwe niterambere ryubukungu. Ntabwo ibaho kandi ntizigera ibaho. Tuba mubukungu bwimyenda yagenewe guteza ubukene, bivuze ko ba nyiri sisitemu bahererekanya umutungo wose kubwabo bose. Ihererekanyabubasha ryuzuye, kandi ubukomunisiti burategereje. Muri gikomunisiti, wakiriye kashe y'ibiribwa, kandi - kubera ko ibintu byose ari ibya ba nyiri'ishyamba rya gikomunisiti - umugani w'iterambere ry'ubukungu (mu byukuri, ihererekanyabubasha rikomeye mu mateka) ryarangiye iteka ryose. Kuva icyo gihe, abaturage ntibazigera bemererwa kongera umutungo wabo. Gusa ikintu gishobora gukura ni umubare wibiryo byokurya no kugera kubintu tutigeze dusaba uruhushya mbere, nko kurya inyama, kugenda mumashyamba, cyangwa koga mumyanyanja.

Mw'isi yuzuye, ubutunzi bugomba gupimwa mubyishimo. Aho abantu mubyukuri batunze ibintu byabo kandi bafite uburenganzira kubantu kubintu byinshi bashobora gutekereza. Mwisi yisi yuzuye, hazabaho gusa imirimo abantu bishimira kandi bifite akamaro mubyukuri kubandi baturage.



6.2.9 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Inganda, Udushya n'Ibikorwa Remezo"

Kugenzura abaturage, ni ngombwa ko abantu baguma mumijyi yabo ishoboka (reba na §5.2.11). Kugira ngo ibyo bishoboke, ni ngombwa ko ibicuruzwa - bisarurwa mu mirima ya Leta, bigakurwa mu birombe bya Leta, kandi bigakorerwa mu nganda za Leta - bijyanwa mu migi neza. Imijyi aho abantu bimuwe bishoboka. Ariko, abantu ntibigera babazwa niba bishimye, kuko buzuye mumijyi. Imijyi aho bose bahatirwa kurya ibicuruzwa bimwe byakozwe neza, babaho mumashyamba yakozwe neza, kandi bagakora mumirimo isa, yateganijwe mbere. Iki kibazo ni ingenzi kuko iterambere ryubu ryinganda, udushya, nibikorwa remezo bigamije cyane cyane kugenzura abantu mumuryango wabakomunisiti. Umuryango umuco, idini, imyambarire, nibitangamakuru bizagereranywa mumijyi hamwe n'Imana yacu nshya: guverinoma.

Kimwe mu bibazo bikomeye hamwe na poropagande ikikije Inganda, Udushya & Ibikorwa Remezo ni uko abantu (cyane cyane urubiruko) bashizwemo cyane no kwizera ko transhumanism isobanura iterambere. Ibinyuranye nibyo, ariko. Nibyo, biratangaje mugihe ikoranabuhanga rifasha abantu kuva mumugare wibimuga, kubafasha gusoma, cyangwa kugabanya ububabare bwubundi bumuga.



Ariko ibyo ntabwo aribibazo nyabyo bijyanye na transhumanism. Transhumanism ni ugukuraho ibintu bitugira abantu. Ibintu nko kwica inyamaswa no kuzikora mubiryo, mubyukuri kumva ububabare, kurya ikintu utigeze ukora mbere, gukora ikintu kibi rwose, kwishora mumirwano, gutandukana no kukigaragaza, kuvuga ikintu utagomba. Ikibazo cyinganda, guhanga udushya & Ibikorwa Remezo ntabwo ari ugushyamba imipaka mishya ishoboka. Ikibazo nukubaka ibintu bituma turushaho kuba abantu. Ibintu byongerera itandukaniro ryacu. Ibintu bitubohora guhuza, bitubuza kuba umwijima no kutumva. Ibintu bitubohora kugenzurwa nabandi. Ibintu bituma ubuzima bwacu butibagirana kandi bufite intego.

Nukuri, urashobora kugira robot kuboha no kudoda imyenda yawe cyangwa uruganda rutanga pizza. Ikibazo ariko, nuburyo bwo gushyamba isano ya kimuntu urema mugihe uguze imyenda idoze nintoki zidoda kumudozi waho. Cyangwa nigute washyamba isano ya kimuntu urema mugihe urya ibiryo byo mumuhanda. Tubwirwa ko bidakora, ariko - niba ubitekereza - ntabwo twavutse kubaho muburyo bunze. Abantu basohora amafaranga muryaka yoroheje bazagira umubano nyawo nububatsi bwamazu yabo, ubwato, hamwe nicyogajuru. Birashoboka ko bashobora no kuvugana na ba chef babo ibiryo barya cyangwa vino banywa. Bashyamba gusa ko wemera ko udakwiye kugira isano ryabantu. Ko bidashoboka. Ko ushobora gusimbura abantu guhuza ubwenge na AI.

Tugomba kongera gutekereza kuri poropagande ikikije ibintu byose bijyanye n'inganda, guhanga udushya, n'ibikorwa remezo, kuko imikorere ntishobora na rimwe kuzuza icyuho cyatwe n'ubuke bwayiremye. Mw'isi yuzuye, imikorere ntizigera iba intego; gushiraho amahirwe yo kudakora neza no guhanga bigomba kuba intego. Kudakora neza, nko kuvugana numuntu watetse ibiryo byawe cyangwa wateguye ubwato bwawe, kurugero.

6.2.10 Hindura Propaganda Ya "Kugabanya Ubusumbane"

Ndatekereza ko dushobora kuvuga muri make ibi. Tubwirwa ko nta nyiri nyiri sisitemu kandi ko twese dusigaye tugomba gufatwa nk "'abangana" kandi tukabaho mu bukomunisiti. Nibyiza, niba nta ba nyiri sisitemu bafite, noneho dushobora guhita duteganya guhagarika imyenda hanyuma tugatangira sisitemu yimari aho buriwese agira uruhare runini mugushyamba amafaranga.

Reka turebe uko bigenda turamutse dusabye leta zuby ko bakuraho abatsinze kugirango bakureho ubusumbane bwibanze muri sisitemu. Ibizavamo ntibitangaje: bazahitamo ubukomunisiti nyabwo, kugirango ba nyirubwite bashobore kuguma bihishe.



6.2.11 Hindura Propagande Ya "Imijyi Irambye"

Umujyi urambye nindi manda yumujyi wiminota 15. Dukurikije poropagande ya AI ya Google, umujyi w'iminota 15 ni:

"Umujyi wa 15-Minute" ni igitekerezo cyo gutegura imijyi aho uturere twateguwe kugirango abaturage babone ibyo bakeneye bya buri muni - nk'akazi, ishuri, guhaha, n'ubuvuzi - mu minota 15 cyangwa kugenda n'amagare. Intego ni ukugabanya gushingira ku modoka, kuzamura ubwiza bw'ikire, no gushyiraho ibidukikije bishobora kubaho neza, birambye, kandi bishingiye ku baturage.

Iki gitekerezo ntabwo ari gishya, ariko kimaze kumenyekana ku isi hose mu myaka yashize, cyane cyane nyuma yo kunganirwa n'umuyobozi w'umujyi wa Paris, Anne Hidalgo mu gihe cyo kwiyamamariza amatora yo mu 2020.

Amahame remezo:

Kuba hafi n'ubucucike

Serivisi zingenzi nibyiza biherereye hafi yimiturire. Ubwinshi bwabaturage butera inkunga ubucuruzi bwaho, ubwikorezi rusange, nizindi serivisi.

Ibinyuranye

Itezimbere kuvanga-gukoresha iterambere, guhuza amazu, amaduka, hamwe n'ahantu ho kwidagadurira mu gace kamwe. Ibi birimo gutanga amazu atandukanye yimiturire kugirango habeho imico itandukanye nubukungu nubukungu butandukanye.

Igishushanyo kurwego rwumuntu

Ishyira imbere abanyamaguru nabatwara amagare kuruta ibinyabiziga bigenda byongera umuhanda kugirango barushaho kugenda no kuzenguruka.

Gukoresha Digital

Koresha ikoranabuhanga ryumujyi wubwenge kugirango utezimbere serivisi, ucuze umutungo neza, kandi utange abaturage amakuru yigihe.

Guhinduka

Itezimbere ikoresheya ryoroshye ryibanza byo mumijyi, nko guhindura ibigo byishuri muri parike hanze yamasaha yakazi, kugirango bikoreshe cyane.

Inyungu:

Kurengera ibidukikije

Kugabanya ibyuka bihumanya ikirere hamwe n'umwanda uhumanya ikirere bigabanya kwishingikiriza ku modoka.

Kunoza ubuzima rusange

Shishikariza kugenda n'amagare, biganisha ku myitozo ngororamubiri myinshi n'ubuzima bwiza.

Kunoza uburinganire bwimibereho

Yongera uburyo bwo kubona serivisi kuri buri wese, harimo abaturage binjiza amafaranga make badashobora gutunga imodoka.

Ubukungu bukomeye bwaho

Shigikira ubucuruzi buciriritse no kwihangira imirimo wongerera amaguru yaho hamwe nogukoresha.

Imibereho myiza

Kurekura umwanya umara ugenda mubindi bikorwa, mugihe icyarimwe utera imyumvire ikomeye yabaturage.

Kunegura n'impaka:

Nubwo abantu benshi bategura imijyi hamwe nabunganira birambye, igitekerezo cyiminota 15 cyumujyi cyahuye n'ibintu bibiri binengwa.

Kunegura byemewe n'amategako guteganya imijyi:

Ibishoboka

Abakenguzamateka bavuga ko gushiraho uturere twibeshaho rwose muri buri gace, cyane cyane mu bucucike buke, mu nkengero zagutse, bidashoboka kandi mu bukungu ntibishoboka.

Ubusumbane bukabije

Hari impungenge z'uko gushyira mu bikorwa gahunda mu mijyi yifuzwa bishobora kwihutisha gutonesha, kugena abaturage binjiza amafaranga make ku isoko.

Kwirengagiza ingendo ndende

Kwibanda ku bwikorezi bwaho birashobora guhisha akamaro ko gutwara abantu neza kugirango ingendo ndende zijye mu mirimo cyangwa serivisi zihariye, nk'ibitaro na kaminuza, bidashobora kwegereza ubuyobozi abaturage.

Ibikenewe bitandukanye

Icyitegererezo ntigishobora gutekereza bihagije ibikenewe bitandukanye mumatsinda atandukanye, nk'abasaza, ababana n'ubumuga, cyangwa imiryango ifite ibibazo byihariye byo kwiga.

Amakuru atari yo hamwe nubugambanyi:

Guhera mu 2023, Umujyi wa 15-Minute wibasiwe n'igitekerezo cy'ubugambanyi bwagutse, cyongerewe n'abayoboze b'iburyo-gikwirakwira ku mbuga nkoranyambaga.

Ikirego

Iyi nyigisho ivuga ibinyoma ivuga ko Imijyi 15-minota ari "igitekerezo cy'abasosiyalisiti" kandi ko ari igikoresho cya gahunda y'igitugu "Igikorwa gikomeye cyo kugarura ibintu" by'intore zo ku isi zo gukuraho imodoka zigenga no gufunga abaturage mu "gace" runaka gakurikiranwa cyane.

Ukuri

Mubyukuri, igitekerezo kijyanye no guha abantu amahitamo menshi no kuzamura aho batuye, ntabwo ari ukubafunga. Abayobozi b'inze z'ibanze mu mijyi nka Oxford, mu Bwongereza, bashyize mu bikorwa ingamba zo gutuza umuhanda, bagombaga gutanga ibisobanuro kugira ngo bamagane ibyo birego by'ibinyoma. Imyitwarire mibi yatumye abayobozi b'umujyi n'imyigaragambyo itera ubwoba, kandi bibangamira igenamigambi ry'imijyi.

Inyandiko iri hejuru nibyo ubona iyo wanditse "umujyi wiminota 15" muri AI ya Google. Nukuri narumiwe na poropagande idafite isoni ya Google itanga AI. Nta soni (AI ntabwo izi isoni), AI isanzwe izi amagambo nukuri nayandi. AI ya Google irakubwira ko igitekerezo gitezimbere societe gusa kandi ntigifunga abantu.

Nibyiza, abantu baba mubice byimijyi yagenwe nkiminota 15-nka London - ntibavuga rumwe. Intambara aba bantu bamaranye imyaka myinshi igaragara ahantu henshi. Dore ingingo muri Independent ivuga uburyo Ultra Low Emission Zone (ULEZ) ikoreshwa mugufunga abantu nuburyo abiruka ba ULEZ Blade birwanya kwifungisha.

Kamera ya ULEZ yashyizweho kugirango urebe ko utava muri zone yawe yiminota 15 utishyuye amande. Bakubwira ko kwishyura amande bitagufunga. Nimpamvu imwe ivuga ko gutakaza akazi atari inzira yo kuguhatira gukingirwa. Noneho tekereza ufite indangamuntu hamwe nifaranga rya digitale muri banki nkuru. Igihe cyose uvuye muri zone yawe yiminota 15, uhita ubona amande. Niba ufite imodoka yamashanyarazi hanyuma ukava muri zone yiminota 15, kandi ukaba udafite amafaranga kuri konte yawe ya banki nkuru, imodoka yawe izahagarikwa. Niba rero uri umuherwe, ntuhangayikishijwe na ULEZ, ariko niba amafaranga yawe ari make, uzafungirwa mumujyi wiminota 15.

Byose rero bijyanye no gukora ibikorwa remezo (reba \$5.2.9). Ibikorwa remezo byiminota 15 bimaze kuba, igisigaye gukora nukuzamura inzitizi. Aho kuba amadorari 20 kuri buri gihe unyuze kuri kamera / uruzitiro, ubu barazamura \$ 100, cyangwa \$ 1.000, cyangwa \$ 1.000.000 mugihe leta ivuga ko mumujyi hari virusi. Cyangwa ihinduka \$ 1.000.000 niba waravuze nabi leta. Buri mujyi wiminota 15 ntakindi uretse gereza ishobora gufungura. Ufataniye nindangamuntu yawe ya digitale hamwe nifaranga rya banki nkuru ya digitale, GPS ya terefone yawe, hamwe na kamera zitabarika hamwe no kumenyekana mumaso, barashobora (guverinoma yawe ya gikomunisiti) barashobora kuguhitamo umwanya uwariwo wose bakagufungira murugo rwawe.

Igitekerezo kiragutsindiye, nkuko ushobora kubisoma hejuru muri AI ya Google, kandi ukuri n'akaga k'ikoranabuhanga birahita byamaganwa nkibitekerezo byubugambanyi. Nyamara ni "impanuka" nini ko sisitemu zigaragara ahantu hose kandi ko ntakibazo gihari cyo kubona inkunga nabanyapolitiki babishyira mubikorwa. Byakagombye kumvikana kugeza ubu ko ikintu cyose cyasezerewe nk "" umugambi mubisha "kigomba kwambara kiriya kirango nkikimenyetso cyicyubahiro, kuko ahantu runaka, nyiri ibihugu byinshi nka Google asa nkaho atinya ikintu. Ikigaragara ni uko uwo muntu afite ubwoba ku buryo - aho gutanga impaka zifatika zerekana impamvu ntacyo dufite cyo gutinyira ubwo buhanga - bategetse AI kwitabaza izina.

Mw'isi yuzuye, ntihazabaho gufungwa cyangwa andi mategeko abuza ubumuntu. Abantu bashaka ubwisanzure, kandi niyo twaba dufite ibibazo nyabyo byikirere dushobora gutinda, gufunga abantu ntakibazo.

Biragaragara neza ko abayobozi bacu (nabatsinze babayobora) badashishikajwe no gutanga umudendezo uwo ariwo wose. Ndetse n'uburenganzira bwo kugenda ubu burimo gukorwa mubukorikori. Ntabwo byemewe ko twihanganira ibi. Iyi gahunda ni abadayimoni, kandi ntitugomba na rimwe kubyemera.



6.2.12 Hindura Propagande Ya "Gukoresha No Gukora"

Inshingano yo gukoresha no gutanga umusaruro nayo ni ijambo rihisha imigambi yose yabadayimoni. Hamwe nijambo "inshingano," bishaka kuvuga ko abantu benshi ari bato bato badafite inshingano. Ko batazi neza icyabateza imbere cyangwa abandi. Kandi kubera ko hafi ya buri muturage adafite inshingano, ibintu byose ni bike, ibintu byose biranduye, abantu benshi bararwaye, kamere iri hafi guseniyuka, kandi isi iri hafi kurangira. Imana ishimwe ko dufite guverinoma izi icyatubera cyiza. Tugomba kuba inshingano cyane iyo turya cyangwa mugihe twabyaye ikintu. Kandi inzira yonyine yo kubigeraho ni ukureka leta ikagena gusa ibyo dukoresha cyangwa ibyo dukora, ariko kandi no kugenzura ibikorwa byose nibikorwa. Wowe-nkumuturage-wemerewe gukora muri sisitemu no guhitamo ibyo ukoresha, mugihe uhisemo ibicuruzwa biva munganda za leta.



Amabwiriza ajyanye n'umusaruro w'ibicuruzwa azakomera ku buryo bitazashoboka ko rubanda ruciriritse rushobora guhangana n'ibigo bya Leta cyangwa ibihugu byinshi. Abaguzi nabo bazabuzwa. Indangamuntu yawe ya digitale hamwe nifaranga rya banki nkuru bizagenzura ibyo urya, unywa, usoma, nibintu byose ushaka kugura. Iyo abayobozi b'Ubuyobozi bw'Ishyamba Rikuru hamwe na AI bahisemo ko wakoresheje bihagije, bazahagarika ikarita y'inguzanyo ya banki nkuru. Na none, iyi ni AI-yazamuye ubukomunisiti 2.0, aho ubuzima bwawe bwose bugenzurwa na sisitemu ya sisitemu.

Muri "Abundomy", abantu mubyukuri barize neza kuko bafite amakuru yose nigihe gihagije cyo kwiga icyingenzi nuburyo bwo kubyara no gukoresha neza. Nta guverinoma izakenera kudushiraho inshingano iyo ari yo yose.

6.2.13 Hindura Propagande Ya “Ibikorwa By'Ikirere”

De vernietiging van de samenleving door de kunstmatige paniek rond klimaatverandering is duidelijk gewenst door de overwinnaars. Het WEF voorspelde in november 2016 dat tegen 2030 1 miljard mensen verplaatst zouden worden door klimaatverandering.

Amashusho y'ihuriro ry'ubukungu ku isi (WEF), "8 Ubuhanzu ku Isi mu 2030" yakozwe mu Gushyamba 2016. Yasohowe ku rubuga rwa WEF no ku rubuga rwa Facebook kugira ngo asangire ibiyikubiyemo hanyuma asangirwa ku zindi mbuga za interneti. Iyi videwo yari ishingiyeye ku buhanuzi bwatanzwe na WEF's Global Future Nama Nama Njyanama.

Noneho, iyo tubajije AI ya Google, "Ni ryari WEF yavuze ko abantu miliyari bazimurwa n'imihindagurikire y'ikirere bitarenze 2030?", Urabona iki gisubizo:

Ihuriro ry'ubukungu ku isi (WEF) ntabwo ryahanuye ko miliyari imwe y'abantu bazimurwa n'imihindagurikire y'ikirere mu 2030; Banki y'isi, mu buryo bunyuranye, yahanuye ko abantu bari hagati ya miliyoni 68 na 135 bazagwa mu bukenye mu 2030, ndetse na miliyoni 260 muri uwo mwaka, nk'uko raporo yihariye 2021 ibigaragaza. Andi masoko, nk'Umuryango w'Abibumbye ryita ku Buzima (OMS) n'ikigo gishinzwe Ubukungu n'Amahoro (IEP), bahanuye imibare iri hejuru: abantu miliyari 1,2 bavanywe mu byabo na 2050 kubera imihindagurikire y'ikirere ndetse n'ibihe by'ikirere bikabije, atari mu 2030.

Nibyo, urahari. Ntabwo biteye isoni biva muri AI ya Google. Nuburyo umuco wo "guhagarika ikirere" ukora. Dore incamake yihuse yikindi kirere nikibazo cyumutungo:

Imiburo myinshi y'imihindagurikire y'ikirere n'umutungo yananiwe gusohora nkuko byari byarahamwe mbere, akenshi biterwa no guhuza imiterere yoroheje cyane, gutabara kwabantu neza, cyangwa inkuru ishimangirwa n'itangazamakuru aho kumvikana na siyansi.

Dore incamake yiburira ryibidukikije rikomeye nimpamvu ingaruka zabo mbi cyane zitabaye:

UMURONGO WA OZONE

Umuburo

Mu myaka ya za 1980, abahanga bavumbuye "umwobo wa ozone," kumanuka cyane kurwego rwa ozone ya stratosifike hejuru ya Antaragitika yatewe na chlorofluorocarbene (CFCs) nibindi bintu byangiza ozone (ODS). Uku kumanuka kwateye ubwoba ko izatera cyane imirasire ya UV, bigatuma kanseri y'uruhu yiyongera, kwangiza urusobe rw'ibinyabuzima, n'ubuhumyi bushoboka.

Kuki ibyahanuwe cyane bitabaye impamo

Igisubizo ku isi cyihuse kandi cyiza. Amasezerano mpuzamahanga ya 1987 ya Montreal, amasezerano mpuzamahanga yo gukuraho ODS, yashyizweho umukono n'ibihugu byose. Uku gutabara kwatumye igabanuka ry'ikirere cy'imiti yangiza, kandi ubu ozone iri mu nzira yo gukira neza, biteganijwe nko mu 2066 muri Antaragitika. Uru nurugero rwibanze rwibisubizo bya politiki birinda ibiza byahanuwe.

IMVURA YA ACID

Umuburo

Mu myaka ya za 1970 na 1980, abahanga n'ibidukikije baburiye ko imyuka y'inganda ya dioxyde de sulfure (SO₂) na okiside ya azote (NO_x) byangiza cyane kandi bikabije kwangiza amashyamba, ibihingwa, n'ubuzima bw'amazi mu biyaga no mu nzuzi binyuze mu mvura ya aside. Bamwe mu bitangazamakuru bavugaga ko ibinyoma byose byangirika.

Kuki ibyahanuwe cyane bitabaye impamo

Urukurikirane rw'ingamba zifatika, cyane cyane ubugororangingo ku itegeko ry'ikirere cyiza muri Amerika ndetse n'amasezerano y'i Jeneve yerekeranye n'umwanda uhumanya ikirere uhumanya ikirere mu Burayi, wagabanije cyane imyuka ihumanya ikirere SO₂ na NO_x. Izi politiki zatumye imvura igabanuka cyane kandi bituma urusobe rwibinyabuzima rwangirika rusubirana.

IMYAKA IZUKA

Umuburo

Mu myaka ya za 70, itangazamakuru ryamamaye ryatangiyeye kuvuga ko Isi igana mu bihe bishya by'imvura. Iki gitekerezo cyari gishingiyeye ku gihe cyo gukonja byoroheje hagati ya 1940 na 1970, no ku bitabo byinshi bya siyansi bikora ubushakashatsi ku ngaruka zikonje ziterwa na aerosole.

Kuki ibyahanuwe cyane bitabaye impamo

Igitekerezo cyibihe bizaza byari itangazamakuru, ntabwo byumvikanyweho na siyansi. Isubiramo ry'ubuvanganzo bwa siyansi kuva 1965 kugeza 1979 ryerekanye ko ubushakashatsi bwinshi muri kiriya gihe bwari bumaze kwibanda ku bushyuye bw'isi buterwa na gaze ya parike. Uburyo bwo gukonjesha by'agateganyo bwarangiye ahagana mu 1970, igihe kurwanya ihumana ry'ikirere byagabanije ibyuka bihumanya ikirere, byihutisha ubushyuye bwa gaze yiganje.

AMavuta**Umuburo**

Bashingiye ku nyigisho ya geologiya M. King Hubbert "impinga y'amavuta", abayishyigikiye bahanuye ko umusaruro wa peteroli ku isi uzagera ku ntera hanyuma ukagabanuka. Ubuhanuzi bwatangiye mu myaka ya za 70 bwahanuye ko isi izasenyuka guhera 2004-2005 kubera amikoro make.

Kuki ibyahanuwe cyane bitabaye impamo

Igitekerezo cya peteroli ya tekinike yasuzuguye imbaraga zo guhanga udushya. Kwiyoungera kuvunika hydraulic ("fracking") no gucukura gutambitse mu kinyejana cya 21 byafunguye amasoko mashya ya peteroli na gaze bidasanzwe, cyane cyane muri Amerika, biganisha ku ntera ya kabiri mu musaruro icyitegererezo cya Hubbert kitari cyiteze. Nubwo peteroli ari umutungo utagira ingano, iterambere mu ikoranabuhanga hamwe n'ubukungu byahoraga bisubika impanvu iteganiye mu musaruro.

ITANDUKANIRO RY'AMAJYARUGURU POLE ICE CAP**Ikirego**

Mu ijamba rye 2007, Gore yavuze ku bushakashatsi bwerekana ko Arcticque izaba idafite urubura mu cyi mu myaka 7 kugeza kuri 22 (muri 2014 cyangwa 2029).

Ibizavamo

Arcticque ntabwo yari irimo urubura mu mpeshyi muri iyi myaka yombi. Ibiteganiye muri iki gihe mu kirere cyinshi kigereranya icyi cya Arcticque kitagira urubura nyuma yikinyejana cya 21 rwagati.

Itangazo

Gore yabwiye inama ya COP15 ko moderi zimwe zerekanye "amahirwe 75%" yo mu cyi cya Arcticque kitagira urubura mu myaka itanu kugeza kuri irindwi (hagati ya 2014 na 2016).

Ibizavamo no kunengwa

Mu mwaka wa 2016, Arcticque yari itarimo urubura. Umuhanga Gore yavuze ko impaka zaranze ubushakashatsi bwe, kandi abahanga mu bumenyi bw'ikirere banenze Gore gukabya. Mubyukuri, urugero ntarengwa rwa kilometero kuri km² ya Arcticque rwaragabanutse buhoro buhoro kuva kuri kilometero 15,6 km² mu 1980 rugera kuri miliyoni 14.9 km² mu 2024. Uburebure bwa barafu kuri km² ya Arcticque burahinduka cyane kuburyo butangaje. Impinga yari mu 1980 (miliyoni 7.0 km²) na 2013 (miliyoni 5.6 km²), hasi yari muri 2007 (miliyoni 4.15 km²), 2012 (miliyoni 3.4 km²), na 2020 (miliyoni 3.75 km²).

KUBONA URWEGO RW'inyanja**Ibisabwa**

Raporo yamakuru rimwe na rimwe yibanze ku bihe bikabije, ariko bidashoboka cyane, ibintu bibi cyane byo kuzamuka kwinyanja. Kurugero, raporo zerekanye ko bishoboka ko izamuka ry'inyanja ryazamuka muri metero nyinshi mu mpera z'ikinyejana, bivuze ko ibyo ari ibisubizo bishoboka cyangwa byemejwe.

Ukuri

Mugihe abahanga biga ibintu bikabije kugirango bumve ingaruka zishobora kubaho, barabagezaho nibishoboka byihariye. Raporo ya 2022 NOAA yanzuye ko ibintu birimo imyuka ihumanya ikirere hamwe n'urubura rwihuta rushobora gushonga ku buryo isi igereranyije ikigereranyo cya metero 2,2 ku isi mu 2100, ariko ibyo bikaba byashyizwe mu rwego rwa "bidashoboka ariko birashoboka" aho kuba ibintu bishoboka. Itangazamakuru rikunze gusiba iyi ngingo y'ingenzi. Akanama gashinzwe guverinoma ku bijyanye n'imihindagurikire y'ibihe (IPCC) karahanura ko izamuka ry'inyanja ryiyongera ku 2100, mu gihe ibintu byangiza ikirere, bishobora kuba hagati ya santimetero 28 na 55. Mugihe cyoherezwa cyane, imyuka ishobora kuzamuka iri hagati ya santimetero 65 na 101.

INYUMA

Kuva mu myaka ya za 70 rwagati kugeza mu 2025, umubare w'abaturage b'idubu ku isi wabanje kwiyoungera ku buryo bugaragara, nyuma uhagarara neza cyangwa ugabanuka gato, bitewe n'abaturage benshi. Nyuma yo guhagarika guhiga, abaturage b'idubu y'inyamanswa bakize kandi bahagaze neza. Mu myaka ya za 90, bafatwaga nk'inkuru yo kubungabunga ibidukikije.

Izi ni ingero nkeya zerekana uburyo guhuza ibikorwa byo gutinya gukora. Bamwe mu bahanga bavuga ikintu, itangazamakuru (rifitwe nabantu bamwe) ryongerera cyane ibinyoma bigaragara,

gusa bikagwa bikagwa kandi bigatanga urwitwazo rucumbagira no gutunga urutoki. Biragaragara kandi ko AI ari poropagande yuzuye kuriyi ngingo. Abantu babarirwa muri za miriyoni bazi neza ibyo WEF yahanuye kandi barabiganiriyeho ku mbuga za interineti. AI ntishobora kwirengagiza ibyo. AI - kimwe nizindi moteri zose zishakisha nka Google nurubuga nka Wikipedia - nikindi gikoresho kubatsinze kwamamaza. Buri gihe ujye ubimenya kandi uhore ubaza ibintu byose byakugejeje. Icyo dushobora gusoma nuko na poropagande igomba kwemera ko ukuri kutigera kuba mubi kuruta guhanurwa. Mbega amahirwe! Gusa imisoro-yakusanyijwe ishingiyeye ku bwoba bwatwe - yari mbi kuruta uko byari byarahanuwe kandi ntabwo yigeze isubizwa.

Ikintu gishimishije kuberekeranye n'imihindagurikire y'ikirere ni uko poropagande ibukikije idahwema. Hafi ya buri munyapolitiki ubu arimo asunika iyi poropagande ikabije. Ingaruka ni uko-nyuma ya Covid-19-yabaye uburyo bwambere bwo kurimbura abahinzi, abarobyi, ndetse n'abaturage bo hagati, gusa bahanganye n'amagambo y'intambara yiyongera ndetse n'ingengo y'imari yashyizweho kugira ngo umusaruro wiyongere mu nganda z'intambara. Buri gihe hariho amafaranga yintambara, kandi ikigaragara (!) Uyu ukoresha ingufu zingirakamaro cyane (inganda zintambara) ntabwo arikibazo cyikirere. Birasekeje cyane, niba bitari bibabaje cyane. Ikigaragara ni uko izi nkuru zirimo gukoreshwa kugirango ubucuruzi buciriritse, abikorera ku giti cyabo bugere ku gusenyuka. Gusa ibihugu byinshi bishobora kubaho kuko biterwa inkunga nabantu bashobora gucapa amafaranga hanze yumuyaga. Impamvu nyayo yibikorwa byikirere, birumvikana ko ari ugushiraho abakomunisiti.

Ntugwe kubyo byose byubusa ubwoba-bwogukora kugirango habeho ubuke bwubukorikori. Kugeza ubu, nta na kimwe muri byo cyagaragaye ko ari ukuri. Parasite zishaka ubukomunisiti zabo ntizatinda gutera ubwoba abana bawe kugirango bagere kubyo bashaka.



6.2.14 Hindura Propagande Ya "Ubuzima Munki y'amazi"

Muri .21.2.4, urashobora gusoma ko ubwinshi bwamazi yo hejuru kumuntu agera kuri miriyoni 162 m³, ahanini akaba ari mumenyanyanya. Ngiyo impuzandengo! Gusa agace k'abantu bose mubyukuri baba hafi yinyanza cyangwa bakorera mukiyaga. Noneho tekereza imyanda abantu batanga; fata ijanisha rito ryibyo hanyuma utekereze ko birangirira mu nyanja. Umaze gushyira ibintu mubitekerezo, uzumva ko abantu batanduye inyanja muburyo bugaragara. Birumvikana ko hari ahantu mu nyanja zanduye cyane kandi zigomba guhita zisukurwa. Abanduye bagomba rwose gukurikiranwa. Ariko tugomba guhora twibuka ko, usibye guhanagura akajagari kacu, inyanja ntigomba gukingirwa nabantu. Igihe cyose tutaroba ahantu runaka cyangwa ngo twubake umuyaga w'umuyaga, inyanja iba ifite isuku cyane.

Impamvu bashaka ko twemera ko inyanja ikeneye kurindwa nuko leta zishaka kugabanya ingendo zabantu zinyura cyangwa ubuzima bwinyanza. Kurema isi itunganye yubuke, ubuzima ku nyanja bugomba guhagarikwa. Iyo abantu bose bahatiwe kubaho munki yigitugu cyabakomunisiti, abatsinze biragaragara ko badashobora kwemerera abatavuga rumwe nubutegetsi kubaho mu nyanja.

Mw'isi yuzuye, mubisanzwe ntihazabuzwa kubuza ingendo zo mu nyanja cyangwa kubituramo. Abarobyi bazi neza umuntu uwo ari we wese uburyo bwo kutaroba aho baroba. Kubikora byabangamira umuco wabo nubuzima bwabo. Ntabwo dukeneye guverinoma kugirango ishyire mubikorwa ubwenge. Igikenewe ni gukorera mu mucyo. Iyo abarobyi n'abahanga bombi basobanutse neza kubijyanye namakuru yabo, ibibazo byose byangiza ubuzima bwinyanza birashobora gukemurwa leta itabigizemo uruhare.



6.2.15 Hindura Propagande Ya "Ubuzima Ku Gihugu"

Ni nako bigenda kubuzima kubutaka nkubuzima buri muni yamazi (reba §6.2.14). Ntabwo dushaka ko leta n'abatsinze gukaza umurego. Abahigi bagomba kuba bashoboye guhiga, abahinzi bagomba gushobora guhinga, kandi siyanse ikorera mu mucyo hamwe nubwenge rusange bizaba bihagije kugirango barinde ubuzima ku butaka bihagije. Ntabwo tuzashukwa na gahunda yinyongera itangwa na guverinoma nabatsinze, byatuma abakomunisiti byanze bikunze.



6.2.16 Hindura Propagande Ya “Amahoro n'Inzego Zikomeye”

Inzego zikomeye zigeze zigira amahoro? Igisubizo kiroroshye cyane. Oya. Impamvu ni uko abatsinze bagenzura ibihugu hafi ya byose, kandi intambara yamye niyo nzira yihuta kubatsinze kubona amaboko yabo ku ngwate n'imisiro y'abaturage. Gutsindira ibyiringiro byamahoro kubigo ndetse nabantu bayobora ni nko gusaba itsinda ryabajura kurinda inzu yawe. Ni nako bigenda kuri Minisiteri y'Ubutabera mu bihugu byacu. Amategeko akoreshwa, nk'urugero, mu Bwongereza (Assenge), mu Budage (Fullmich), no mu Buholandi (Van Kessel) kugira ngo yambure intwari abigometse ku butegetsi, akaba ari agace gato ka barafu. Reba amadosiye ya Epstein nurutonde rutagira iherezo rwa pedophile boherejwe gupakira hamwe no gukubita urushyi. Lawfare nayo ikoresheya mugusenyura urwego ruciriritse no kurinda ibigo mpuzamahanga. Gushimangira ibyo bigo bituzanira intambwe imwe gusa yo kwegera abakomunisiti, aho imiryango mpuzamahanga, guverinoma, n'amategeko bihurira muri komite nkuru y'ishyamba, kandi twese tugomba kwizera ko tuzabaho.

Guhindura Amahoro?

Icyo bita amahoro ntabwo ari amahoro nyayo. Abantu bahora basahurwa rwose na guverinoma, intambara zitandukanye zirarwanywa nta nkurikizi zatewe n'umuryango mpuzamahanga, kandi ubukungu bwiteguye intambara. Miliyari nyinshi zirimo gukoreshwa mu gisirikare. Abapolisi bakora nkumwanzu wabantu batekereza. Ndetse n'abasirikare muri Amerika ubu barimo koherezwa kurwanya abaturage bayo kugirango bagarure umutekano.

Inzira imwe yonyine yo kugarura amahoro ni ugukuraho parasite zitera intambara, guha abantu ibyiringiro nyabyo, kandi bakemeza ko bafatwa neza. Hagomba kumvikana ko guhuza gusa

kubabarira imyenda no gushyiraho amafaranga yimytwarire bizatanga ibi bintu byombi bizana amahoro kubantu. Bizahindura ibintu byose bashaka kwita amahoro muri societe yacu y'ubu. Ikizwi ni uko gushyiraho abakomunisiti, kubuza umudendezo hafi ya byose, no gushyiraho ingabo z'abasirikare n'abapolisi kugira ngo bakurikirane ibyo ukora byose ntabwo ari inzira igana mu muryango w'amahoro. Abantu bonyine bazabona amahoro muri societe nkiyi ni abatsinze. Gusa ingabo zuzuye zuzuye, isi yose irashobora kwemeza ko abatsinze bagumana umutungo wabo abaturage bamaze kumenya ko bashutswe.



6.2.17 Hindura Propagande Ya "Ubufatanye Ku Ntego"

Igice cya nyuma cya poropagande igomba gusenywa ni Ubufatanye mu kwamamaza intego. Buri ntego z'umuryango w'abibumbye-nkuko mubibona ubu-zashyizweho kugirango amaherezo abantu bemere abakomunisiti ku isi. Kandi gusenya kwibeshya: ubufatanye bwose bwakozwe hashize imyaka ibinyejana byinshi. Abafatanyabikorwa bonyine bashobora kwakirwa ni abanyapolitiki bashya cyangwa abayobozi bashya b'amasosiyete mpuzamahanga yiteguye gukorera umurimo wanduye abatsinze.

Mw'isi yuzuye, abafatanyabikorwa bawe ni abantu nyabo bo mu gace utuyemo ndetse n'abaturanyi, inshuti zawe, umuryango wawe, hamwe nabantu mukorana kwisi yose. Abantu bareba mugenzi wabo aho kuba abantu babwirwa ko bafite abanzi bahuriweho. Mugukora ubunyangamugayo nubwitonzi, ubucuti nyabwo buzagaragara. Ubucuti bushingiye ku bufatanye no kubahana ibyo buri wese atandukaniye. Ukurikije gukora mubyukuri hamwe hamwe. Ukurikije umunezero usangiwe mubwinshi isi igomba guha abantu bose. Ntarengwa kandi birenze ubushobozi bwa buri wese. Abafatanyabikorwa ushaka guhura kubo aribo, ntabwo ari ukubera ko ugomba guhagarika amasezerano yubucuruzi kugirango ubeho.

6.3 Ni Iki Kindi Dushobora Gukora Muri Abundomy?

6.3.1 Gushakisha No Gukemura Ibikenewe Byaho

Iyo ubuhanga, ibikoresho, nibikoresho bihuye nubuke bwaho, biroroshye gukora kugirango ukureho ubwo buke no gufasha abo mubaturage bacu bahura nabyo. Ariko, niba ubumenyi, ibikoresho, cyangwa ibikoresho bidahagije mubaturage, ibyo bikennye bigomba kumenyeshwa abandi baturage. Iyo ibi bimaze kumenyekana, abandi baturage (bahereye kubegereye) barashobora kubona uburyo bashobora kwimura ubumenyi bwabo, ibikoresho, cyangwa / cyangwa ibikoresho kubaturage babuze.

Ubu buryo bwonyine buteganya ko ntawe uzigera aba umushomeri. Buri gihe hazajya hakenerwa ahantu ho gutunga, ibiryo, imyambaro, imyidagaduro, nibindi byose dukeneye. Mugihe kimwe, hazajya habaho ubuhanga bwubuhanga, ibikoresho, nibindi bikoresho ahandi. Kandi muri sisitemu yimari aho buriwese agira uruhare mugikorwa cyo gushakisha amafaranga, ubuke bwamafaranga yo kubona ibyo bicuruzwa na serivisi ntibuzigera biba ikibazo.

Gushakisha gusa ibintu byingirakamaro byakorera umuryango wawe nintambwe yoroshye, igitekerezo kidafite ishingiro, kuburyo ahubwo biteye isoni ko bitakibera ahantu hose. Ubu buryo bworoshye rero bugomba kuba ishingiro ryakazi kacu. Kandi kugirango abantu babigane, ibikorwa byinshi byiza bigomba kwandikwa no gusangirwa nabandi baturage.



6.3.2 Kuvugurura Ubuyobozi Bw'inzego Z'ibanze

Ikintu cyiza cyamafaranga yimytwarire no gukuraho imyenda yuzuye nuko itanga amahirwe yo kuvugurura ubuyobozi. Noneho ko buriwese afite amafaranga yo gukoresha - igice kubera ko inguzanyo no kwishyura ubukode byacitse - abaturage baho barashobora guterwa inkunga nintererano zitangwa nabaturage. Ubuyobozi bwibanze bushobora gushirwaho no guterwa inkunga muburyo busa. Hamwe no gukorera mu mucyo muri gahunda yimytwarire yimytwarire, amaherezo birashoboka ko abaturage babona neza uko amafaranga akoreshwa. Ibintu byambere bigomba gushyirwaho ni serivisi zitari nke, nka sheferi, abapolisi bamwe, ishami ry'umuriro, ishuri ryibanze, interineti yaho, n'ikigo nderabuzima. Kugirango gusa abaturage baho bazamuke.

Ntawabura kuvuga ko inyandikorugero-yukuntu ubu buyobozi bushya bugomba gutegurwa neza-ni inkuru itandukanye, kandi izatandukana numuco. Mubihe byinshi, ibice byizi nyubako biracyahari. Mu bindi bihe, abantu barashobora kwibuka uko ibintu byari bimeze kera. Buri kibazo gishobora gusobanurwa mubitabo bitandukanye, kandi nicyo nasaba: saba buri muturage waho gushyiraho igitabo cyubuyobozi, asobanura uburyo ubuyobozi bwibanze butunganijwe.



6.3.3 Kuvugurura Itangazamakuru

Kimwe mu bibazo bikomeye byo mu binyejana byashize ni itangazamakuru. Ntabwo igitugu cyangwa intambara bishobora kurekurwa hamwe nubufatanye bwuzuye bwitangazamakuru. Iyo Abundomy itangiye, umuntu wese wakoraga mubitangazamakuru rusange agomba guhagarikwa mubinyamakuru byose kandi akamaganwa kubera ubufatanyacyaha bwabo mu guhemukira rubanda rusanze, kuko aribyo rwose byabaye kandi bituzanira hafi ya gikomunisiti yuzuye.

Kubwamahirwe, hari ibitangazamakuru byinshi bisimburana uzi gukora akazi gakomeye. Birumvikana rero ko abo bantu bazigarurira ibitangazamakuru.

6.3.4 Kuvugurura Ibigo Bya Siyansi

Kimwe n'itangazamakuru, umuryango wa siyanse wose waguzwe kandi ugira uruhare muri bimwe mubishuka biteye ubwoba byahitanye ubuzima butabarika. Kimwe n'abanyamakuru "babigizemo uruhare," abahanga "babigizemo uruhare nabo bagomba kwirukanwa mu bumenyi kandi bakaburanishwa mu nkiko z'abaturage.

Kuvugurura bigomba kubaho binyuze mu gukuraho uburenganzira ku mutungo bwite mu by'ubwenge n'uburenganzira ndetse no guha buri wese uburenganzira ku makuru yose ku buntu. Abahanga bahagije bazakomeza gutangiza ibihe bishya bya siyansi.



6.3.5 Ingaruka Zo Kubabarira Amadeni

Guhagarika umwenda byuzuye bizagira ingaruka nziza cyane kubantu bafashe inguzanyo nini, kandi ntibigire ingaruka nziza kubantu barokoye ubuzima bwabo bwose kugirango babeho badafite umwenda munzu nto cyangwa inzu. Ubu busumbane buto cyangwa bunini buzakenera gucibwa intege nubuyobozi bushya. Mubisanzwe, ibibazo byinshi bigomba gukemurwa bizaganirwaho neza mubaturage mbere yuko iseswa ryimyenda riba.

Ni ngombwa kwibuka ko - kubera ko buri wese azabona uburyo butunguranye bwo kubona amafaranga, amafaranga azakoreshwa kubushake, kandi hazibandwa ku gufasha abantu badafite ibikenerwa byibanze - buri wese agomba guhita atangira guteza imbere aho atuye. Ariko, niba udafasha umuryango wawe, ushobora guhungabana utazafashwa wenyine mugihe kizaza. Kubera ko udashobora guhisha ibikorwa byawe, abantu barashobora kubona ninde wafashije abandi ninde utabigufashijemo.

Ikizagorana kubyumva nuko hafi yubukungu bwa buriwese buzatera imbere byihuse. Ndetse itandukaniro ryiza mubikorwa remezo, cyane cyane amazu, hagati yumugabane birashoboka ko bizashira muryaka 10 kugeza 15. Ariko, ni ngombwa ko abantu bese bakomeza gutuza. Kubera ko buriwese ashobora kubona ibikorwa bya mugenzi we, umururumba cyangwa kurarikira bizahita bibonwa nabandi. Mw'isi yuzuye, kuzigama ntabwo bifasha cyane, kuko amafaranga atakaza agaciro. Noneho, aho guhunika no gutakaza amafaranga, nibyiza kuyakoresha no gufasha abandi kubaka amazu numuhanda. Kubera ko amazu yangirika gahoro gahoro kuruta ubwoko bushya bwamafaranga, inzira nziza yo kuzamura umuryango wawe nukoresha amafaranga kuri wewe no kubandi, kubona amazu meza ninzira nziza byihuse. Iyo

imiturire yawe imaze kuba nziza, igihe kirageze cyo gukora ingendo ukareba ubwinshi kwisi yose itanga.



6.3.6 Ingaruka Zo Gusenya Uburenganzira Bwa IP

Hamwe no kwinjiza amafaranga yimyitwarire no kubabarira imyenda, uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge nabwo buzaseswa. Ibi birimo patenti zose, ibimenyetso biranga, uburenganzira, nibindi byose bivuga ko umuntu afite amakuru ayo ari yo yose. Abantu barashobora gutunga ibintu birimo amakuru, ariko ntibashobora gusaba nyirubwite amakuru akubiye mubitwara amakuru. Ibi bivuze ko amakuru adashobora na rimwe kwibwa. Kwandukura no gukwirakwiza amakuru ntabwo ari icyaha. Ibi biranakorehwa kumafoto yabantu. Kugabana amashusho ntibizongera kuba icyaha. Doxing nayo ntizongera kuba icyaha, kuko ntabwo byari icyaha gukora ibitabo bya terefone bifite aderesi kugeza vuba aha. Gukangurira urugomo, byanze bikunze, bizakomeza kuba icyaha.

Ibi bivuze kandi ko kubona amakuru bidashobora na rimwe kubuzwa. Nta makuru ya leta cyangwa ibigo ashobora kongera gufatwa nk "ibanga". Nta makuru-usibye amakuru yihariye-arashobora gushishoza cyangwa gukorwa atagerwaho ukoresheje ijamba ryibanga. Ijambobanga rigomba gukoreshwa gusa kumakuru yihariye no "kwandika-kurinda" amakuru yihariye, no gukumira imirimo ya digitale kwangizwa nabandi. Ni ngombwa ko buri wese ashakisha uburyo bwo kwerekana ko ari we watangije amakuru y'umwimerere, kugira ngo uwashizeho umwimerere abashe gukusanya inkunga ku bushake ku bantu bashima ishyingirwaho ry'ayo makuru kandi bashakira gushishikariza uwashizeho kubyara byinshi muri byo.

Noneho ko inzitizi nyinshi zo gukoporora cyangwa gukwirakwiza amakuru zavanyweho, amategeko menshi azakenera gusubirwamo. Harimo amategeko abuza kwibasira ubuzima bwite bwabandi, amategeko yemerera ababyeyi kubuza abana babo kubona amakuru amwe, nibindi bihe bisa.

Kurenga kubisanzwe bisanzwe, andi makuru yose aragerwaho kubuntu. Ibi byonyine bizatanga amahirwe atagira akazi: kuva mubushakashatsi, guteza imbere ibicuruzwa, no kwigisha kugeza gutegura imbyino namarushanwa, nibindi byinshi.

Imwe mu mbogamizi zishimishije zizaba kuvugurura no guhindura siyanse n'itangazamakuru, harimo n'imbuga nkoranyambaga. Ibigo byose bishaje bizashira kandi bisimburwe (mubyukuri) bitagira imipaka, byuzuye bifungura-isoko.



Imiti

Imirimo myinshi mishya izashyirwaho, urugero, mubuvuzi. Imiti yose idafite amakuru yumutekano ikwiye izahagarikwa. By'umwihariko, inkingo n'imiti bavuga ko barwanya virusi bidafite gihamya (virusi ziracyari inyigisho itigeze igaragazwa neza), kubera ko nta makuru y'umutekano aboneka, kandi agaragazwa n'ibizamini bidashobora kumenya indwara, azahita ahagarikwa muri Abundomy. Ariko, ibyo ntibizakumirwa n amategeko.



Iki kibazo kizahagarikwa no guha abantu amakuru yose atabigenewe kandi bagaha buri wese amahirwe yo kwisuzuma wenyine, kuko - hatabayeho kurinda umutungo bwite wubwenge n'ibanga rikikije "siyanse" yakoreshejwe - birashoboka. Nizera ko iyo abantu babonye amakuru yose atabigenewe, nta rukingo ruzongera gukoreshwa. Nizera ko kubera ko niba urukingo "rufite umutekano kandi rukora neza," abafite ipatanti bari gutanga ibimenyetso byinshi byerekana ko nta kirego-cyerekana ko virusi zitabaho - kitazigera gifatanwa uburemere.

Ikibazo kimwe kibaho hafi ya miti yose yemewe. Ibi bivuze ko imiti yose yimiti itaragaragaye neza izasimburwa nimiti ifite. Imiti myinshi muriyo miti irashobora kuba ibyatsi byoroshye cyangwa ibicuruzwa nka ginger nubuki. Mwisi yuzuye, abantu barashobora rwose kumara umwanya wo gukusanya amakuru nkaya siyanse ikwiye. Hamwe nitsinda rihumye hamwe nibicuruzwa byinshi dusanzwe tuzi ntabwo bizadutera uburwayi uko byagenda kose: ibicuruzwa tumaze imyaka ibihumbi dukoresha muri kamere. Turashobora gukusanya gusa ayo makuru neza kandi kumugaragararo kandi tugakuramo imyanzuro yubumenyi ikwiye. Nkuko byakagombye kuba byarakozwe mbere.

Amavuta

Ikindi kinyoma cyashinze imizi kubyerekere ubukene kireba amavuta. Ijambo "lisansi y'ibimera" ryahimbwe kugirango ibihangano bya peteroli bikomeze cyane. Amavuta ntazabura vuba. Ibyo bigomba kugaragara kugeza ubu. Nta na kimwe mu byahanuwe cyabaye impamo, kandi ibibazo byinshi (ubujyakuzimu bwa peteroli, impamvu dusanga amavuta muni yinyanja) ntabwo byigeze bisubizwa neza. Noneho ko tumaze kubona inzibacyuho yingufu zananiranye kandi imodoka yamashanyarazi (EV) isenyuka, turabona kandi ko imyaka ya moteri ya lisansi izakomeza ibinyejana byinshi biri imbere. Ibi bivuze ko mugihe kizaza, peteroli namakara bizaba moteri yambere yubwikorezi, gushyushya, ninganda, nkuko byari bimeze muryaka 200 ishize. Ibi bivuze kandi ko imirimo myinshi izahanga muri urwo rwego. Tekereza siyanse yuzuye kugirango moteri ikore neza kandi isukuye, nko guteza imbere ndetse nayunguruzo nziza kuruta izisanzweho.



Kamere

Biragaragara ko dukeneye kurinda neza ibidukikije. Umuryango w'abaguzi, wasunikiraga "kuzamuka mu bukungu" bityo ukabyara imisozi y'imyanda, urimbura ibidukikije ku rugero runini. Guhagarika ibi, amakuru yubumenyi mucyo ni ngombwa. Mw'isi yacu yuzuye, abantu benshi barashobora kugira uruhare mugukurikirana ibidukikije no kubirinda kurimbuka kwose. Abantu benshi babaho, cyangwa bashaka kubaho, bahuje na kamere, mugihe rero utagikeneye kwishakira amafaranga kumurimo udafite akamaro, kuba nyirabayazana wo kubungabunga ibidukikije bihinduka amahitamo meza.



Sikana Uburenganzira Bwa IP

Muguhuza gusa nuburenganzira bwose, patenti, nibirango, biroroshye cyane kubona ibibazo byinshi byakazi. Kuberako buriwese agira uruhare muri sisitemu yo gushiraho amafaranga, ibyago byawe byo gutakaza amafaranga winjiza mugihe utangiye umushinga mushya biravaho. Ibi bivuze ko ingaruka zamafaranga zitagomba kubuza umuntu gutangiza umushinga mushya ushingiyeye kumahirwe mashya avuka uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge bumaze kugenda. Kubwibyo, ndasaba gusubiramo gusa uburenganzira bwumutungo wubwenge uriho kugirango ukusanye ibitekerezo byo gutangiza imishinga mishya mukarere kawe.

6.4 Hagarika "Utopiya Ntibishoboka" Propagande

Mugihe ukeneye kwiharira no kubura kuyobora abandi bantu, nibyingenzi gucengeza abantu ko paradizo ya utopian idashoboka. Nangahe firime za Hollywood uzi kubantu baba muri paradizo? Ni firime zingahe zerekana uburyo isi itunganye yakora? Tubwirwa ko niyo dushaka kubona isi nkiyi, guhuza umururumba wabantu hamwe nubuke bwisi kwisi byahoraga bitera abantu kurimbura utopiya. Filime Avatar nimwe murugero. Iratubwira ko kamere muntu ari mbi cyane kandi, mubyukuri, isenya utopiya yose duhuye nayo. Abantu bagomba gucika intege cyane batekereza ko dushobora kwiyubakira ikintu cyiza.

Propaganda iragerageza cyane gutuma twemera ko abantu hafi ya bose ari babi kandi ko ibyiza bishobora kubaho ari uko intwari ifite ubuhanga butangaje n'amahirwe. Rero, kugeza tubonye intwari idasanzwe ifite amahirwe menshi adasanzwe, tugomba gukomeza gushingira no kwizera abayobozi bacu badashoboye. Nibyo tubwirwa.

Tubwirwa kwizera ko abatsinze, abayobozi batoraniye, hamwe na gahunda zabo za dystopiya zirimo indangamuntu ya digitale, porogaramu zishobora gutegurwa, amafaranga ya banki nkuru y'ifaranga rya digitale, imigi y'iminota 15 ifunze geo, hamwe n'igenzura rihoraho ni byiza abantu

bashobora gukora. Isi yuzuye kuri ba tiriariyeri na ba miliyari, na gereza yo mu kirere irimo udusimba duto hamwe n'ibiribwa by'udukoko byagabanijwe ibisigisigi byumvira abantu.

Tubwirwa kandi ko abantu ari abanebwe. Ibyo - niba tudakoresheje amafaranga nkibihembo nigihano - buriwese yahagarika akazi, ntakintu cyabyara umusaruro, kandi twese twapfa muminsi mike. Birumvikana ko ibi ari ubuswa rwose. Reba abantu bo mubihugu bikennye, aho benshi badafite amafaranga. Aba bantu baracyakora ubutaka, bakabyara ibiryo byabo nimiryango yabo, kandi barashobora kandi bazabaho byoroshye bitabaye ibyo.

Ni ngombwa ko twumva ko poropagande nini twagaburiwe ubuzima bwacu bwose ari ibinyoma ndetse n'abadayimoni. Dukeneye cyane gutangira gutekereza ubwacu hanyuma tugatangira kwizera ko dushobora guhunga sisitemu iteye ubwoba tubayemo, kandi ko amaherezo dushobora kuyisimbuza sisitemu nziza cyane.



7 Ingamba

7.1 Icyo Abantu Benshi Bumva

Ibintu byinshi bibera icyarimwe kurubu. Icy'ingenzi ni uko kumenya ingingo zitandukanye bigenda byiyongera vuba. Dore ingenzi cyane:

- Banki nkuru zifite abikorera ku giti cyabo,
- Guverinoma zirasaba indangamuntu n'ifaranga rya banki nkuru,
- Intego z'iterambere rirambye zirasenya ubukungu bwacu,
- Guverinoma ntizigera zigira amafaranga abaturage babo,
- Guverinoma zihora zifite amafaranga yintambara, ikirere, abimukira, ndetse nabo ubwabo,
- Covid-19 ntabwo aricyo kibazo basabye; ahanini byari ibinyoma,
- Umuntu wese arakennye kwisi yose,
- Kwimura umutungo munini kubakire-byabayeho mummyaka yashize,
- Intambara ntizihagarikwa (nkuko Trump yabisezeraniye),
- Igenzura rya buri wese riragenda riyiyongera,
- Imihindagurikire y'ibihe ntabwo isa nkikibazo; ibyahanuwe byose byari ibinyoma,
- Guverinoma ziratera imbere kandi zigatwara amafaranga menshi kurusha mbere,
- Ubuzima buragenda butemerwa; gukora cyane ntabwo bisa nkigufasha na gato,
- Gutangiza umuryango ntibishoboka,
- Abantu bararwara,
- Ibinyo hafi ya byose biratunganywa kandi bidasanzwe,
- Ingufu zisubirwamo zirananiye,
- Imodoka z'amashyamba ziragenda zamamara buri muni,
- Cryptocurrencies ntabwo izadufasha kuva muri kibazo.
- Abantu bakangutse nta gisubizo gifatika bafite.
- Abahinzi n'abarobyi bararimburwa.
- Urwego rwo hagati rurimo gusenywa.
- Ibinyo byinshi binini birinzwe kandi buri gihe byunguka.
- Abanyamadini bagenda bagaragara nk'iterabwoba.
- Abapolisi n'abasirikare batangiye kurwanya abaturage babo.
- Abanyapolitike ntibigera bakora ikintu cyiza.
- Ntabwo wasabye kwimuka kwishyamba, nyamara abanyapolitiki barabashimangira.
- Abanyapolitike bashimangira gahunda nshya y'isi, ifaranga ry'isi, ndetse n'idini ku isi, nubwo nta wabisabye.
- Itangazamakuru rigira uruhare mu gukwirakwiza ibinyoma byinshi.
- Gutora bikorashya kandi ntacyo bimaze.

Abantu benshi bazi ibi byose, ariko ntibahuzaga utudomo. Ihuriro ntirikorwaga kuko abantu benshi ntibafite umwanya wo gukora ubushakashatsi bwimbitse bwo gutandukanya ukuri na poropagande. Impamvu ya kabiri yingenzi ituma amasano adakorwa nuko abantu batinye kwitwaga ko ari umugambi mubisha. Kubantu benshi, ubwoba bwo gutandukana mugihe ubajije byose biruta ubwoba bwibye abajya bacu baduteganyirije. Intama zihora zishyamba ubushyamba kubakiza.

Muri uru rubanza ariko, turwanira ubuzima bwacu. Harimo ubuzima bwabana bacu nabana babo. Turwanira ubuzima bwubwisanzure,



ubuzima, niterambere. Turwana no guhunga ubucakara bwanyuma no kurimbuka. Turimo, mubyukuri, turwana intambara yibyiza nibibi, byimana na satani.

Inzira yonyine ifatika yo gutsinda iyi ntambara ni ugushiraho sisitemu nshya ituma iyakera itagikoreshwa. Mugice cya 1 kugeza 5, twasobanuye uko sisitemu nkiyi. Nuburyo butandukanye nubukungu bwubu, ubukungu bwisi. Nibwo "Abundom" ibaho hagati yisi yuzuye. Igikurikira tugomba gukora nukubona uburyo bwo kugerayo. Kwinjira mubyukuri isi yuzuye.

7.2 Ikitagenda

Muri iyi minsi, abantu batari bake bumva ibitagenda neza. Umaze gusobanukirwa neza ko washutswe ubuzima bwawe bwose, ko ababyeyi bawe, umuryango wawe, barumuna bawe, ninshuti zabo zose nimiryango yabo barayobye kandi baracengewe, ni ibinini bisharira kumira. Cyane cyane iyo ubonye ko wacengewe kandi ukaba warafashije abana bawe gutozwa, cyangwa no kwangizwa niyi sisitemu mbi, ni umutwaro uremereye cyane n'inzira ugomba kunyuramo. Kuri nyje, numvaga ari bibi kuruta kubura umubyeyi. Numvaga ushaka gusubira mugihe, ukagaruka nyuma yimyaka 100 aho wabuze abantu bose. Abantu baracyahari, ariko birasa nkaho bameze nkamashusho mubitabo byamashusho bimaze ibinyejana byinshi.

Kuberako wabuze hafi ya bose, birashoboka ko uzanyura mubyiciro bitanu byintimba:

Ibyiciro bitanu by'akababaro ukurikije icyitegererezo cya Kübler-Ross ni uguhakana, uburakari, guhahirana, kwiheba, no kwemerwa. Izi ntambwe zabanje gushingira kumirimo hamwe nabarwayi barwaye indwara zidakira kandi ntabwo zigenewe kuba inararibonye kumurongo umwe, cyangwa nabantu bose bafite agahinda. Agahinda ninzira igoye kandi kugiti cye, kuburyo abantu bashobora gusubira inyuma hagati yicyiciro, gusimbuka ibyiciro bimwe rwose, cyangwa kubibonera muburyo butandukanye.

1. **Guhakana**
Ibyiyumvo byo gutungurwa cyangwa kutizera, aho umuntu asanga bigoye kwemera ukuri kwigihombo.
2. **Uburakari**
Kurakara, kwangana, cyangwa gushinja abandi, akenshi nibibazo nka, "Kuki nyje?" cyangwa "Ibi ntibikwiye."
3. **Impaka**
Icyiciro cyo kwicira urubanza no kwicuza, aho umuntu ashobora gutekereza ati: "Icyampa nkaba narakoze byinshi," cyangwa gukora amasezerano yo guhindura ibintu.
4. **Kwiheba**
Ibyiyumvo by'akababaro, ibyiringiro, umunaniro, no kwigunga, bigatuma n'imirimo ya buri munsu yumva ari urugamba.
5. **Kwemera**
Kwemera igihombo nibintu bishya, ntabwo byanze bikunze ubikunda, ahubwo ushake inzira yo gukomeza.

IBITEKEREZO BY'INGENZI

Umuntu ku giti cye

Agahinda nubunararibonye budasanzwe kandi uburyo bukora buratandukanye cyane kubantu.

Kutagira umurongo

Birasanzwe gusubira inyuma hagati yicyiciro, aho kubinyuramo muburyo bukomeye.

Guhinduka

Ntabwo abantu bose bazanyura mubyiciro bitanu byose, kandi abantu bamwe ndetse batunganya akababaro kabo batanyuze muribi byiciro.

Imirongo

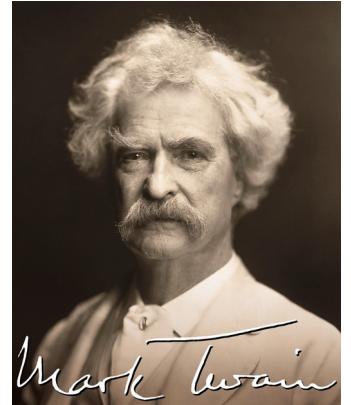
Ibi byiciro byateguwe hashingiwe ku kureba abantu bahura n'urupfu rwabo kandi ntibigomba gufatwa nkurutonde rukomeye rwubwoko bwose bwintimba.

Benshi bakangutse kuburiganya ntibafata umwanya wo kwakira ukuri kwabo gushya, kandi abantu benshi - abo twita "turasinziriye" - barabihakana.

Hano hari amagambo azwi na Mark Twain:

"Biroroshye kubeshya abantu kuruta kubumvisha ko bashutswe."

Guhakana nuburyo bukomeye kandi bwo kwirwanaho busanzwe kugirango duhunge ukuri. Ariko kuri buri wese, haza igihe bidashoboka guhunga ukuri. Habaho ingingo kuri buri wese iyo amenye ko urutonde rwibintu babonye n'amaso yabo, ibyo babishyize mu gaciro bakoresheje ubwenge bwabo (kuko badashobora kwemera ingaruka), bigenda birebire cyane. Numara kwemera uko kuri, usanga uri mu rujijo rukabije rw'amakuru, ibitekerezo, n'imibanire ihinduka. Izi nintambwe 2 kugeza 4 kuri 5 zintimba. Ariko kandi uzahura nicyiciro cya 1 inshuro nke. Ariko burigihe burigihe uri mukiciro cya 1, uzabona ko urutonde rwibinyoma rudashobora guhakana rukura vuba. Ibi bizakomeza kugeza igihe wemeye byimazeyo bitemewe:



Ati: "Nashutswe kandi nari injiji kandi ikiruta byose ni ibicucu kubera gutegereza igihe kirekire kugira ngo mbyemere."

Umaze kubyemera, urashobora gukomeza kumva umujinya mwinshi numubabaro. Ariko ugomba gukomeza. Urabizi ko ntayandi mahitamo. Ibikunze kubaho nuko abantu bakangutse bashaka guhita bakora kugirango bahuze uburakari bwabo no gucika intege. Twese turashaka kugana isi nziza vuba bishoboka.

Kugirango tuyje muri societe nziza, ni ngombwa ko twumva vuba ko bidashoboka guhindura sisitemu imbere. Ntidushobora gukoresha uburyo bwa sisitemu kugirango tuyihindure. Turamutse turwanye sisitemu n'intwari zayo, twatsinzwe. Dore impamvu:

- Ihohoterwa ntirikora. Bafite imbunda, abapolisi, ingabo, abacamanza, na gereza. Ntabwo tubikora, kurugamba rero, benshi muritwe twakomeretse cyangwa bakarusha, kandi twatsinzwe.
- Gutora ntibikora kuko batunze itangazamakuru, abagenzuzi, inkiko mpuzamahanga, n'amafaranga yo guha ruswa abakandida bose, gukoresha ibarura, no kubihisha.
- Imyigaragambyo ntabwo ikora. Abari kubutegetsira ntibatinyuka niba wigaragambije. Ntabwo bizatangazwa mubitangazamakuru byabo. Niba byaganiriweho, uzerekanwa nkumugambi mubisha wubugambanyi. Ntakintu kizahinduka, usibye ko uzahuza nabantu bahuje ibitekerezo kandi wenda ukangura abandi bantu bake.
- Gukora ubundi buryo bw'amafaranga (nka cryptocurrencies, ibyuma byagaciro, cyangwa amafaranga yaho) kandi kubikoresha ntabwo bikora. Abantu bashobora gucapa amafaranga hanze yikire bagenzura amasoko yimari. Barashobora kugura ifaranga iryo ariyo ryose bakarisenya hamwe nihindagurika ryifaranga cyangwa barashobora kubihagarika gusa.



Corona yigaragambije Berlin 1 Kanama 2020

Ikindi kidakora-kandi iri ni ikosa rikomeye abantu bose bakangutse bakora mbere - nuko udashobora guhatira abandi bantu kubyuka. Kuberako abantu benshi bashora imari mubuzima bwabo bwose nibintu byabo byose muriyi gahunda yononekaye, bakemera ko byose ari impimbano kandi uburiganya bukabije bizabambura inzosi zabo zose, ibyo bagezeho byose, ubwibone bwabo nibyishimo, no kubaho kwabo. Nubwo rero bazi neza ko bashutswe, abantu benshi bazakomeza guhakana ukuri igihe kirekire gishoboka cyabantu. Gusa nibabona - vuga - 20% byimiryango yabo ninshuti bahindukirira ukuri bazabona ubutwari bwo gusangira gushidikanya nabo. Kandi hazabaho ijanisha ritazigera rihinduka. Hazabaho umubare munini wabantu - nubwo 99% bahindutse ukuri - bahitamo gupfa aho kwemera ko bibeshye. Ubwibone ni amarangamutima akomeye.

7.3 Amakosa Abatsinze Bakoze

Ikibazo kijyanye n'akajagari turimo nuko twaretse kigahinduka imyaka amagana. Kubera iyo mpamvu, ubu tugomba gukemura ikibazo cyo kwinjiza abantu. Kandi kubera ko tudashobora guhatira abantu gukanguka, iyi izaba inzira itwara igihe. Ariko, hariho ibintu byinshi byiza. icy'ingenzi ni uko kugerageza guhindura ibintu bimaze gukorwa, kandi dushobora kubona impamvu binaniwe. Hamwe nubumenyi, ntidushobora gukora sisitemu ikemura gusa ibitagenda neza mubindi bigeragezo byose, ahubwo tunashakisha ingamba zishobora gukora, kuko zishingiye ku kwirinda amakosa abandi bamaze gukora.

Ikindi cyiza nuko abantu bashobora gucapa amafaranga mumyuka yoroheje bihutira kugera kuntego zabo kuko basanzwe babona ko abantu benshi cyane babona mubidafite ishingiro bagerageza kutugurisha. Bihutiye, bakoze amakosa abiri akomeye:

Ikosa rya mbere rikomeye ni ugushyinga interineti. Abantu bashinzwe societe yacu mbi bashimishijwe nuko-hamwe na terefone-babonye uburyo bwo kuneka abantu bose no kumva ibibera muri buri cyumba cyo kuraramo. Batekerezaga ko kuneka abantu byaba ngombwa kuruta gufasha abantu gusangira amakuru. Basuzuguye umubare wabantu bashobora guhuza utudomo. Ntibashoboye - kandi n'ubu ntibabishoboye - gukumira ibi.



1CoinH ikirango

Icyi kabiri, ndetse ikosa rikomeye bakoze ni ugusuzugura imbaraga z'Imana. Batekerezaga ko bashobora kureshya abantu bahagije mubuzima bwo kwikunda, kwikunda no gukoresha amafaranga yibeshya. Baribeshye, kuko Imana iba muri benshi muri twe. Kuva tuvuka, benshi muritwe twiganjemo ibyiza. Iyo umwenda ukuweho, ubwoba amaherezo buzatanga inzira yo gukora ibyiza. Ntabwo bizagira abantu bose intwari, ariko imbaraga zizaba zihagije kugirango twumve ko dushobora kureka ibishuko byacu, gucengeza kwacu, inzosi zacu zigoretse, hamwe na kahise kacu. Tuzagenda kure, dutangire dukurikize ubushishozi bwacu bwo gukora ibyiza, kandi ntutuzigera dusubiza amaso inyuma. Tuzakurikiza inzira Imana izahishura. Inzira yamaze guhanurwa mu Byanditswe.

7.4 Ingamba Zitigeze Zigeragezwa Mbere

Abantu benshi babyutse mu mpera za 2020 bagerageza byose kugirango bahindure societe, nkuko byavuzwe mu gika kibanziriza iki. Ubu tumenye impamvu ibyo bigerageza byose ntacyo bivuze nimpamvu bigoye gukangura abantu.

Ariko, ibibera (kandi birakora) nuko ukuri kugaragara buhoro buhoro. Abantu benshi kuruta mbere hose batangiye kumva uburiganya bwa banki nkuru y'abikorera ku giti cyabo, basohora amafaranga mu kirere cyoroheje kugira ngo bagirire akamaro ba nyirayo gusa bishyuye abandi.

Noneho ko ibyo bintu bimaze kuba ubumenyi rusange kandi tuzi ko ubundi buryo butagize icyo bugeraho, twashyizeho ingamba zitigeze zigeragezwa mbere: aho kugerageza guhindura sisitemu ubungubu, tugiye guhita tujya mubaturage kandi tubigisha uburyo bwo kwirinda sisitemu ya banki iriho no kurwanya sisitemu nshya (hamwe nindangamuntu ya digitale hamwe n'ifaranga rya banki nkuru) banki idutegurira.

Mugihe twigisha abaturage baho uburyo bwo kwikingira, tuzasobanura kandi uburyo gahunda yacu ya banki iriho ubu ishukana, amafaranga yimytwarire mubyukuri, nuburyo "ubukungu" bwacu bushobora guhinduka "ubwinshi." Tuzigisha abantu uburyo abaturage babo amaherezo bashobora kungukirwa no kunganya nabandi baturage kwisi.

Mugihe twigisha kurinda abaturage baho gukuramo umutungo wa banki, tuzanatangiza gahunda zubuhinzi zatewe inkunga n'abagiraneza zitanga amafaranga mu baturage. Izi porogaramu zishobora gufata imyaka icumi kugirango zishyirwe mu bikorwa, ariko zizagenda buhoro ariko byanze bikunze bizamura uburyo isi ikora. Hamwe no kubimenya, abantu duhura imbona nkubone bazamenya kandi igisubizo nyacyo cy "amafaranga yimytwarire" nicyo "guhagarika imyenda" bikubiyemo nuburyo bizadufasha kongera kugenzura abaturage n'umutungo.

Muri ubu buryo buhoro buhoro, sisitemu nyinshi zuzuzanya, nka barter, imishinga yo kubaka umuganda, amasoko yabaturage, nuburyo bushya bwubuyobozi bwibanze, bizashyirwaho kandi bipimishe kugirango buriwese yitegure umunsi wimpinduka ugeze.

Ubwiza bw'iyi ngamba ni uko - iyo abaturage bihagije kandi bakihanganira amafaranga - umubare munini uzatuma bidashoboka ko abakomunisiti babasha gutsinda. Gukorera mu mucyo kuri iyi "nkuru yo gutsinda" no kuyisangiza bishoboka ku isi, byanze bikunze, bizagira uruhare runini mu kugera kuri "imbaga nyamwinshi" (umubare munini w'abaturage - hejuru ya 20%), kugira ngo itariki yo guhinduka ibe byanze bikunze.

Nkurikije ubumenyi bwanjye, ntayindi gahunda yatanze ubu bwoko bwinzibacyuho. Nizera ko iyi ari yo ngamba yonyine yerekeye "amafaranga yimytwarire," kubera gusa ko bidashoboka kuvanga amafaranga yabo adakwiye namafaranga yacu y'inyangamugayo. Kubera iyo mpamvu, inzibacyuho yihuse-imara amasaha make cyangwa iminsi-bisa nkinzira yonyine igana imbere. icyizere cyo gukuraho umwenda wuzuye, hamwe no kwimuka kwuzuye muri sisitemu iboneye ifasha buri wese, bituma ingamba zigomba gukurikiza ingamba.

Het betekent ook dat andere initiatieven, zoals protesten, alternatieve munten en alternatieve nieuwsmedia, het kunnen blijven proberen, terwijl we onze gemeenschap laten groeien. Niets weerhoudt ons ervan om te beginnen met groeien, te blijven groeien en voortdurend onze aanpak te blijven verbeteren.



8 Kurinda Kubikuza Umutungo

8.1 Imishinga

Udushya twatwe na sisitemu yubumenyi ya kera yimico kavukire. Kwiga izi ngamba nibisanzwe, kuko byinshi mubisubizo byacu byakoreshejwe ibinyejana byinshi.

Kurema "Abundomie," tubanze twibanze kuri gahunda eshanu zemerera abaturage baho kwikingira amafaranga kugirango bakure umutungo. Ibi nibyingenzi kuberako sisitemu yifaranga igenewe kugirira akamaro ba nyirayo gusa. Izi ni gahunda:

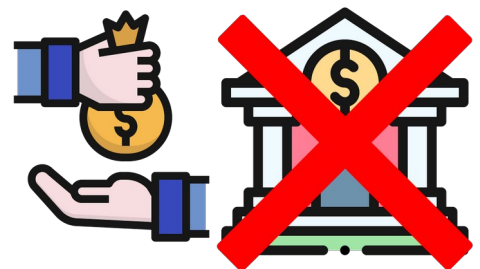
8.1.1 Gura Byibanze, Kugurisha Kwisi Yose

Gerageza kutagura mubihugu byinshi. Kuberako ibigo mpuzamahanga bifitwe nabantu bamwe bashiraho amafaranga, bafite akarusho kurenza abandi. Inzira yonyine yo guca inyungu zabo nukugura gusa mububiko bwaho. Ndetse mugihe ubuzima bwububiko bwaho bugoye namategeko namategeko yisi yose kandi ibiciro byayo bisa nkaho biri hejuru, burigihe ushyigikire ububiko bwawe, kuko abo bantu umunsi umwe nabo bazagutera inkunga.



8.1.2 Gutiza Inshuti, Ntabwo Biturutse Muri Banki

Gerageza kwishyura imyenda yawe yose mubigo by'imari, kuko ideni nuburyo bukuraho umutungo wose mumuryango wawe. Abari inyuma bagomba gucapa amafaranga gusa, mugihe urwana burimunsi kugirango ubone ubuzima bwiza kandi ugerageze kwishyura inguzanyo. Intego imwe yinguzanyo ya banki nukwambura umutungo wawe. Aho kwemerera abantu - badakora - gutwara ubutunzi bwawe, urashobora guha aya mahirwe inshuti mugace utuyemo. Ariko, mbere yo gufata inguzanyo, tekereza kubindi bishoboka. Kurugero, gufatanya ninshuti mubucuruzi bishobora kuba byiza kuruta kubaha inguzanyo.



8.1.3 Guhindura Amafara

Inzira nziza yo kubuza amabanki gukuramo umutungo wimari nukudakoresha amafara namba. Niba umuntu agufasha, vuga, mugukosora imiyoboro murugo rwawe, umuhe ifunguro, inkoko utunze, cyangwa umugabane wibihingwa byawe. Urashobora kwandika IOU isezeranya kwishyura umunsi umwe. Hariho na sisitemu yo kugurisha kumurongo igufasha kubona abantu muguhana.



8.1.4 Kurandura Inguzanyo

Inguzanyo zangiza kandi zangiza umutungo ni inguzanyo. Niba abantu bo mu gace utuyemo bakuyemo inguzanyo, bishyira hamwe hanyuma ufate gahunda yo kuvana umuryango wawe wose muri iki kibazo cy'amafaranga. Ni nako bigenda ku zindi nguzanyo zikomeye za banki, nk'imodoka cyangwa ubukode bwa moto. Niba hari umuntu wo mu gace utuyemo ushaka kubaka inzu, saba abaturage bamufashe mubikorikori nibikoreshe. Birashoboka cyane ko bazishyura neza niba badakeneye kumara igihe cyose bishyura inguzanyo.



8.1.5 Wige Uburyo bwo Kongera Kubona Amafaranga

Kugirango tujye mumafaranga asukuye, yimytwarire, tugomba mbere na mbere kwigisha abaturage bacu ibitagenda neza kumafaranga yacu hamwe nuburyo bwiza bwo kubisimbuza. Ingamba zavuzwe haruguru ni izigihe gito. Amafaranga arashobora kuba igikoreshe gifatika niba yarateguwe neza. Nyamara, iri ni ivugurura rikomeye rishobora gutsinda mugihe abantu bumva kandi bakamenya uburyo amafaranga ashobora gushirwaho, kugabanwa, no kugenzurwa neza.



8.2 Umwanzuro Kubikuramo Umutungo

Izi gahunda eshanu zizafasha abaturage baho guhita bafata ingamba zo gukomera mubukungu, kwigenga, no kumenyeshwa neza. Inyandiko nyinshi z'amadini zimaze kutuburira kwirinda uburiganya bw'amafaranga kandi zitubwira ko tuba mu isi yuzuye. Iyi mishinga izafasha abaturage baho kumenya uburyo bwo guhindura iyi miburo mubikorwa bifatika byo kurinda abaturage babo no guhindura isi ahantu heza kandi heza kuri buri wese.

9 Kugarura Demokarasi

Natanze igice cyihariye cyo kugarura demokarasi, kuko ibyinshi bizagerwaho nyuma yo kwimukira kumugaragaro "Abundom." Gushyira mu bikorwa izo mpinduka ubu ntibishoboka, kuko leta zose ziyobowe nabantu basohora amafaranga hanze. Kandi ntibazakunda impinduka zasabwe hano.

9.1 Kuvugurura Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu

Intambwe y'ingenzi iganisha kuri demokarasi ni ugusubiramo Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu (UDHR). Mugihe UDHR ishobora gukopororwa ahanini, irakeneye kandi guhinduka, kuko icyerekezo "statistique" cyashinze imizi cyane. Tugomba kandi gusobanura icyo ubushake aricyo, "uburenganzira bwo kugira uruhare mu guhanga amafaranga" bikubiyemo, nuburyo dushobora kuburinda. Turateganya guhindura iki gitabo mu ndimi 68 kugirango buri wese asome ibyo dusaba. Tuzakora kandi sisitemu yo kugenzura verisiyo ikomeye kuri yo, byoroshye kubona niba impinduka zarakozwe mugihe. Ariko, ibice binini bya UDHR bigomba kuguma bidahindutse. Byongeye kandi, dukeneye gushyiraho uburyo bukomeye bwo gutora kugirango hahindurwe UDHR.



Indangamuntu Yigenga

Sisitemu yo gutora no guteza imbere sisitemu yimyitwarire yerekana ko hakenewe sisitemu ndangamuntu. Muri §8.2, ndasobanura uburyo sisitemu nziza-yigenga-indangamuntu ikora. Ni ngombwa ko umwirondoro wawe wigenga 100%. Icyo gihe ni bwo abantu bose bashobora kwiandikisha, nta muntu cyangwa ikigo icyo ari cyo cyose gishobora kubihagarika. Turashobora kandi gukoresha iyo ndangamuntu muri sisitemu yo gutora kugirango duhitemo igihe duhindukiye kuri 'Abundomy'. Tugomba kandi gushobora gutora, kurugero, kubijyanye no guhindura uburenganzira bwa muntu.

Byumvikane neza: indangamuntu zose zizashyirwa ahagaragara, nkuko amajwi yatanze azashyirwa ahagaragara. Kuriganya indangamuntu ntabwo byitezwe, kuko bizatera ibibazo -

nyuma yubundi, ukeneye kandi umwirondoro wawe kugirango ubashe gukora ibikorwa byimari nabandi. Kubera ko uburiganya buboneka byoroshye, abandi birashoboka ko bazahitamo kutazabana nabantu bakoze uburiganya.

Ifaranga ryimytwarire ningirakamaro kuri Abundomy. Kugira ngo habeho amafaranga yimytwarire, ni ngombwa ko abantu bakoresha kandi bagaragaza kumugaragara umwirondoro wabo kugirango basuzumwe neza. Hatariho indangamuntu, sisitemu yo guhanga amafaranga neza ntabwo bishoboka.

Indangamuntu zigomba kuba zigenga rwose, bivuze ko wowe (nawe wenyine) ushobora guhitamo kurema, guhindura, ndetse no kuzisiba. Indangamuntu yawe izagaragara kubantu bose muganira. Nta guhunga ibyo.

Hamwe nibitekerezo, birumvikana (cyane) gukoresha gukoresha indangamuntu imwe mugutora. Abaturage baho barashobora kandi gukoresha irangamuntu muburyo butandukanye - ibikorwa byo gutora mukarere. Buri muryango ufite uburenganzira bwo gutegura ibirori byo gutora mu buryo ubwo ari bwo bwose ushaka, igihe cyose bitanyuranyije n'itangazo mpuzamahanga ry'uburenganzira bwa muntu.

Amashyirahamwe Menshi Yisi Yose

Birashoboka ko abaturage baho bazajya bajijisha, bagirira nabi abaturage bacyo, cyangwa bakajya kurugamba. Mu bihe nk'ibi, umuryango w'isi ukwiye gushobora kugira icyo ukora, bivuze ko hashyizweho ingufu zihariye zo gutabara / kubungabunga amahoro. icy'ingenzi, umuryango mpuzamahanga ushobora kwemererwa ari uko gusa mu mucyo no gukurikiranwa 24/7. Abakozi bo mu ibanga bazaba ikintu cyahise. Uburyo bwo gutabara bugomba gukoreshwa no gutora, ni ngombwa rero kubitegura neza.

Birashoboka cyane ko izo mbaraga zo gutabara / kubungabunga amahoro ku isi, hamwe n'inama ngishwanama ku isi (\$4.4.2), izaba umuryango wonyine ku isi ugomba gukora burundu. Ingabo zishinzwe gutabara / kubungabunga amahoro ku isi zizahamagarirwa guterana uko bikenewe, uherye mu miryango myinshi itandukanye ku isi. Ntabwo bigaragara ko hari ibindi bibazo bisaba umuryango wihaye, uhoraho kwisi yose.

Mugitangira cyigihe cya Abundomy, hakenewe amafaranga menshi kwisi yose yo gukusanya, kubika, no gucunga umutungo wingenzi (nka zahabu, amabuye y'agaciro, nibindi bintu kamere nibintu byagaciro). Aya mafranga yisi yose agomba kwemeza kugabana neza umutungo. Na none kandi, aya mafranga agomba no gukorera mu mucyo kandi akagira - nk'intego isobanutse - gusenya vuba bishoboka.

Hindura Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira Bwa Muntu

Iyo turebye Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu, biragaragara ko - gushiraho urufatiro rwiza rwa Abundomy - impinduka zimwe zambere zigomba guhita zishyirwa mubikorwa. Nibyo, ibitekerezo byose biremewe kandi birashobora gutangwa ukoresheje www.abundomy.com.

Ingingo 1

Umwimerere

- 1 Abantu bose bavutse bafite umudendezo kandi bangana mu cyubahiro n'uburenganzira. Bahawe ubwenge n'umutimanama kandi bagomba gukorera hamwe muburyo bwa kivandimwe.

Impinduka

- I. Ijambo "kuvuka" rirashobora kuvaho kuko riteye urujijo. Ndetse na mbere na nyuma yo kuvuka, umuntu afite umudendezo kandi angana mu cyubahiro n'uburenganzira;
- II. Ijambo "umuntu" rishobora gusimburwa nijambo "umuntu," kuko rigamije kugira ubusobanuro bumwe n'umuntu ikiremwa muntu. "Mu buryo nk'ubwo, ijambo "abantu" rizasimburwa nijambo "abantu";
- III. Ijambo "rigomba" rishobora gusimburwa na "biteganijwe" kuko ritwara uburemere buenze ijambo ". " Gukoresha "biteganijwe" byerekana neza ko buri muntu ategerejwe na societe kubona umuryango wose nkubuvandimwe bwabo.

Ongera usubiremo

- 1 Abantu bose bafite umudendezo kandi barangana mu cyubahiro n'uburenganzira. Bahawe ubwenge n'umutimanama, kandi bategerejweho gukorera hamwe muburyo bwa kivandimwe.

Ingingo 2

Umwimerere

- 2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira n'ubwisanzure byose bivugwa muri iri tangazo, nta tandukanyirizo iryo ari ryo ryose, nk'amoko, ibara, igitsina, ururimi, idini, politiki cyangwa ikindi gitekerezo, inkomoko y'igihugu cyangwa imibereho, umutungo, ivuka cyangwa indi status. Byongeye kandi, nta tandukanyirizo rigomba gukorwa hashingiwe ku rwego rwa politiki, ububasha cyangwa mpuzamahanga ku rwego rw'igihugu cyangwa ifasi umuntu arimo, yaba uwigenga, kwizerana, kutiyobora, cyangwa izindi mbogamizi z'ubusugire.

Impinduka

- I. Abah 2 irashobora gusibwa burundu, nkuko k 1 yamaze kuvuga ko "abantu bose bangana mu cyubahiro n'uburenganzira." Ntibikenewe ko twongera gushimangira ko buri muntu afite uburenganzira kuri ubwo burenganzira, kubera ko ijambo "ryitwa" ridatanga uburenganzira buenze ubwo ijambo "rikoreshwa" mu 1. Ibisobanuro byose cyangwa ibisobanuro byongeweho gusa bidakenewe byerekana ko itandukaniro ryavuzwe rishobora gukorwa, ridasobanura neza ubwo burenganzira.

Ongera usubiremo

YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 3

Umwimerere

- 3 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kubaho, umudendezo n'umutekano w'umuntu.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 3 ni Kuri Ingingo 2;

- II. Ijambo "Umuntu wese" riteye urujijo kuko tuvuga "Abantu bose." Rero, "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "Abantu bose";
- III. Ijambo "umuntu" risobanura itandukaniro riri hagati y "ikiremwa muntu" n "umuntu, "mugihe bigomba kuba ikintu kimwe. Ibi bivuze ko ijamba "umuntu" muriyi iyi ngingo hamwe nizindi ngingo zose zizasimburwa n "ikiremwa muntu.";
- IV. Igice cy'interuro kivuga ngo: "Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira ku mutekano w'abantu," ntacyo bivuze. Ijambo "umutekano wabantu" rizasimburwa nijamba "umutekano."

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 3 ihinduka ingingo ya 2)

- 2 Abantu bose bafite uburenganzira bwo kubaho, umudendezo n'umutekano.

Ingingo 4

Umwimerere

- 4 Ntawe uzafatwa mu bucakara cyangwa mu bucakara. Ubucakara nubucuruzi bwabacakara birabujijwe muburyo bwabo bwose.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 4 ni Kuri Ingingo 3;
- II. "Ntawe" asimburwa na "Nta mugabo";
- III. Ukuri gushimishije kwiye ni uko, mugihe cyo guhindura, hejuru ya 95% byabatuye isi bari imbata. Ihuriro rya monopoliya ebyiri zifitwe na banyiri sisitemu yimari (amahirwe yihariye yo gushakisha amafaranga hanze yumuyaga kandi amahirwe yihariye yo kugenzura ibikorwa bya buri wese) bituma ibi bishoboka. Umwotsi wumwotsi wubwenge kugirango uhishe ubutunzi bwabo, ufatanije nuburyo butigeze bubaho, bubi cyane, urugomo, ubugizi bwa nabi, na jenocide (aho leta zose, imiryango itegamiye kuri leta, n'imiryango ifitanye isano n'umuryango w'abibumbye bigira uruhare runini), bituma ba nyir'ubwite bahisha ubu buryo bw'ubucakara mu baturage. Kuba impande 4 zashyizwe mu Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu ntakintu na kimwe kigufi cyo gusetsa ubugome, busebanya. Kuba isi iha itsinda rito ry'abantu kwiharira amafaranga mu bikorwa bimaze kuba ukurenga ku buryo budasubirwaho kut 1 mu Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu, ariko bikajyana na 1 1 ... Kubera ko ba nyir'imikorere yacu y'abacakara muri iki gihe bakora ibishoboka byose kugira ngo bahishe ubwoko bwabo bw'ubucakara, duhatirwa gusobanura 4 4 twongeraho tuti: "Ubucakara bukubiyemo imikorere ya sisitemu iyo ari yo yose aho abantu bose batitabira kimwe mu guhanga amafaranga kandi ntabwo buri muntu afite ubushishozi bungana mu bikorwa byose by'imari by'undi muntu."

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 4 ihinduka ingingo ya 3)

- 3 Nta muntu n'umwe ugomba gufatwa mu bucakara cyangwa mu bucakara; ubucakara nubucuruzi bwabacakara birabujijwe muburyo bwabo bwose. Ubucakara bukubiyemo imikorere ya sisitemu yimari iyo abantu bose batitabira kimwe mugushinga amafaranga kandi ntabwo buriwese afite ubushishozi mubikorwa byose by'imari nkabandi.

Ingingo 5

Umwimerere

- 5 Nta muntu n'umwe ugomba gukorerwa iyicarubozo cyangwa gukorerwa ubugome, ubumuntu cyangwa gutesha agaciro.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 5 ni Kuri Ingingo 4;
- II. "Ntawe" asimburwa na "Nta mugabo".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 5 ihinduka ingingo ya 4)

- 4 Nta muntu n'umwe ugomba gukorerwa iyicarubozo cyangwa gukorerwa ubugome, ubumuntu cyangwa gutesha agaciro.

Ingingo 6

Umwimerere

- 6 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kumenyekana nkumuntu imbere y amategeko aho atuye hose.

Impinduka

- I. Iyi yaba ishobora kuba ifite icyo ivuze gusa niba hari itandukaniro nyaryo riri hagati yicyo "Umuntu wese" n "Umuntu. " Niba "Umuntu wese" n "Umuntu "bari bamwe kandi bisobanura" ikiremwa muntu, "wasoma uti:" Umuntu wese aho ariho hose afite uburenganzira bwo kumenyekana nkumuntu imbere y amategeko. " Kandi kuva aho 1 ivuga ko "Abantu bese bafite umudendezo kandi bangana mu cyubahiro n'uburenganzira," 6 ntacyo bivuze kandi birashobora gusibwa.

Onger a usubiremo

YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 7

Umwimerere

- 7 Bose barangana imbere y'amategeko kandi bafite uburenganzira nta vangura iryo ari ryo ryose kurengera amategeko. Bose bafite uburenganzira bwo kurengera kimwe ivangura iryo ari ryo ryose binyuranyije n'iri tangazo ndetse no gukangurira iryo vangura iryo ari ryo ryose.

Impinduka

- I. Abah 1 yamaze kuvuga ati: "Abantu bese bafite umudendezo kandi barangana mu cyubahiro n'uburenganzira." Birumvikana ko ibi bikurikizwa no ku mategeko. Iri tegeko rigizwe n'iri tangazo ry'uburenganzira bwa muntu hiyongereyeho amategeko yo mu karere yashyizweho n'imiryango itandukanye hamwe n'ubucamanza bwose bujyanye nayo. Ibi bivuze ko amategeko azatandukana mukarere. Ariko, ibi ntabwo bihindura ko k 7 ari ikirenga kandi izasibwa.

Onger a usubiremo

YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 8

Umwimerere

- 8 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gukemura neza inkiko z'igihugu zibifitiye ububasha ku bikorwa bibangamira uburenganzira bw'ibanze yahawe n'Itegeko Nshinga cyangwa amategeko.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 8 ni Kuri Ingingo 5;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "Umuntu wese";
- III. "Ubutegetsu bw'igihugu bubifitiye ububasha" busimburwa n "ubuyobozi bw'akarere bwashyizweho ku mugaragaro." Kubera ko gukorera mu mucyo bishobora kwemezwa neza n'imiryango mito, inkiko zigomba gushyirwaho n'uturere aho gushingwa n'ikigo cy'akarere gakomeye (kigomba kuvaho uko byagenda kose);
- IV. "Kubikorwa" byasimbuwe na "kurengera ibikorwa biri." Nukugirango gusa usobanure Niba;
- V. "Itegeko Nshinga cyangwa amategeko" risimburwa n "iyi nyandiko ya UDHR n'amategeko yo mu karere," kubera ko nta tegeko nshinga rivuga. Amategeko yigihugu agomba gusimburwa namategeko yakarere kubera impamvu zo gukorera mu mucyo no guhuza abaturage.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 8 ihinduka ingingo ya 5)

- 5 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gukemurwa neza imbere y'inkiko z'akarere zashyizweho ku mugaragaro kugira ngo arengere ibikorwa bibangamira uburenganzira bw'ibanze yahawe n'iyi nyandiko mpuzamahanga y'uburenganzira bwa muntu ndetse n'amategeko y'akarere.

Ingingo 9

Umwimerere

- 9 Nta muntu ushobora gufatwa atabishaka, gufungwa cyangwa guhungwa.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 9 ni Kuri Ingingo 6;
- II. "Ntawe" asimburwa na "Nta mugabo";
- III. Kugirango hamenyekane niba ifatwa, ifungwa cyangwa kwirukanwa bifite ishingiro, hagomba kongerwaho ibi bikurikira: "Umuntu wese agomba guhita amenyeshwa impamvu nyayo yatumye ifatwa, ifungwa cyangwa yirukanwa, kandi azahita abona umwanya wo kumenyesha abantu benshi uko ibintu bimeze."

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 9 ihinduka ingingo ya 6)

- 6 Nta muntu ushobora gufatwa atabishaka, gufungwa, cyangwa guhungwa. Umuntu wese ahita amenyeshwa impamvu nyayo yatumye atabwa muri yombi, afunzwe, cyangwa abajanywe mu bunyage, agahabwa umwanya wihuse wo kumenyesha abandi bantu uko ibintu bimeze.

Ingingo 10

Umwimerere

- 10 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bungana mu rubanza ruboneye kandi mu ruhame n'urukiko rwigenga kandi rutabogamyeye, mu kugena uburenganzira bwe n'inshingano ndetse n'icyaha aregwa.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 10 ni Kuri Ingingo 7;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "Umuntu wese";
- III. "Mu kugena uburenganzira bwe n'inshingano ndetse n'icyo aregwa cyose" cyasibwe. Uburenganzira busobanurwa mu Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira bwa Muntu. Nta burenganzira burenze cyangwa buto burenze ubwo kwasobanurwa hano. Uturere dushobora gushiraho gusa izindi nshingano. Nta burenganzira cyangwa inshingano bigomba kugenwa mu ruhame mu rukiko rwigenga kandi rutabogamyeye. Bose bagomba kuba bamaze kugenwa mu rukiko. Gusa ikintu kigomba kumenyekanana ni ukumenya niba ibyo aregwa bifite ishingiro. "Mu kugena uburenganzira bwe n'inshingano ndetse n'icyo aregwa cyose" asimburwa na "kumenya niba icyo aregwa gifite ishingiro."

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 10 ihinduka ingingo ya 7)

- 7 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira muri byose kuburanishwa mu buryo buboneye kandi mu ruhame n'urukiko rwigenga kandi rutabogamyeye, mu kugena icyaha aregwa.

Ingingo 11

Umwimerere

- 11.1 Umuntu wese ukurikiranyweho icyaha cyo guhana afite uburenganzira bwo gufatwa nk'umweme kugeza igihe ahamwe n'icyaha nk'uko amategeko abiteganyaga mu rubanza rusange aho yari afite ingwate zose zikenewe kugira ngo yiregure.
- 11.2 Nta muntu ushobora guhanishwa icyaha icyo ari cyo cyose cy'igihano kubera igikorwa cyangwa ikosa ryakozwe bitagize icyaha cy'icyaha, hakurikijwe amategeko y'igihugu cyangwa mpuzamahanga, igihe cyakorwaga. Nta nubwo igihano kiremereye kirenze icyakurikizwaga igihe icyaha cyakorwaga.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 11 ni Kuri Ingingo 8;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "Umuntu wese";
- III. "Ntawe" asimburwa na "Nta mugabo";
- IV. "Yari afite ingwate zose" asimburwa na "afite ibikoresho byose." "Ingwate" ntisobanutse neza;
- V. "Mu mategeko y'igihugu cyangwa mpuzamahanga" asimburwa na "nkuko byasobanurwa muri iyi nyandiko ya UDHR no mu mategeko y'akarere", nkuko "amategeko akurikizwa" yamaze gusobanurwa.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 11 ihinduka ingingo ya 8)

- 8.1 Umuntu wese uregwa icyaha cy'ibihano afite uburenganzira bwo gufatwa nk'umwere kugeza igihe ahamwa n'icyaha nk'uko amategeko abiteganyaga mu rubanza rusange aho afite uburyo bwose bukenewe kugira ngo yiregure.
- 8.2 Nta muntu ushobora guhanirwa icyaha cy'igihano kubera igikorwa cyangwa kutirengagiza bitagize icyaha gihanwa nk'uko bigaragara muri iyi nyandiko ya UDHR no mu mategeko y'akarere igihe cyakorwaga. Nta nubwo igihano kiremereye kirenze icyakurikizwaga igihe icyaha cyakorwaga.

Ingingo 12

Umwimerere

- 12 Ntawe ugomba kwivanga ku bushake bwe bwite, umuryango, urugo cyangwa inzandiko, cyangwa kwibasirwa icyubahiro n'icyubahiro. Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kurengera amategeko kwirinda kwivanga cyangwa ibitero.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 12 ni Kuri Ingingo 9;
- II. "Ntawe" asimburwa na "Nta mugabo";
- III. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "Umuntu wese";
- IV. "Amategeko" asimburwa na "kubahiriza amategeko mu karere cyangwa ku isi".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 12 ihinduka ingingo ya 9)

- 9 Nta muntu ushobora kwivanga ku bushake bwe bwite, umuryango, urugo, cyangwa inzandiko, cyangwa kwibasirwa icyubahiro n'icyubahiro. Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kurindwa n'abashinzwe umutekano mu karere cyangwa ku isi kwirinda kwivanga cyangwa ibitero.

Ingingo 13

Umwimerere

- 13.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwishyira ukizana no gutura mu mbizi za buri gihugu.
- 13.2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kuva mu gihugu icyo aricyo cyose, harimo n'igihugu cye, no gusubira mu gihugu cye.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 13 ni Kuri Ingingo 10;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "buri muntu";
- III. 13.1. Kubera ko ubusumbane mu bukungu bukurwaho na gahunda iriho y'ubucakara bw'amafaranga n'ubuke, nta mpamvu n'imwe isobanutse y'amafaranga yo kwimukira ahandi hantu. Birashoboka cyane ko abantu bazasubira mu nkomo yabo, kubera ko amafaranga yo kubura amafaranga yabuze;

- IV. 13.2: Irashobora gukurwaho kuko ntampamvu yo gukomeza imipaka kubantu. 10.1 izahinduka 10 gusa;

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 13 ihinduka ingingo ya 10)

- 10 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwishyira ukizana no gutura aho ariho hose ku isi, igihe cyose ibi bizaba biri mumabwiriza agenga igenamigambi ryimijyi nicyaro.

Ingingo 14

Umwimerere

- 14.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gushaka no kwishimira mu bindi bihugu ubuhungiro butotezwa.
- 14.2 Ubu burenganzira ntibushobora gukoreshwa mubushinjacyaha bukomoka ku byaha bitari ibya politiki cyangwa ku bikorwa binyuranye n'intego n'amahame y'umuryango w'abibumbye.

Impinduka

- I. Mu gihe abantu bimuka kandi bakaba batuye mu bwisanzure ku isi, kandi Umuryango w'abibumbye n'ibigo biyishamikiyeho byose bizasenywa, nim 14 irashobora kuvaho.

Ongerera usubiremo: Ingingo —
YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 15

Umwimerere

- 15.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira ku bwenegihugu.
- 15.2 Ntawe ushobora kwamburwa ubwenegihugu ku bushake cyangwa ngo yamburwe uburenganzira bwo guhindura ubwenegihugu bwe.

Impinduka

- I. Kubera ko abantu bashobora kwimuka no kubaho mu bwisanzure kwisi yose kandi amazina yigihugu afite ibisobanuro byikigereranyo, amateka, numuco gusa, ntuburenganzira bushobora gukomoka kumazina yigihugu. Yin 15 irashobora gukurwaho.

Ongerera usubiremo: Ingingo —
YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 16

Umwimerere

- 16.1 Abagabo n'abagore bafite imyaka yo gushyingirwa, nta mbogamizi zishingiye ku bwoko, ubwenegihugu, cyangwa idini, bafite uburenganzira bwo gushaka no gushinga umuryango. Bafite uburenganzira bungana nko gushyingirwa, mu gihe cyo gushyingirwa, no guseswa.
- 16.2 Ubukwe bugomba gukorwa gusa kubantu kandi byuzuye kubushake bwabashakanye.
- 16.3 Umuryango nigice gisanzwe kandi cyibanze cyumuryango kandi gifite uburenganzira bwo kurindwa na societe na leta.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 16 ni Kuri Ingingo 11;
- II. "Nta mbogamizi zishingiye ku bwoko, ubwenegihugu cyangwa idini" zishobora gusibwa, kubera ko ibi bimaze guteganywa mu ngingo ya 1;
- III. "Abakuze" bagomba gutomorwa bafite imyaka ntarengwa, urugero, 16, ariko uturere dushobora guhindura ibi bikagera kuri 16 kugeza kuri 21. Ibisobanuro byahinduka noneho: "imyaka ntarengwa yagenwe mukarere hagati ya 16 na 21.";
- IV. "Bafite uburenganzira bungana ku bijyanye no gushyingirwa, mu gihe cyo gushyingirwa, no guseswa." nayo yandikwa, kubera ko uburenganzira bungana bumaze guteganywa mu ngingo ya 1. Ikintu kigomba gukemurwa ni uko amategeko yo mu karere adashobora kugenga no kubahiriza uburenganzira butandukanye hagati y'abashakanye. Igisobanuro kiba: "Amategeko yo mu karere ntashobora guhungabanya uburenganzira bungana bw'abashakanye ku cyemezo cyo gushyingirwa, uburenganzira bwabo mu gihe cyo gushyingirwa, n'uburenganzira bwo gusesa abashakanye.";
- V. "Na societe na leta" ihindurwa "n'akarere".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 16 ihinduka ingingo ya 11)

- 11.1 Abagabo n'abagore bafite imyaka ntarengwa yashyizweho mu karere hagati ya 16 na 21 bafite uburenganzira bwo gushyingirwa no gushinga urugo. Amategeko yo mu karere ntashobora guhungabanya uburenganzira bungana bw'abashakanye ku cyemezo cyo gushyingirwa, uburenganzira bwabo mu gihe cyo gushyingirwa, n'uburenganzira bwo gusesa abashakanye.
- 11.2 Ubukwe bugomba gukorwa gusa kubuntu kandi byuzuye kubushake bwabashakanye.
- 11.3 Umuryango nigice gisanzwe kandi cyibanze cyumuryango kandi gifite uburenganzira bwo kurindwa nakarere.

Ingingo 17*Umwimerere*

- 17.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gutunga umutungo, yaba wenyine cyangwa afatanije nabandi.
- 17.2 Ntawe ushobora kwamburwa umutungo we uko bishakiye.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 17 ni Kuri Ingingo 12;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "buri muntu";
- III. "Ntawe" asimburwa na "Nta mugabo".
- IV. Hiyongereyeho gukumira monopoliya ku butaka cyangwa ku mutungo kamere: "Nta muntu ushobora gutunga umutungo kamere. Ibi bikubiyemo ubutaka n'ibintu byose bisanzwe biboneka muri bwo. Harimo kandi inzuzi, ibiyaga, n'inyanja, ikirere, ikirere, n'imibiri yose yo mu kirere. Gusa ibintu cyangwa ibikoreshe byakozwe cyangwa byakuwe n'abantu bishobora kuba iby'abantu. Amategeko y'imiterere y'imiterere y'imiterere y'imiterere y'abantu."

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 17 ihinduka ingingo ya 12)

12.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gutunga umutungo, haba kugiti cye no gufatanya nabandi.

12.2 Nta muntu ushobora kwamburwa umutungo we uko bishakiye.

12.3 Nta muntu ushobora gutunga umutungo kamere. Ibi birimo ubutaka nibintu bisanzwe biboneka muri byo. Harimo kandi inzuzi, ibiyaga, ninyanja, ikirere, umwanya, hamwe nimibiri yose yo mwijuru. Gusa ibintu cyangwa ibikoresho byakozwe cyangwa byakuwe nabantu bishobora gutunga abantu. Amatungo yororerwa mu rugo, yororerwa, cyangwa yafashwe hamwe n'ibimera byakuze mu rugo nabyo birashobora gutunga abantu. Amategako yo mu karere agenga inzira zihariye abantu bashobora gukoresha umutungo kamere.

Ingingo 18

Umwimerere

18 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwisanzura mu bitekerezo, umutimanama n'idini. Ubu burenganzira bukubiyemo umudendeze wo guhindura idini cyangwa imyizerere ye, n'ubwisanzure, bwonyine cyangwa mu muryango hamwe n'abandi ndetse no mu ruhame cyangwa rwigenga, bwo kwerekana idini rye cyangwa imyizerere ye mu kwigisha, mu bikorwa, gusenga no kubahiriza.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 18 ni Kuri Ingingo 13;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "buri muntu".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 18 ihinduka ingingo ya 13)

13 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwisanzura mu bitekerezo, umutimanama, no mu idini. Ubu burenganzira bukubiyemo umudendeze wo guhindura idini rye cyangwa imyizerere ye n'ubwisanzure, wenyine cyangwa mu muryango hamwe n'abandi ndetse no mu ruhame cyangwa rwigenga, kwerekana idini rye cyangwa imyizerere ye mu kwigisha, mu bikorwa, gusenga, no kubahiriza.

Ingingo 19

Umwimerere

19 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwisanzura mu bitekerezo no gutanga ibitekerezo. Ubu burenganzira bukubiyemo ubwisanzure bwo gutanga ibitekerezo nta nkomyi no gushaka, kwakira no gutanga amakuru n'ibitekerezo binyuze mu bitangazamakuru ibyo ari byo byose kandi tutitaye ku mipaka.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 19 ni Kuri Ingingo 14;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "buri muntu".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 19 ihinduka ingingo ya 14)

14 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwisanzura mu bitekerezo no gutanga ibitekerezo. Ubu burenganzira bukubiyemo ubwisanzure bwo gutanga ibitekerezo nta nkomyi no gushaka, kwakira, no gutanga amakuru n'ibitekerezo binyuze mu bitangazamakuru ibyo ari byo byose kandi tutitaye ku mipaka.

Ingingo 20

Umwimerere

20.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwishyira hamwe mu mahoro no kwishyira hamwe.

20.2 Nta muntu ushobora guhatirwa kuba mu ishyirahamwe.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 20 ni Kuri Ingingo 15;
- II. “Umuntu wese” asimburwa na “buri muntu”;
- III. “Ntawe” asimburwa na “Nta mugabo”;
- IV. “Amahoro” ntibisobanutse neza. “Ntabwo ari urugomo kandi rudahwitse” nibyiza, kuburyo bizahinduka.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 20 ihinduka ingingo ya 15)

15.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwubwisanzure bwo guterana no kwishyiriraho.

15.2 Nta muntu ugomba guhatirwa kuba mu ishyirahamwe.

Ingingo 21

Umwimerere

21.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kugira uruhare muri guverinoma y’igihugu cye, mu buryo butaziguye cyangwa binyuze mu bahagarariye abatoranijwe.

21.2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kubona serivisi zingana mu gihugu cye.

21.3 Ubushake bw’abaturage buzaba ishingiro ry’ubutegetsi bwa guverinoma. Ibi bizagaragarira mu matora y’igihe kandi nyayo, azakorwa n’amatora rusange kandi angana kandi akorwa n’amatora rwihishwa cyangwa inzira zihwanye no gutora ku buntu.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 21 ni Kuri Ingingo 16;
- II. “Umuntu wese” asimburwa na “buri muntu”;
- III. 21.1: “kugira uruhare muri guverinoma y’igihugu cy’umuntu” yahinduwe “kugira uruhare muri guverinoma y’akarere”;
- IV. 21.2: “mu gihugu cye” yahinduwe “mu karere atuyemo”;
- V. “Bizashiraho ishingiro ry’ububasha bwa guverinoma” bihindurwa “ni ishingiro ryonyine ry’ubutegetsi bw’akarere”;
- VI. “Bifitwe n’amatora yo ku isi yose kandi angana, no gutora rwihishwa cyangwa uburyo bwo gutora bungana ku buntu” bihindurwa “bikozwe n’uburyo bwo gutora mu mucyo kandi bwisanzuye”.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 21 ihinduka ingingo ya 16)

- 16.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kugira uruhare muri guverinoma yakarere, mu buryo butaziguye cyangwa binyuze mu bahagarariye abatoranijwe.
- 16.2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kubona serivisi zingana mu karere atuyemo.
- 16.3 Ubushake bw'abaturage ni ishingiro ryonyine ry'ubutegetsu bwa guverinoma y'akarere. Ibi bizagaragarira mu matora y'igihe kandi akwiye, azakorwa hakurikijwe inzira yo gutora mu mucyo kandi mu bwisanzure.

Ingingo 22

Umwimerere

- 22 Umuntu wese, nk'umunyamuryango wa sosiyete, afite uburenganzira bw'ubwiteganyirize kandi afite uburenganzira bwo kubigeraho, binyuze mu mbaraga z'igihugu n'ubufatanye mpuzamahanga kandi hakurikijwe imitunganyirize n'umutungo wa buri gihugu, uburenganzira bw'ubukungu, imibereho myiza n'umuco ntahara mu cyubahiro cye no guteza imbere ubwisanzure bwa kamere ye.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 22 ni Kuri Ingingo 17;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "buri muntu";
- III. 'Nkumunyamuryango wa societe' asibwe kuko bishobora gutera urujijo gusa;
- IV. "Ko binyuze mu mbaraga z'igihugu n'ubutwererane mpuzamahanga, kandi hakurikijwe imitunganyirize n'umutungo wa buri gihugu, uburenganzira bw'ubukungu, imibereho myiza n'umuco ntahara mu cyubahiro cyabwo no guteza imbere ubwisanzure bw'imiterere yabwo" busimburwa n'uko "uyu mutekano, binyuze mu mbaraga z'akarere, ari ngombwa ku cyubahiro cyawo no guteza imbere ubwisanzure bwa kamere".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 22 ihinduka ingingo ya 17)

- 17 Umuntu wese, nkumunyamuryango w'umuryango, afite uburenganzira bw'ubwiteganyirize kandi afite uburenganzira bwo kubona uwo mutekano binyuze mu mbaraga z'akarere zidakenewe kubera icyubahiro cye no guteza imbere ubwisanzure bwa kamere ye.

Ingingo 23

Umwimerere

- 23.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gukora, guhitamo akazi kubuntu, kumurimo mwiza kandi mwiza wakazi no kurinda ubushomeri.
- 23.2 Umuntu wese, nta vangura iryo ariryo ryose, afite uburenganzira bwo guhembwa kimwe kumurimo umwe.
- 23.3 Umuntu wese ukora afite uburenganzira bwo guhembwa neza kandi byiza byemeza kubaho bikwiye icyubahiro cya muntu kuri we n'umuryango we. Iyi mishahara izongerwaho, nibiba ngombwa, nubundi buryo bwo kurengera imibereho.
- 23.4 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gushinga no kwinjira mu mashyirahamwe y'abakozi kugira ngo arengere inyungu ze.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 23 ni Kuri Ingingo 18;
- II. “Umuntu wese” asimburwa na “buri muntu”;
- III. 18.2 “Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira, nta vangura, umushahara ungana ku murimo ungana.” izavaho kuko itesha agaciro amahame yo gushaka no guhana ku bushake;
- IV. 18.3 “Umuntu wese ukora afite uburenganzira bwo guhembwa mu buryo buboneye kandi bwiza kugira ngo we n'umuryango we babeho bikwiye icyubahiro cya muntu, byuzuzwa, nibiba ngombwa, hakoreshejwe ubundi buryo bwo kurengera imibereho.” bizasibwa, kuko bitesha agaciro amahame yo guhana kubushake.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 23 ihinduka ingingo ya 18)

- 18.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gukora, guhitamo akazi kubuntu, kumurimo ukwiye kandi mwiza no kurinda ubushomeri.
- 18.2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo gushinga no kwinjira mu mashyirahamwe y'abakozi kugira ngo arengere inyungu ze.

Ingingo 24*Umwimerere*

- 24 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kuruhuka no kwidagadura, harimo kugabanya amasaha y'akazi n'ikiruhuko cy'igihe gito ahembwa.

Impinduka

- I. Kuberako ubwiteganyirize bwinjijwe muri sisitemu yimyitwarire, imy 24 ntabwo ari ngombwa kandi izavaho.

Ongera usubiremo: Ingingo —
YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 25*Umwimerere*

- 25.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kubaho mu buryo buhagije ku buzima no ku mibereho ye ndetse n'umuryango we, harimo ibiryo, imyambaro, amazu, ubuvuzi ndetse na serivisi zikenewe mu mibereho, ndetse n'uburenganzira ku mutekano mu gihe habaye ubushomeri, uburwayi, ubumuga, ubupfakazi, ubusaza cyangwa ibindi bidafite ubuzima mu bihe bitamuturutseho.
- 25.2 Ababyeyi n'abana bafite uburenganzira bwo kwitabwaho no gufashwa bidasanzwe. Abana bose, baba abavukiye cyangwa batashyingiranywe, bafite uburinzi bumwe.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 25 ni Kuri Ingingo 19;
- II. “Umuntu wese” asimburwa na “buri muntu”;
- III. “Kurengera imibereho” bizagurwa kugira ngo “guverinoma y'akarere”.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 25 ihinduka ingingo ya 19)

- 19.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kubaho mu buryo buhagije ku buzima no ku mibereho ye ndetse n'umuryango we, harimo ibiryo, imyambaro, amazu, ubuvuzi ndetse na serivisi zikenewe mu mibereho, ndetse n'uburenganzira ku mutekano mu gihe habaye ubushomeri, uburwayi, ubumuga, ubupfakazi, ubusaza cyangwa ibindi bidafite ubuzima mu bihe bitamuturutseho.
- 19.2 Ababyeyi n'abana bafite uburenganzira bwo kwitabwaho no gufashwa. Abana bose, baba abavukiye cyangwa batashyingiranywe, bafite uburenganzira bumwe bwo kurengera leta y'akarere.

Ingingo 26

Umwimerere

- 26.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwiga. Uburezi bugomba kuba ubuntu, byibuze kurwego rwibanze nibanze. Amashuri y'ibanze agomba kubahirizwa. Amashuri yubuhanga n'imyuga agomba kuboneka muri rusange, kandi amashuri makuru agomba kugera kuri bese kimwe, ashingiye kubikorwa.
- 26.2 Uburezi bugamije iterambere ryuzuye ryimiterere yumuntu no gushimangira kubahiriza uburenganzira bwa muntu nubwisanzure bwibanze. Itezimbere ubwumvikane, ubworoherane, nubucuti mubantu bese, amoko cyangwa amadini, kandi ikomeza ibikorwa byumuryango w'abibumbye bigamije kubungabunga amahoro.
- 26.3 Ababyeyi bafite uburenganzira bwibanze bwo guhitamo amashuri abana babo bashaka kwiga.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 26 ni Kuri Ingingo 20;
- II. "Umuntu wese" asimburwa na "buri muntu";
- III. "Amashuri abanza ni itegeko" ni menshi, kuko asanzwe ari uburenganzira bwa muntu. Tuzabisimbuza: "Ababyeyi cyangwa abarezi bategekwa kureba niba abana biga amashuri abanza.";
- IV. 26.2 Irashobora gukurwaho kuko uburezi ntabwo aribwo buryo bwo gucengeza, ahubwo bugenewe gusa kwigisha. Ninshingano zababyeyi guteza imbere imico yabana babo;
- V. "Uburenganzira bukera" busimburwa n "uburenganzira bwihariye".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 26 ihinduka ingingo ya 20)

- 20.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwiga. Uburezi bugomba kuba ubuntu, byibuze binyuze mumashuri abanza nayisumbuye. Ababyeyi cyangwa abarezi bategekwa kureba niba abana babo bahabwa uburezi bwibanze. Amashuri ya tekiniki n'imyuga agomba kuboneka muri rusange, kandi amashuri makuru agomba kuba angana kuri bese, ashingiye kubikorwa.
- 20.2 Ababyeyi bafite uburenganzira bwihariye bwo guhitamo amashuri abana bahabwa.

Ingingo 27

Umwimerere

- 27.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwishora mubuzima bwumuco bwabaturage, kwishimira ubuhanzi no gusangira iterambere ryubumenyi ninyungu zaryo.
- 27.2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kurengera inyungu zumuco nubutunzi biva mubikorwa byose bya siyansi, ubuvanganzo cyangwa ubuhanzi akaba ari we wanditse.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 27 ni Kuri Ingingo 21;
- II. “Umuntu wese” asimburwa na “buri muntu”;
- III. Patent hamwe nuburenganzira ni ishingiro ryibibi byinshi byabaturage. Kimwe no guhunika amafaranga nubutaka, guhunika umutungo wubwenge bigomba kubuzwa kugira ngo amakuru atangwe mu mucyo kandi mu mucyo, birinda imigambi mibisha myinshi kandi isenya. Ibi bivuze gukuraho imvugo “nibikoreshe” mu ngingo ya 27.2. Ubu buryo, umwanditsi arashobora gusaba nyirubwite no gukusanya ubwishyu kubushake, ariko ntibashobora kurinda akazi kabo kwigana no kumenyekana.

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 27 ihinduka ingingo ya 21)

- 21.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwisanzura mubuzima bwumuco bwabaturage, kwishimira ubuhanzi no gusangira iterambere ryubumenyi ninyungu zaryo.
- 21.2 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira bwo kurengera inyungu zumuco zikomoka kubikorwa bya siyansi, ubuvanganzo cyangwa ubuhanzi akaba ari we wanditse.

Ingingo 28

Umwimerere

- 28.1 Umuntu wese afite uburenganzira ku mibereho n’amahanga mpuzamahanga aho uburenganzira n’ubwisanzure bivugwa muri iri tangazo bishobora kugerwaho byuzuye.

Impinduka

- I. Ntibikenewe ko habaho gahunda mbonezamubano n’amahanga usibye iy’ubutegetsu bw’akarere n’umuryango utegamiye kuri leta / umuryango w’amahoro / kubungabunga amahoro. Bimaze kugaragara ko buri muntu afite uburenganzira bwashobanuwe haruguru, rero 28 28 ntabwo ari ngombwa. Bizakurwaho.

Ongera usubiremo: Ingingo —
YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 29

Umwimerere

- 29.1 Umuntu wese afite inshingano kubaturage, kandi muri uyu muryango gusa ni iterambere ryisanzuye kandi ryuzuye ryimiterere ye birashoboka.
- 29.2 Mu gukoresha uburenganzira bwe n’ubwisanzure, buri wese agomba gukurikiza gusa imbogamizi zigenwa n’amategeko hagamijwe gusa kumenyekana no kubahiriza uburenganzira n’ubwisanzure bw’abandi no kubahiriza ibisabwa bikwiye mu myifatire, umutekano rusange n’imibereho rusange muri sosiyete ishingiyeye kuri demokarasi.

29.3 Ubwo burenganzira n'ubwisanzure ntibishobora na rimwe gukoreshwa binyuranyije n'intego n'amahame y'umuryango w'abibumbye.

Impinduka

- I. Yin 29 ntabwo ari ngombwa, kuko ishaka gusa kwemeza Umuryango w'abibumbye n'ibikorwa byayo. Bizakurwaho.

Ongerera usubiremo
YASOHOTSE

Ingingo 30

Umwimerere

30.1 Nta kintu na kimwe muri iri tangazo gishobora gusobanurwa ko bivuze ko Leta, itsinda cyangwa umuntu uwo ari we wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwishora mu gikorwa icyo ari cyo cyose cyangwa gukora igikorwa icyo ari cyo cyose kigamije kwangiza uburenganzira n'ubwisanzure ubwo ari bwo bwose buvugwa muri iri tangazo.

Impinduka

- I. Ingingo 30 ni Kuri Ingingo 22;
- II. "Leta" isimburwa n'"akarere".

Yasubiwemo (Ingingo ya 30 ihinduka ingingo ya 22)

22 Nta kintu na kimwe muri iri tangazo gishobora gusobanurwa ko bivuze ko akarere, itsinda cyangwa umuntu uwo ari we wese afite uburenganzira bwo kwishora mu bikorwa cyangwa gukora ibikorwa bigamije kwangiza uburenganzira n'ubwisanzure ubwo ari bwo bwose buvugwa muri iri tangazo.

9.1.1 Umwanzuro Kubyerekeye Itangazo Mpuzamahanga ry'Uburenganzira Bwa Muntu

UDHR ni urugero rwiza rwo gushingiraho verisiyo ishimishije ya UDHR, UDHR nshya izaba ishingiro rya buri sisitemu nshya yemewe ikoresheye mu turere twose twisi. Birumvikana ko amategeko menshi yabanje gutegurwa hubahirijwe guverinoma nini n'umuryango w'abibumbye. Kubwibyo, verisiyo nshya ni ngufi cyane kandi idasobanutse neza. Inyinshi mu mvugo idasobanutse muri Umw was yakoreshejwe mu gushyigikira no kurinda Umuryango w'abibumbye na guverinoma n'ibigo birengera ba nyiri banki nkuru. Impinduka muri UDHR muriyi nyandiko yerekana akamaro ko kureka uburiganya no gukoresha ibice byiza bisigaye byari bikubiyemo kubanza kwemeza abantu kwakira verisiyo yose y'umuryango w'abibumbye.

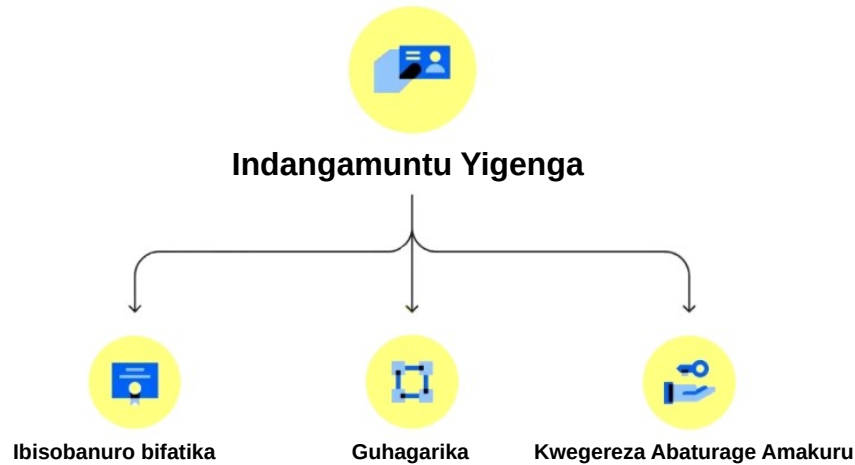
9.2 Indangamuntu Yigenga

Ubwa mbere, reka turebe uko [Wikipedia](#) isobanura indangamuntu yigenga:

Indangamuntu yigenga nuburyo bwo kumenya indangamuntu itanga abantu kugenzura amakuru bakoresha kugirango berekane umwirondoro wabo kurubuga, serivisi, hamwe nibisabwa kurubuga. Hatariho kwigenga, abantu bafite konti (indangamuntu) zihoraho kuri interineti bagomba kwishyigikira kubantu bake batanga indangamuntu, nka Facebook (Facebook ihuza) na Google (Google-In-Google), igenzura amakuru ajyanye nindangamuntu yabo. Niba umukoresha ahiseho kudakoresha indangamuntu nkuru, bagomba gukora konti nshya hamwe na buri serivise itanga, bagabanya uburambe bwurubuga. Indangamuntu yigenga itanga uburyo bwo kwirinda ubundi buryo bubiri butifuzwa. Muri sisitemu yigenga yigenga, uyikoreshe yunguka serivisi muburyo bworoshye kandi butekanye mugihe agumana kugenzura amakuru ajyanye nindangamuntu yabo.

Nibyiza, ibyo nibisobanuro birebire cyane hamwe nibisobanuro byinshi. Kuki?

Noneho reka turebe uburyo sosiyete nka [Dock.io](#), yubaka ibyangombwa byemewe na tekinoroji yo kwigenga, ikoresha ibisobanuro bya Wikipedia. Dock.io ihuza ibyangombwa byemezwa nindangamuntu yigenga muburyo bwerekanwa kuri iyi shusho:



Ibyangombwa bifatika, guhagarika, hamwe no kwegereza ubuyobozi amakuru ni inkingi eshatu zo kwigenga. Muri iki cyitegererezo, "ibyangombwa byemezwa" birashobora gutangwa na serivisi za pasiporo cyangwa kaminuza, bigatuma umuntu ku giti cye akoresha ibyo byangombwa kandi akitwa "kwigenga."

Ikibazo Hamwe Iki Gisobanuro

Bite ho mugihe Serivisi ya Passeport cyangwa Kaminuza ihagaritse cyangwa igahagarika "amakuru yemewe"? icyo gihe, umuntu agomba gushyira uburyo bushya bwo kwerekana umwirondoro we. Kandi bigenda bite iyo umuntu ashaka kureka umwirondoro we no gukora indangamuntu yuzuye? icyo gihe, biragaragara ko umuntu adafite ubushobozi nyabwo kumuranga. Indangamuntu yumuntu igenzurwa na leta na banki zitanga amakuru yukuri. Hatariho pasiporo cyangwa indangamuntu, ntibishoboka kubona serivisi zimari, kuburyo bidashoboka kubaho.

Intego yumuntu wigenga ntabwo ari (nkuko Wiki wabishakaga) kugirango "ugenzure amakuru ari umwirondoro wawe." Indangamuntu yigenga isobanura ko wowe - kandi ntawundi - ufite kugenzura ibintu byose biranga. Iyo wigenga, ibi bivuze ko nta bigo "byizewe" bitabira sisitemu yo kugenzura mugihe umuntu agusabye "kwerekana" umwirondoro wawe.

Igisobanuro Cyukuri

Ibisobanuro byakoreshejwe kuri Wiki ntabwo aribyo. Ntabwo yerekeranye namakuru ajyanye nindangamuntu yawe yemewe. Byerekeranye nindangamuntu ubwayo Namakuru yose ajyanye nayo. Nasobanura indangamuntu yigenga ku buryo bukurikira:

Indangamuntu Yigenga ni indangamuntu nashizeho kubwaniye gusa kandi ko nshobora guhinduka rwose, igihe icyo ari cyo cyose, nta muntu ubyemerewe. Indangamuntu Yigenga Yukuri nimwe aho mbwira gusa uwo ndiwe, kandi nabandi bireba niba banyizera uwo mvuga ko ndi. Kandi bamenya bate? Gusa kubera ko bambonye, bahuye, cyangwa bazi abandi bahuye bakambwira ibyanyije.

Igisobanuro Yumuntu Wigenga Wenyine Ni Ngombwa

Twese tumenyerereye ayo mashusho ya firime aho abapolisi bo mubudage bwa fashiste cyangwa Ubushinwa bwa gikomunisiti basaba impapuro zabo kubenegihugu kumihanda yose. Urwitwazo buri gihe ni ukurinda abo baturage bogeymen, mugihe impamvu nyayo ari uko bashakaga

kwerekana uwabishinzwe kandi bakamenya aho buri wese aherereye, byoroshye kurinda leta abaturage bayo.

Icyakora, abapolisi bagomba gukorera abaturage mumihanda, haba kubasiga bonyine cyangwa kubafasha. Gusa iyo abantu bitwaye nabi abapolisi bagomba gutabara, ndetse no muri icyo gihe, indangamuntu ntigomba kugira icyo itwara.

Kimwe kijyanye no kuranga kumurongo. Tumaze imyaka 30 tubana neza na enterineta. Niba abantu bitwaye nabi, hari amahirwe menshi yo kugira icyo ubikoraho. Ubwisanzure buzanwa n'inshingano. Umugani uragira uti: "Iyo uretse umudendeze kubera umutekano, uba ubuze byombi." Cyangwa, nkuko Benjamin Franklin yabivuze:

Ati: "Uheba umudendeze wa ngombwa wo kugura umutekano w'agateganyo ntabwo akwiye umudendeze cyangwa umutekano."

"Kuba umutegetsigira" bivuze ko ugomba kubanza kugarura byuzuye umwirondoro wawe. Ntukemere ko hagira umuntu uyobora umwirondoro wawe. Nkumuntu wigenga, wenyine wenyine ugena umwirondoro wawe nicyo ukora kugirango utere abandi ikizere. Aho niho ubwisanzure butangirira, kandi ntidukwiye kubifata nabi.

Ubwisanzure Mu By'Amafaranga

Tugomba kandi kugarura ubwisanzure mu bijyanye n'amafaranga, kubera ko kuri ubu bwibasiwe cyane n'abanyamabanki na guverinoma. Sisitemu yimari ntakindi kirenze sisitemu y'ibaturamari ikurikirana kandi ikorohereza urujya n'uruza rw'ibicuruzwa na serivisi. Ariko, ibaturamari rifitanye isano nimiterere yabantu. Kugeza ubu, indangamuntu zikoreshwa n'amabanki na guverinoma ntabwo zigenga na gato, zibemerera kwibasira umudendeze.

Tugomba rero gukora iperereza niba bishoboka kugira sisitemu nshya yimari ikoresha indangamuntu yigenga. Tugomba gukora iperereza kuburyo sisitemu yimari ikora mugihe ishingiye rwose kubiranga ubwigenge.

Niba utekerezaga sisitemu nkiyi, irasa nkiyi. Muri sisitemu aho buri wese agira uruhare rungana mugushyira amafaranga, umuntu ahitamo guhindura indangamuntu. Uyu muntu ashobora gukoresha ibiceri byabo byose, agatangira indangamuntu nshya, bityo akakira amafaranga mashya yo gutangira ibiceri.

Urebye neza, uko ibintu bimeze ntabwo ari byiza. Nyamara, ni akarengane cyane kuruta uko wabitekereza. Mugihe ufite sisitemu aho buriwese ashobora kugenzura amateka yumuntu, urashobora kandi kubona ko umuntu yaremye indangamuntu ya vuba. Kubona ibi bivuze ko ukeneye igihe cyo kubaka ikizere muri uwo muntu. Bizatwara igihe kugirango abandi bantu bamenye neza uwo muntu kandi bemere ibiceri byabo.

Iyo sisitemu nayo ikoresha demurrage (guta agaciro byikora), guhindura umwirondoro wawe biba byiza cyane. Demurrage igabanya cyane agaciro k'ibiceri. Ibi bivuze ko ibiceri byumuntu ufite indangamuntu nshya bigabanuka agaciro mugihe bibatwara kubaka ikizere gishya.

Gutangira indangamuntu nshya birasa nkaho byoroshye, ariko kubaka ikizere muri sisitemu yimari aho amateka yawe magufi arimo kugenzurwa birashobora gufata igihe kinini.

Umwanzuro Kubereye Kwigenga

Indangamuntu ikomeye yigenga yigisha abantu kwizera imitekerereze yabo ya muntu aho kwishingikiriza kuri sisitemu ya leta cyangwa "Big Tech". Hamwe na sisitemu yimari, indangamuntu ikomeye yo kwigenga izaha abantu umudendeze nyawo, kuko nta kigo kinini na

kimwe gishobora kugenzura urwego rwimari. Mw'isi isanzwe ifite amafaranga menshi, ubwisanzure mu bijyanye n'amafaranga ni ngombwa nk'ubwisanzure rusange. Indangamuntu ikomeye yo kwigenga ifasha abantu kwiga kwizerana, bigomba kuba intandaro ya sisitemu yimari iyo ari yo yose. Kubwibyo, twizera ko guhitamo indangamuntu ikomeye yo kwigenga ari ngombwa cyane, gusa kuberako kwizerana kwukuri hagati yabantu ari ngombwa mugushinga umuryango wigenga kandi utekanye.

9.3 Uburenganzira Karemano

Hirya no hino ku isi, umwenda ukurwaho kuri ruswa igaragara ya guverinoma ifatanya n'amabanki n'ubucuruzi bukomereye bwo gukungahaza no kurinda itsinda rito ryishyuye abaturage basanzwe. Nta na rimwe mu mateka iyi myitwarire y'ubugizi bwa nabi yashyizwe ahagaragara vuba na bwangu. Iyi genie ntizasubira mu icupa. Ikibazo gikomeye, ariko, ni iki: ubu tugiye gukora iki?



9.3.1 Audi Alteram Partem

Reka tubanze dufungure inzira yo gukorera mu mucyo. Audi Alteram Partem mu mategeko yubutegets ikubiyemo igitekerezo cyibanze cyuko impande zombi mu makimbirane zigomba kuburanishwa mbere yuko hafatwa icyemezo. Iremeza ubutabera, gukorera mu mucyo, n'uburenganzira bwo kuburanishwa mu buryo buboneye mu manza no mu ngamba z'ubuyobozi. Muguha buri shyaka amahirwe yo kwerekana aho rihagaze, Audi Alteram Partem yubahiriza amahame yuburinganire, irinda ubwigenge, kandi iteza imbere kugendera kumategeko.

Ihame rya Audi Alteram Partem nigice cyibanze cyubutabera karemano nuburyo bukwiye. Ibyingenzi byingenzi ni:

Kumenyesha

Icyitonderwa nikintu cyibanze cyubutabera karemano kandi cyemeza ko amashyaka amenyeshwa igikorwa icyo aricyo cyose kibashinje. Iha abantu amahirwe yo gusubiza no kwirwanaho. Hatabimenyeshejwe neza, icyemezo cyangwa icyemezo cyakurikiyeho gifatwa nkubusa guhera.

Uburenganzira bwo kubimenyesha ni ngombwa kuko butuma abantu basobanukirwa ukuri n'ibirego baregwa mbere y'iburanisha. Imenyekanisha rigomba kuba rikubiyemo amakuru y'ingenzi, nk'itariki, isaha, n'aho iburanisha ryabereye, ndetse n'ububasha bw'urubanza ruzanwa. Byongeye kandi, ibirego n'ibikorwa biteganijwe ku muntu bigomba kuvugwa neza. Kunanirwa gutanga ibisobanuro birambuye bituma itangazo ritemewe.

Kumva

Kumva neza ni ikindi kintu cy'ingenzi cy'ihame ryo guhangana. Iremeza ko ababuranyi bafite amahirwe yo gutanga ikirego cyabo no kuburanishwa mbere yuko hafatwa icyemezo. Iyo umutegetsu atanze icyemezo atabanje kwerekana ko umuburanyi aburanisha mu buryo buboneye, icyemezo gifatwa nk'icyemewe.

Icyemezo

Ibimenyetso ngingo yingenzi mubikorwa byose byemewe n'amategeko kandi bigomba gutangwa mugihe impande zombi zihari. Inzego z'ubucamanza cyangwa iz'ubucamanza zishingiye ku bimenyetso byatanze. Amakuru ayo ari yo yose, nk'ibihano byabanje, urukiko rushobora gushingiraho rudahaye umuburanyi amahirwe yo kubihakana bigomba kumenyeshwa umuburanyi ubigizemo uruhare.

Kubazwa

Kubaza ibibazo ni igice cy'ingenzi mubikorwa byemewe n'amategeko. Iremera ababuranyi kunenga ibimenyetso babashinje.

Guhagararirwa n'amategeko

Guhagararirwa mu mategeko ntabwo buri gihe bifatwa nkibyingenzi kugirango habeho ubutabera buboneye mu manza z'ubuyobozi, ariko birashobora kugira ingaruka zikomeye ku bushobozi bw'ishyamba bwo kumva no kuyobora inzira zemewe n'amategeko. Mu bihe bimwe na bimwe, kwima uburenganzira bwo guhagararirwa mu mategeko bishobora kuba ukurenga ku butabera karemano.

Ibidasanzwe Kuri Audi Alteram Partem

Amategeko ya alteram partem mumategeko yubutegetsu ntabwo akoresheje kwisi yose kandi arashobora gukumirwa mubihe bimwe na bimwe mugihe bidafite intego ifatika. Uku guhezwa ntabwo gutandukana n'ihame ry'ubutabera karemano, ahubwo ni ukumenya ko ibisabwa kugira ngo iburanisha ryemewe rishobora kuba bitari ngombwa cyangwa bidashoboka mu bihe bimwe na bimwe.

Kwirengagiza byemewe n'amategeko

Kwirengagiza mu buryo bwemewe n'amategeko bibaho icyo amategeko akurikizwa adateganya neza iburanisha cyangwa atavuze ishyirwa mu bikorwa ry'amahame y'ubutabera karemano. Mu bihe nk'ibi, urukiko rushobora gushyigikira iryo hohoterwa, igihe cyose ritaviriyemo akarengane cyangwa ubwigenge.

Ariko, niba guhezwa kubushake, bidafite ishingiro, cyangwa kurenganya, birashobora gutotezwa.

Imikorere y'amategeko

Imikorere y'amategeko, ikubiyemo gushyiraho amategeko rusange cyangwa amategeko rusange, ntishobora gusaba iburanisha ku giti cye kuko yibanda ku nyungu rusange aho kwibanda ku bantu runaka. Mu buryo nk'ubwo, ibikorwa by'ubuyobozi bifite ububasha kandi bitabangamiye uburenganzira bwa muntu ntibishobora kuburanishwa ku mugaragaro.

Icyakora, niba gukuraho amahame y'ubutabera karemano biganisha ku gufatwa nabi cyangwa kurenganya, inkiko zishobora kugira icyo zikora kugira ngo ubutabera n'ubutabera bibe.

Ntibishoboka

Kudashoboka nimpamvu yemewe yo gukuraho ikoresheje ryamategeko ya Audi Alteram Partem mumategeko yubutegetsu. Ibi bivuze ko, nubwo ihame ryubutabera karemano risaba amahirwe yo kumva neza, hari aho bidashoboka. Mu bihe nk'ibi, amategeko arashobora gukurwaho.

Umwanzuro Kubijyanye Na Audi Alteram Partem

Audi Alteram Partem, nk'ihame ry'ubutabera karemano, ikubiyemo ishingiro ry'ubutabera n'inzira ikwiye mu manza. Igitekerezo gishingiye ku gitekerezo cy'ibanze kivuga ko impande zose zigomba kugira amahirwe yo gutanga ikirego cyazo no gusubiza ibirego mbere yuko hafatwa icyemezo.

Intego ya Audi Alteram Partem mu mategeko yubutegetsigi ikubiyemo uburenganzira bwo kumenyesha, kuburanishwa mu buryo buboneye, gutanga ibimenyetso, kubaza ibibazo, no guhagararira amategeko. Nubwo hari ibitemewe kubishyira mu bikorwa, nko mu bihe bidashoboka cyangwa ubuyobozi bushinzwe amategeko, Parti ya Audi Alteram ikomeje kuba ingenzi mu kubahiriza ubutabera, gukumira ibyemezo bidahwitse, no gukorera mu mucyo no mu mucyo mu nzego z'amategeko ku isi.



9.3.2 Guhagarika Amakuru

Kunyereza ibimenyetso bifitanye isano na Audi Alteram Partem. Iyo umuntu cyangwa ikigo gihinduye, gihisha, kibeshya, cyangwa gisenya ibimenyetso hagamijwe guhagarika iperereza, ni icyaha cyinshinjabyaha mu nkiko nyinshi. Niba guhisha amakuru ari "icyaha cyinshinjabyaha," ubu rero ntagushidikanya ko leta hafi ya zose (cyane cyane leta zunzubumwe z'Amerika, Ubwongereza, n'Ubumwe bw'Uburayi) zibuza nkana amakuru y'ingenzi nk'abaturage kandi zigakora zitabanje kubihirwa uruhushya n'abatora.

Tekereza ku makuru yatangajwe na [USAID](#), ibyemezo by'igitugu by'ubumwe bw'ibihugu by'Uburayi byo kongera imashini y'intambara no guteza intambara ya gatatu y'isi yose, kabone niyo utabajije neza abafatanyabikorwa bayo bo muri Amerika muri Amerika, ndetse n'uruhare rw'inzego z'ubutasi mu iyicwa ry'abanyapolitiki benshi cyangwa guhirika leta nyinshi, harimo na Ukraine.

Noneho bimaze kugaragara ko guverinoma zidakorera abaturage bazo - ahubwo ni inyungu za ba nyiri banki nkuru hamwe n'amasosiyete manini ajyanye nayo (nka Big Tech, Big Pharma, uruganda rukora inganda n'inganda, Ubuhinzi bunini, twavuga nka bake) - igihe kirageze cyo gusaba ubutabera. Tugomba kumenya uburyo ayo mashyamba yose amaze kuvugwa yemeye kandi ashobora kuba yaragize uruhare muri iyi ruswa nini, nuburyo ababishinzwe bagomba guhanwa.

Ibi bigomba kubaho mu buryo busa na Corona-Ausschuss wa Reiner Füllmich, ariko bigaragara ko ari ngombwa, kuko bidasaba gusa ibisobanuro kuri ruswa mu gihe cy'icyorezo, ahubwo binakemura ibibazo bya ruswa muri rusange byakozwe na guverinoma zose hamwe n'imiryango n'imiryango bifitanye isano.

9.3.3 Ibanga Ni Virusi Ya Ruswa

Ndetse na mbere yuko iburanisha ritangira, dushobora gufata imyanzuro myinshi: ibanga rya guverinoma, amabanki, n'amasosiyete manini ni igifuniko cyemerera ruswa kwiyoungera. Ntabwo twari dukwiye kwemerera leta guhisha ibimenyetso.

Ariko ibanga rya patenti naryo riba ishingiro ryibibazo byinshi byinshinjabyaha byashobokaga gusa kuko ababikoze bari bemerewe "guhisha ibimenyetso."

Mw'isi nshya iteganijwe, aya mategeko y'ibanga ntagomba kongera kwihanganira. Ibi bivuze, mubindi, ko amafaranga yimari yose agomba kuba mucyo kuri buri wese (nkuko tubyunganira mumushinga wa 1CoinH). Byongeye kandi, ntihakagombye kubaho ubundi burinzi bushingiye kuri patenti cyangwa ubundi buryo butuma ikoranabuhanga ryibanga. Mu buryo nk'ubwo, urufatiro hamwe n'abagenerwabikorwa rwihishwa ntirukwiye kubaho. Gushiraho gukorera mu mucyo bisobanura kandi ko uburyo bwose bwo kugenzura bugomba kuvaho burundu. Impamvu imwe rukumbi yuburyo ubwo aribwo bwose bwo kugenzura ni uguhisha ibyaha (bishoboka) byabari kubutegets. Igenzura ni cyo kimenyetso cyerekana igitugu. Abantu bakeneye kurindwa ubugenzuzi, ntabwo ari ubuswa. Uburezi bwiza nuburizi bwonyine abantu bakeneye kubusa, ntakindi.

9.3.4 Imisoro Irashobora Gusa Kubushake

Sisitemu yimisoro iriho nayo isanzwe ari icyaha. Umusoro nibyiza mugihe cyose ari ubwumvikane. Mu isi ibangikanye, imisoro ntishobora gukurikizwa ku ngufu. Ntagushidikanya ko abantu bazishimira kwishyura ibikorwa bifasha umuryango wabo, mugihe babanje kubanza kubona ibyo bakeneye.

Urashobora kandi gukoresha filozofiya yo "kwima ibimenyetso cyangwa gukorera mu mucyo" kumisoro. Igihe cyose ntashobora kubona neza imisoro ikoreshe, sinshobora kuyishyura. Mubyukuri, ndashaka kumenya neza icyo imisoro nishyura ikoreshe. Noneho, niba ntashaka asfati nshya cyangwa ikigega cy'ingwe cyiyongereye, ndashaka kumenya neza ko amafaranga yimisoro adakoreshe kuri ibyo bintu. Ni umufatanyabikorwa wanjye wubucuruzi (guverinoma, kubijyanye n'imisoro) kunyereka neza ibibera. Niba badashoboye, nta kwishyura. Imisoro ntigomba gukusanywa hifashishijwe iterabwoba (abapolisi).

Guverinoma zishobora kwemeza abandi binyuze kumugaragar. Hamwe nizi nyandiko zose zahinduwe zerekeye "ibyifuzo bya leta bifungura," biragaragara ko leta zidashoboye rwose kuzuza inshingano zazo zo gukorera mu mucyo. Tutibagiwe n'amafaranga ateye ubwoba kubikorwa byabo byibanga. Rero, hariho impamvu zihagiye zo guhagarika kwishyura imisoro kuko umufatanyabikorwa wubucuruzi ahisha, ahindura, kandi asenya ibimenyetso byukuntu amafaranga yanjye yakoreshejwe kugirango mpishe ibikorwa byabo byuburiganya. Ubu

biragaragara neza ko twe - abaturage - tutigeze twemera ibyo byaha byakozwe na guverinoma zacu.

Nubwo benshi mu gihugu cyanyije bemeza ko ari byiza ko guverinoma yabo yiba umutungo wanyije ku gahato, mfite uburenganzira bwo kubyangira. Habeas Corpus igira uruhare muri ibi, nayo iri mu "mategeko ya kamere." icy'ingenzi ariko, ariko, ibikorwa byose mubuzima bigomba kumvikana. Muri gahunda yacu yimisoro iriho, ubwumvikane ntibuhari rwose, cyane cyane ko tumaze kumenya ko leta zacu zononekaye rwose kandi zatewe inkunga cyane kandi zatojwe guhisha, guhindura, no gusenya ibimenyetso byose byibyaha byabo. Kubeshya umubare munini wabaturage bawe ntabwo byemewe guhatira umuntu kwishyura.



Ubushake

9.3.5 Umukino Urangiye

Iyo "abenegihugu" bavugaga bati: "Ntacyo mfite cyo guhisha guverinoma yanyije cyangwa Big Tech," inzira nziza yo guhangana ni, "Ayo magambo avugaga ukuri gusa niba ufite guverinoma nayo idafite icyo ihisha."

Gukorera mu mucyo nukuri inzira yonyine yo kuva muri ako kagari. Ubu turabona ko uramutse wemereye abantu bose (harimo na guverinoma) guhisha ibikorwa byabo, uzarangirira rwose mu gihirahiro tubayemo muri iki gihe: umuryango ugomba gutanga ubuzima bwawe bwose kuri guverinoma n'amabanki, mu gihe abantu babigusabye (ba nyir'ubwite na guverinoma bagenzura) bazaguhisha byose, harimo amakuru nyayo, ubumenyi nyabwo, ubukungu nyabwo, n'umutekano nyawo.

Ibyo bigomba guhinduka. Nta kundi twabigenza uretse guhindura iyi gahunda, kubera ko leta ubu zishaka ko twemera ko Intambara ya gatatu y'isi yose ari yo yonyine ishobora kudukiza bogeyman. Abantu benshi ntibakizera ibyo binyoma, kuko ubu biragaragara ko abafite sisitemu aribo bonyine bakeneye Intambara ya gatatu yisi yose kugirango bahishe ibyaha byabo igihe gito. Bakeneye igihe cyinyongera kugirango baduhatire kwiubakira gereza yacu. Ariko biratinze. Abantu benshi cyane babona binyuze muriyi gahunda. Genie ntizasubira mu icupa. Benshi cyane bazitegura gusiga sisitemu yo kubeshya no kugoreka inyuma.

Ubutabera buzatsinda.
Umukino urarangiye.



9.4 Umwanzuro Kubijyanye n'Amategeko

Ibikorwa byiza byinshi byakozwe mu bihe byashize bijyanye n'uburenganzira bwa muntu, ubusugire, n'amategeko kamere. Abaturage bireba guhindura ibi mubukire bwimico yabo. Ni ngombwa ko ubu twumva kandi uburyo leta zononekaye kandi zikoreshwa nabi, nuburyo abatsinze batagaragara. Tuzi kandi uburyo badushishikariza urwango n'amakimbirane. Ubu tuzi uburyo batwinjije, binjira muri societe, kandi barema ubukene bwa artile. Gusa ikintu kitigeze gihimbano ni imibabaro yabantu basanzwe.

Kubwamahirwe, ubu dufite gusobanukirwa nuburyo bwo kutazigera twemera ko ubu buriganya bwongera kubaho. Kubwanjye kubwanjye, birahagije kwereka buri wese inzira yo kwitandukanya nigihe kizaza cya dystopiya iteye ubwoba abatsinze badutegurira. Ariko, abandi bose ni bo bamenyeshwa neza kandi bagategura aho batuye ubwabo, bashingiye ku muco wabo n'umurage wabo. Gusa iyo abantu bongeye kugenzura ibyabo kandi bagahindura gahunda zabo za demokarasi n'amategeko dushobora kubungabunga ubutunzi nubwinshi bwisi yacu nabayituye.

10 Ba Igice Cacu

Gutegura abantu benshi kugirango bahinduke Abundomy - aho twese dushobora kwishimira ubutunzi umubumbe wacu utanga - dukeneye ubufasha bwinshi. Inzira yoroshye yo kudufasha nukwirakwiza iki gitabo muburyo bwa digitale cyangwa kugicapura no kugisangira nabaturage bawe.

Korana natwe mugushiraho gahunda zikunze guha imbaraga abatishoboye bava mubaturage kugirango bigere kubwigenge bwamafaranga no kwigisha abaturage uburyo bwo guteza imbere isi aho gahunda yimari idakwiye.

10.1 Ubufatanye

Kugirango tubigereho, tugomba gufatanya nabaturage baho ahantu hamwe nabaterankunga ahandi, bikadushoboza gushyira mubikorwa gahunda zacu zuburezi. Kubwibyo, uzabona ko twegera impande zombi. Nubufatanye bukomeye, niko dushobora gukora akazi kacu.

10.2 Shyira Kumurongo

Ariko, ubufatanye ntibukwiye kugarukira kuri twe. Turashishikariza kandi abaturage gushiraho ubufatanye butaziguye hagati yabo no gusangira ubumenyi, ibikoresho byuburezi, ibikoresho, ninkuru zitsinzi. Ni ngombwa kuri twe kubona igitekerezo cyo kubaho mwisi yuzuye igenda yigenga. Kurupapuro rwabaturage rwurubuga rwacu, tuzagaragaza iterambere ryacu mugushyinga ubufatanye bushya mugihe kizaza.

10.3 Twandikire

Niba wifuza kuba umufatanyabikorwa w'ingirakamaro cyangwa gushaka abandi baturage bakorana, twandikire kuri: info@worldofabundance.org cyangwa jya kuri www.worldofabundance.org cyangwa jya kuri www.abundomy.com.

10.4 Tanga Impano

Nibyo, urashobora kandi kumfasha gukomeza uyu murimo no kuwutanga kubuntu kubantu bose. Inzira yoroshye yo kubikora ni "Kugura Ikawa" Inkunga yawe irashimirwa cyane!

11 Umwanzuro

Kugera aho nshobora kwandika igitabo cyuzuye kivuga inzira nziza igana ejo hazaza heza kubana banjye ntibyari byoroshye. Byantwaye imyaka igera ku munani kugirango ntabona gusa inzira yumvikana yo gushyiraho sisitemu yimari ikwiye rwose, ariko kandi nimyaka myinshi yo gushyiraho ingamba zifatika zo kubigeraho. Amaherezo, amaze kubyuka ku ya 23 Kanama 2025, ijamba "Abundom" ryatunguranye mu mutwe, kuko ibitekerezo byinshi bisa nkaho bidakorwa. Nahise menya ko iryo jambo rizahinduka umutwe w'iki gitabo.

Nagerageje gukora vuba bishoboka kugira ngo nshobore gusohora igitabo ku ya 11 Nzeri, nyuma yimyaka 24 nyuma y'amakuba yabereye i Twin Towers i New York. Kuri uyu muni niho natangiye gushakisha ukuri kubyerekeye "uko isi ikora". Nyuma yo gusoma iki gitabo, ushobora kumva ko iki cyago cyagize uruhare runini mugutsindira abakomunisiti. Nsubije amaso inyuma, byantwaye imyaka 16 yo gukora ubushakashatsi kubantu bitandukanye byakurikiyeho 9/11 uhereye impande zose mbere yuko menya ko puzzle itangiye guhura. icyo gihe, muri 2017, amaherezo naje kubona ko ntari nkeneye gukora ubushakashatsi bwinshi kuriyi ngingo, ahubwo nkeneye no gukora ubudacogora kugira ngo nsimbure sisitemu mbi turimo ubu. Ubu, nshimishijwe cyane no kuba narafashe icyemezo runaka kidahwitse. Ryari urugendo rururure, rutoroshye.

Mu mpera za 2017, natangiye kwandika igitabo kivuga ku ihungabana ry'abaturage na Afurika, narangije muri 2018. Nibwo bwa mbere nagerageje gushyiraho uburyo bwiza bw'imari no gusobanukirwa ibibera muri sosiyete. Kwandika igitabo biguhatira gukuramo inzira zose mubushakashatsi bwawe no gukora ibishoboka byose kugirango utegure sisitemu yimari nziza, nziza. Numvaga ko inzira yonyine nashoboraga gutobora iyi mbuto ari ukwandika iki gitabo cya mbere.

Igihe nabisohoraga, namaze kubona ko gucengeza kwanjye byari bikibangamira ibice bimwe, kandi ko intandaro yikibazo yari itaracukumburwa neza. Kubwibyo, nahisemo kutamamaza igitabo mubucuruzi. Haracyari byinshi byo kwiga no kunoza ibitekerezo byanjye. Ariko, ntabwo nacitse intege. Ahubwo, byampaye imbaraga zinyongera zo gucukumbura cyane, kuko nabonye ko atari ukuri gusa, ahubwo igisubizo cyari gitangiye kwigaragaza neza. Nasanze igisubizo cyoroshye kuruta uko nabitekerezaga, ambwira ko ngomba kuba munzira nziza, muburyo bwiza.

Hagati ya 2018 na 2024, nashizeho ibyerekezo bitatu bitandukanye byaje guhinduka 1CoinH. Namaraga umwanya munini nsobanura logique ya sisitemu yimari kurubuga kandi nkora ibizamini bitandukanye hamwe nabaturage. Ukuboza 2024, natangiye no kubona ko uburyo bwanjye bwo gufata ingamba zo gutangiza sisitemu bwari butari bwo. Byagaragaye ko guhuza amafaranga yimyitwarire n'ifaranga ryacu bidashoboka, kandi ko gukuraho umwenda byuzuye bishobora gukuraho akarengane gakorerwa abantu hafi ya bose kuri iyi si.

Ukuboza 2024, natangiye no kwandika ingingo kuri Substack. Ibice by'izo ngingo za Substack nabyo bikoreshewa muri iki gitabo. Mu ntangiriro za Nyakanga 2025, numvise narafashe ibice byingenzi byinkuru yanjye ya Substack, ariko nanone numvise ko ingingo zirenga 30 zitatanze incamake yuzuye kuriyi ngingo. Inzira imwe rukumbi yo kubigeraho kwari ukwandika igitabo cyuzuye, gukusanya no guhuza ibibazo byose nibisubizo bijyanye no gushinga umuryango utabera ukoresheje uburyo bubonye bwamafaranga. Hano rero!

Ubuntu

Kuberako nanjye nshyigikiye cyane kubushake ndetse nkanasaba gukuraho uburenganzira bwose muri societe yacu nshya, nta kundi nabigenza uretse gusohora igitabo kubuntu. Kubwibyo, ndakubaza nkubaza nti: "Ngurira igikombe cy'ikawa!" niba ubona igitabo gifite agaciro kandi ushaka kunshigikira. Byamfasha rwose guhindura igitabo mu ndimi nyinshi, nkemeza ko gikwirakwizwa neza, kandi ko verisiyo zavuguruwe nazo zitunganijwe neza.



SHAKA ITSINDA RYA WHATSAPP



SHAKA ITSINDA RYA TELEGRAM



Buy me a coffee

Nari mfite izindi mpamvu ebyiri zo gutuma igitabo ku buntu:

1. Ndashaka gusaba abantu bose kohereza kopi ya verisiyo ya PDF yiki gitabo, cyangwa kopi yimpapuro, kubantu bose uzi nabo bashishikajwe nimpamvu buriwese arwana nicyo dushobora kubikoraho. Abantu benshi barumva isi dutuye nicyo dushobora kubikoraho, nibyiza.
2. Impamvu ya kabiri yo gutanga igitabo kubuntu nuko nshaka kuyigira inyangirakose. Ibi bivuze ko nizeye ko yakira amakuru mashya. Kuberako ntashaka ko abantu bumva nabi kuba bafite verisiyo ishaje, buri verisiyo nshya nayo igomba kuba kubuntu.

Ibishya

Igihe cyose mpuye nibibazo mumishinga minini nkora mubikorwa byanjye bisanzwe, burigihe ngerageza gusimbuka neza kubisubiza bigaragara. Mumaze kubona igisubizo gikemura ikibazo, ubu nshobora gushakisha iterambere nta mpungenge. Kandi - nkuko mbizi - ibisubizo kubibazo binini, bigoye birashobora guhora binonosorwa. Nibyo rwose ndatekerezaga inzira hamwe niki gitabo n'ibitekerezo byatanzwe hano.

Noneho ko wowe na njye nzi ko byibuze hari igisubizo gifatika, dushobora kugera kukazi tugerageza gushakira iterambere.

Iki gitabo kizaba "inyandiko nzima." Muri buri verisiyo nshya (kandi nubuntu), uzasangamo raporo kumajyambere tumaze gutera. Uzasangamo kandi ibitekerezo bishya kugirango abaturage baho barushaho kwihanganira amahema yangiza umutungo wabantu bafite gahunda yubukungu yacu. Komeza rero ukurikirane kandi ukurikire kuri www.abundomy.com kugirango bigezweho.

Urashaka kwakira ibishya kuri iki gitabo cyangwa ufite ibitekerezo byo kunoza sisitemu yatanzwe hano? Nyamuneka ohereza imeri kuri: info@worldofabundance.org

Umusanzu wawe mugihe kizaza urashimirwa cyane.

Urakoze gufata umwanya wo gusoma igitabo cyanyje, kandi nizere ko tuzahura imbona nkubone!



Teun van Sambeek



IMYITWARIRE AMAFARANGA

Twabwiwe ko amafaranga atabogamye. Ibyo - igihe cyose ukorera cyane bihagije - urashobora kwita kumuryango wawe. Ko niba igihugu cyawe gikora cyane bihagije, igihugu cyawe kizabona iterambere ry'ubukungu. Ubwo bukungu nicyo twese dukora hamwe.

Turashutswe ...

Teun Van Sambeek (uwahimbye 1CoinH) aduha uko abona uburiganya bukomeye bwimyaka 2000 yimyaka 2000. Kubeshya ubu biza hejuru hanyuma ukore imiterere yisi yose. Turi mu ntambara yo mu mwuka. Intambara izahitamo vuba niba tuzaba imbata z'isi y'ubuke, cyangwa niba twe - byihuse - bizahita dufata ingamba zo kwigobotora ibya parasite dukwiye.

Soma ibi bishimishije, bidafite ishingiro isesengura ryubukungu nubu no kumenya ko ibintu byose bitazimiye - niba tubikemura neza.

REKA KWITOTOMBA

Soma uko biva muri ibi nibyo tugomba gukora mubyukuri!

Kure 1.3 | Ku ya 6 Ukwakira 2025